Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 2.

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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1866.

NO. 32.

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### The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning with the latest news by mail and telegraph up to midnight of Friday. A DAILY BULLETIN is issued every morning with all the Commercial and Financial news of the previous day up to the hour of publication.

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### THE GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

THE prevailing dullness of business is undisturbed and the only new features of immediate importance in Government finance are the satisfactory aspect of the monthly report of the public debt, and the appearance of a new financial measure in Congress. As to the public debt, the significant changes during the past month are an increase of \$1,102,940 in the gold certificates, which now amount to \$8,391,080; and an increase of \$17,498,645 56 in the temporary loan, the aggregate of which has swelled to \$114,-755,840 06. This sudden increase is due to the continued ease in money, and to the fact that, as we recently announced, the rate of interest on these call loans at the Sub-Treasury was reduced on Thursday the 1st instant, to five per cent. The amount deposited at the Sub-Treasury on Wednesday reached the unprecedented sum of \$3,138,000. If the money market continues as free from spasms and from any moderate activity as is anticipated, the probability is that even at 5 per cent. these call loans may continue to accumulate. The loan, and confers no new powers whatever for selling bonds

Clearing House certificates being payable on demand in legal tender, will probably be put down to 4 per cent. The rate of  $4\frac{1}{2}$  per cent has been proposed and is under consideration in Washington, but as yet Mr. McCulloch has come to no definite decision.

On Thursday Mr. Morrell from the Committee of Ways and Means reported the following new financial bill:

and Means reported the following new financial bill:

"That the act entitled 'An act to provide ways and means to support the government,' approved March 3, 1865, shall be extended and construed to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury, at his discretion, to receive any Treasury notes or other obligations issued under any act of Congress, whether bearing interest or not, in exchange for any description of bonds authorized by the act to which this is an amendment; and also to dispose of any description of bonds authorized by said act, either in the United States or elsewhere, to such an amount, in such manner and at such rates as he may think advisable, for lawful money of the United States, or for any Treasury notes, certificates of indebtedness, or certificates of deposit, or other representations of value which have been or may be issued under any act of Congress—the proceeds thereof to be used only for retiring Treasury notes or other obligations issued under any act of Congress—the proceeds thereof to be used only for retiring Treasury notes or other obligations issued under any act of Congress—the proceeds thereof to be used only for retiring Treasury notes or other obligations issued under any act of the public debt; provided that the bonds which may be disposed of elsewhere than in the United States may be made payable, both principal and interest, in the coin and currency of the country in which they are made payable, but shall not bear a rate of interest exceeding five per centum per annum; and provided, further, that the act to which this is an amendment shall continue in full force all its provisions, except as modified by this act."

It has been claimed that if this new measure does not become law the currency cannot be contracted, and this belief has had some influence in promoting speculation in produce, stocks and gold. But this is an obvious mistake. For by the act of 30th June, 1864, all our greenback currency can be gradually converted into compound interest notes as a preliminary step to funding them into long bonds. This will be seen from the following extract from the second section:

"Any treasury notes issued under the authority of this act may be made convertible, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, into any bonds issued under the authority of this act. And the Secretary of the Treasury may redeem and cause to be cancelled and destroyed any treasury notes or United States notes heretofore issued under authority of previous acts of Congress, and substitute, in lieu thereof, an equal amount of treasury notes such as are authorized by this act, or of other United States notes."

It will be seen that there is no restriction whatever to prevent the Secretary of the Treasury from converting, as slowly or as quickly as he is able, the entire mass of our greenbacks into compound three years' notes. And these notes, when lethargic and fat with interest, as they must soon become, can be, in their third year, funded without so serious a disturbance as always attends other methods of

The new bill introduced yesterday is said to go to the House without the special sanction of the Committee, inasmuch as it only adds to the power for negotiating a foreign

in the country. To show this we give below the essential part of the law of March 3, 1865, which enacts in section I That any Treasury notes or other obligations bearing interest, issued under any act of Congress, may, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, and with the consent of the holder, be converted into any description of bonds authorized by this act: and no bonds so authorized shall be considered a part of the amount of six hundred millions hereinbefore authorized. And in section 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury may dispose of any of the bonds or other obligations issued under this act, either in the United States or elsewhere, in such manner, and at such rates, and under such conditions as he may think advisable, for coin, or for other lawful money of the United States, or for any Treasury notes, certificates of indebtedness, or certificates of deposit, or other representatives of value, which have been or may be issued under any act of Congress.

### THE REVENUE COMMISSIONERS' REPORT.

WE give a considerable part of our space to-day to the Commissioners' report on the working of our new tax machinery. In some respects the document surpasses expectation. It is brief, practical, conservative, and free from many of the crude principles which, during the last three years, have had too wide currency both in and out of Congress. The preliminary report is a pamphlet of 76 pages, and is accompanied by a number of drafts of bills; and by special papers, one of which, by Mr. S. S. Hayes, advocates direct taxation; while the others are more practical and take up individual taxes, such as those on spirits, tea, coffee, sugar, petroleum, and cotton. Each of these essays will probably be hereafter reviewed in our columns, but we propose now to confine our attention to the general report and to discuss some of the important fiscal principles suggested.

It will be remembered that the chief questions submitted by Congress to the Commission were, first, what sources we should draw our public revenue from; and secondly, what are the most efficient methods of collecting that revenue. As to the sources of revenue or the proper subjects of taxation, it is well known that our present excise taxes are too numerous and too widely distributed. One of the fundamental axioms of taxation is that the articles charged with the burden should be few. It is on certain well selected points only that our national industry will bear the rude shock of taxation without suffering too severely. These points are to be sought out, that the fiscal pressure may be adjusted so as to rest chiefly on them. Instead of clogging each of its several wheels, the industrial machinery of the country is to be freed from friction as far as possible that it may the better perform its wealth-producing work. Now, we have heretofore shewn repeatedly that it is one of the distinguishing peculiarities of our internal revenue system that this great cardinal maxim has been more disregarded than probably in any other fiscal law that was ever passed in modern times. A majority of the articles on our tax list cannot, with advantage, be taxed at all. The proceeds of not a few of our ten thousand imposts do not even pay the expenses of collection. In other cases their inquisitorial character irritates and discourages the producing classes of our people checks the growth of their industry, and prevents the devel opment of public and private wealth. The most sensitive and most vulnerable parts of the body politic are exposed to injury, while those parts which could easily bear the pressure are comparatively exempt. " A bad tax," says Sismondi, " may soon do more harm to a nation than the most disastrous campaign." Now, it is not the least of the merits of the report before us that it clearly sets forth the evils of our more useful had they included the preparation of an accurate

diffuse, duplicated and reduplicating system of taxes, and favors the policy of sweeping those which can be proved most objectionable from the statute book.

Another important principle of taxation which the Commissioners seem to have kept before them, though we could have wished it had been more steadily and distinctly in view, is that no tax should be imposed which cannot be fully collected. Any impost which offers a fair chance of escaping payment is to be avoided. Unfortunately, while human nature is constituted as it is, the ingenious evasion of a tax, even by a process of fraud and falsehood, will be regarded by too many as a venial offence; and experience proves that when men find they can evade tax-paying they rarely fail to try. We need not go far to find instances where lying, trickery and even violence have been resorted to with a view to evade the assessment or baffle the scrutiny of the revenue officer. The moral corruption which is thus sown broadcast over the face of society must, in a republican country, be a very serious evil; for it is not possible for persons habitually to break the laws and rob the Government without contracting a moral taint which clings to them in other departments of life, perverts the standard of conscience, and saps the foundation of those public and pri vate virtues which are the bulwarks of free nations. 'In all places where contraband operations are common the moral state of the people is invariably low.

But the great point on which the Commissioners insist is that taxation should be simple. Our taxes ought to be few and attended by no element of uncertainty as to the application of the law to every man's liability. The amount due as well as the time and manner of payment should be well known both to the contributor and to every other citizen. The English excise laws which two centuries of alternate failure and effort have elaborated and simplified till they constitute perhaps the most perfect system in the world, are cited as an example which we shall do well to emulate. But in legislation, and most of all in tax legislation, we must adopt the spirit rather than the details of British, French or other foreign systems.

Economy of collection is another of the fundamental principles of taxation assumed in this revenue inquiry report. It must never be forgotten that taxes are paid by our people not only in money, but in loss of time, and in vexatious interruption of the work of productive industry. Hence those taxes are the best which cost the least to collect, impose the least loss of time on those who have to pay them, and require the least of inquisitorial supervision on the part of the assessors. On the other hand every new tax opens new avenues to corruption, and creates a new crime; while the forfeitures and penalties which are needful to enforce revenue claims may ruin industrious, ingenious persons and thus put an end for a time to the benefit the country might have derived from their capital and enterprise.

While we acknowledge the truth of these principles as laid down with less or more precision by the Revenue Commissioners, it must not be supposed that we accept all their conclusions or approve all their suggested changes. We object decisively to the giving to the informer, in revenue convictions one-half of the forfeited property; to the proposed diminution of the income tax in the case of persons who are the richest and the most able to pay, and to some other suggestions which are scarcely in accordance with sound policy or with the most enlightened views of the fiscal situation.

The great defect in the report in this point of view is that it makes few suggestions with a view to the equalization of taxes. The labors of the Commission would have been , and roved

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been urate statement of the comparative amount of Internal Revenue drawn in the past three years from the several States; and from the cities as distinguished from the rest of the country; with trustworthy estimates of the pressure of our taxes on the poor, on the rich, and on the middle classes of society. The truth is, however, that such committees of enquiry as this have their uses chiefly in the collecting of evidence, for which function their peripatetic character gives them some advantages. Hence we look with interest for the publication of the testimony which must have been collected during the past six months, and Congress, we hope, will cause it to be printed in full. If the inquiry is designed to help forward during this session the purposes for which it was appointed, so valuable a mass of evidence should be given to the public without delay.

### ANALYSES OF RAILROAD REPORTS. NO. 13.

NEW YORK AND NEW HAVEN RAILROAD.

The New York and New Haven, in connection with the New York and Harlem Railroad, forms the only outlet from New York City eastward. Using that portion of the New York and Harlem from the city to Williamsbridge Junction about 15 miles-

-it extends thence to the depot at New Haven	61.13 miles
To which must be added for tracks connecting the many tracks other roads coming into New Haven	1.12 "
Making the length of road owned by the company.  Second track and sidings.	62.25 miles 63.32 "
Total equivalent single track	126.07 miles

Of the line only 14.14 (double) miles are within the State of New York, the remainder, 48.11, (double and single) miles being in Connecticut. The company operate under lease the New Haven and Northampton Railroad, which hitherto has been operated at an annual loss, the amount of which has been paid from the earnings made by the New York and New Haven Railroad and, in the subjoined statements, appears as a charge against profits.

The New York and Harlem Railroad Company receive, for the use of their road between New York city and Williamsbridge Junction, a share of the receipts from passengers and freights carried over it, the rate being ascertained and fixed by agreement every succeeding fifth year.

As the main trunk, which receives all the lines from the east, this road has been a profitable line, and has always earned dividends. The losses on the Northampton lease, however, have on several occasions crippled the company's means, and eaten up what otherwise would have been divided to the stockholders. The company have also had to pay largely on account of the Norwalk Bridge accident, the total amount having been nearly \$400,000; and then again, the President and Transfer Agent in New York, in 1854, made an issue of fraudulent stock to the amount of \$2,100,000, for which the company has recently been adjudged liable and will pay by new issue of stock. Somewhat more than half the amount had been taken up by compromise at 50 per cent of par and paid for in stock before the judgment was pronounced. Still with all these drawbacks the earnings, if on the same proportionate scale as of the past few years, will be sufficient to pay moderate dividends on the capital when enlarged to \$5,000,000 as proposed.

### EQUIPMENT.

The equipment or rolling-stock owned by the company at the close of each of the last ten fiscal years (September 30), has been as follows .

nas occir as ionows.					
Fiscal	Loco-	-Ca	rs (rated	as 8 whee	(19
Year.	motives.	Pass.	Mail &c.	Frei'gt.	Tot'l
1856	. 26	74	18	329	421
1857	27	73	19	333	425
1858	. 29	72	19	349	440
1859	. 29	74	19	349	442
1860	. 29	74	19	349	442
1861	. 32	74	19	349	442
1862	. 32	74	20	349	443
1863	. 27	83	23	369	475
1864	. 31	83	23	414	520
1865	84	85	99	400	517

BUSINESS OF THE LINE.

The mileage of trains, the number and mileage of passengers, and the tonnage and mileage of freight have been as follows:

Fiscal	-Train M	lileage-	Pass	engers	F	eight-
Year.	Passenger.	Freight.	Number.	Mileage.	Tons.	Mileage.
1856	391.077	84.616	1.053.914	39.522.484	81.834	4.232.744
1857	379.330	94.453	1.027.152	38.295,851	86.391	4.470.747
1859	353.414	78.610	953.819	32,908,956	64.058	3.715.364
1859	357.292	83.389	1.003.074	35.644.895	85.383	4.233.430
1860	379.194	99.274	1.091.807	37.897.502	78.691	3.909.502
1861	395 040	76.413	1.014.686	35.201.978	51.824	2.573.925
1862	420.967	84.023	1.047.947	37.279.444	70.782	3.652.168
1863	433.256	101.721	1.271.970	45.729.465	79.177	4.354.292
1864	502.374	103.737	1.709.618	63.302.669	114.357	6.201.438
1865	525.529	103.680	1.885.574	70.137.863	107.818	6.200.750

The following specifies the quantity of each description of freight (tons), carried over the road in each of the last nine

Fiscal	Prod	ucts of-	Veg'ble	e Agri'ral	Manu-	Merchan	- Other	Total
Year.	Forest.	Animals.	Food.	Products.			Articles.	Tone.
1857	1.156	2.322	1.340	1.390	39.049	40.068	1:066	86.391
1858	890	2.058	1.384	882	31.426	26.476	942	64.058
1859		6.340	1.606	7.016	33.803	35.933	762	85.383
1860		5.862	1.547	6.475	30.785	32.962	677	78.691
1861		3.850	1.003	4.387	19.123	22.732		51.894
1862	304	5.283	1.393	5.987	26.096	31.079	640	70.782
1863	340	5.933	1.578	6.734	29,303	34.835	454	79.177
1864		8.572	2.287	9.716	42.310	50.214	685	114.357
1865		8.103	2.051	9.088	40.160	47.331	598	107.818

REVENUE ACCOUNTS.

The gross earnings, operating expenses and profits from transportation yearly for the ten years ending September 30, 1865, were as follows:

Fiscal		-Gross Es	arnings-		Operating	Profits or
Year.	Passenger.	Freight.	Other.	Total.	Expense.	Revenue.
1856	\$ 784,682	\$175,016	\$47,968	\$1,007,666	\$558,128	\$449,538
1857	804,268	196,529	56,358	1,057,155	575,553	481,602
1858		141,407	49,950	836,612	532,478	304,134
1859		187,919	54,892	992,404	550,459	441,945
1860		186,540	63,046	1,049,768	549,275	500,493
1861	726,287	129,389	64,479	920,155	544,439	375,716
	756,925	165,805	72,521	995,251	541,381	453,870
1868	1,030,434	187,804	80,351	1,298,589	609,265	689, 324
1864	1,481,038	275,749	83,647	1,840,434	904,887	935,547
1985	1 795 184	316 835	99 878	9 141 897	1.544.791	407 176

The profits as above were distributed as shown in the following statement:

	Fiscal	HarlemRR share of	Loss on N H and	Interest	Other pay-	Dividends	Carried	Surplus
١	Year.	receipts.	NRR.	Bonds.	ments.	Stock.	surplus.	Sept 30.
	1856		\$21,506	\$131,708	\$6,371	\$	\$206,534	\$206,534
	1857	84,631	26,000	172,573	27,858	90,000	80,539	287,073
	1858		23,000	142,640	8,062		45,407	342,480
	1859		32,882	142,585		90,000	98,717	436,197
	1860		16,291	145,195	*****	******	251,056	687,253
•	1861		43,499	129,448		180,000	******	615,465
	1862		23,842	125,820	*****	180,000	26,256	641,721
	1863		19,629	129,120		360,000	67,828	709,549
	1864		21,716	129,120	*****	412,884	227,684	. 937,283
	1865		42,076	129,120		253,425		922,134

GENERAL ACCOUNTS.

The financial condition of the company at the close of each fiscal year 1856-1865 both inclusive is shown in the fol lowing statement:

First	Stock	Funded	Floating	Surplus	Total
Year.	paid in.	Debt.	Debt.	Fund.	Amount.
1856	\$2,980,839	\$2,159,500	\$4,037	\$206,534	\$5,350,910
1867	2,980,839	2,159,500	163,740	287,073	5,591,152
1858	2,980,839	2,163,500	30,551	342,480	5,517,370
1859	2,980,839	2,163,500	21,122	436,197	5,601,658
1860	2,980,839	2,104,000	19,889	687,253	5,791,981
1861	2,980,839	1,890,000	22,639	615,465	5,508,943
1862		2,000,000	69,136	641,721	5,691,696
1863	2,980,839	2,000,000	121,223	709,721	5,811,783
1864	3,597,539	2,000,000	125,622	937,233	6,660,394
1865	3,600,439	2,000,000	125,622	922,134	6,648,195

Against which are charged as follows viz .

		CONSTRUCTIO	N ACCOUNT-		Cash and
Fiscal		Equipm'nt o		Total	other
Year.	& Equipment	. N.H.&N.R	R. Fraud.	Charged.	aspets.
1856	\$4,952,769	\$80,619	\$137,528	\$5,170,916	\$179,994
1857	5,040,085	80,619	137,528	5,258,232	332,920
1858		80,619	137,528	5,324,527	192,843
1859	5,112,339	80,619	137,528	5,330,486	271,172
1860	5,166,137	80,619	137,528	5,384,284	407,697
1861	5,201,360	80,619	137,528	5,419,507	89,436
1862	5,201,378	80,619	137,528	5,419,525	272,171
1863		80,619	137,528	5,451,989	359,844
1864		80,619	754,228	6,192,520	567,874
1865	5,477,485	80,619	757.128	6,315,232	332,963

The funded debt of the company, amounting to \$2,000,000 as above, consists of two series of bonds, viz.:

6 per cent mortgage bonds—interest April & Oct.—due Oct. 1, 1875...\$1,088,000 7 per cent plain bonds "June & Dec.—due Dec. 1, 1866... \$912,000

The mortgage bonds are dated Oct. 1, 1855, and may be issued to the extent of \$3,000,000. The 7 per cent plain bonds were issued at various dates in 1852, 1853 and 1854.

The capital stock authorized by the company's charter was \$2,000,000 with authority to increase it to \$3,000,000. Under this authority the original amount of \$2,000,000 was increased by vote of the stockholders November 10, 1846 to \$2,500,000 and again by similar vote, August 13, 1851, to

\$3,000,000. The whole was subscribed but only \$2,980,839 paid in. The further increase to \$5,000,000 was authorized by special act of the legislature of Connecticut for the purpose of paying off the claims of the holders of the fraududulent stocks issued by Schuyler.

The Company include the Schuyler Fraud losses in the construction account. The first \$137,528 is covered up among "contingent expenses."

#### DEDUCTIONS.

The following table shows the cost of road and equipment per mile, the earnings, expenses and profits per mile, the relation of earnings and expenses and the rate of dividend paid in each of the ten years 1856-1865 both inclusive:

	Cost of road.	AM	OUNT PER	MILE-	Exp.to	Prof.to	Divi'd
Fiscal	& equipment			Revenue			of paid
Year.	per mile.	earn'gs.		s. Profits.	per ct.		yearly.
1856	\$79,244	\$16,122	\$10,696	\$5,426	66.34	6.84	nil.
1857	80,653	16,914	10,562	6,352	62.44	7.87	8
1858		13,385	9,720	3,665	72.62	4.48	nil.
1859	81,797	16,078	10,131	5,947	63.01	7.27	3
1860	82,668	16,795	10,195	6,600	60.77	8.02	nil.
1861	83,221	14,722	10,232	3,490	69.50	4.19	6
1862	83,221	15,923	10,229	5,694	64.24	6.84	6
1868	83,741	20,777	11,552	9,225	55.60	11.02	12
1864	85,723	29,446	16,784	12,662	57.00	14.77	12
1865	87,640	34,270	24,715	9,755	72.12	11.13	7

In the last table the amounts paid to New York and Harlem Railroad Company have been considered as part of the operating expenses. In the "revenue accounts" previously given the form used by the company is adopted, and the payments considered as dividend on the capital invested in the portion of the road over which the New Haven trains are passed. The losses on the Northampton lease are against the company's profits, and not against the earnings of this road, and hence are not included as expenses.

#### FOOD AND ITS ADULTERATIONS.

High prices for food lead to the introduction of injurious substitutes and adulteration. At the present time an unusual number of articles of food in daily use are badly adulterated. Common scandal for years has assigned to the milk vended from the wagons a reputation by no means creditable to the salesman. Whiting, flour, water and many other things have been found to constitute the ingredients of the product which confiding persons have supposed to be elaborated by the mammary glands of the cow. Cream is a mythical affair altogether.

Butter has also been found to be extensively adulterated in England. About fifteen years ago the owners of the Lon. don Lancet employed Arthur Hill, Hassal, and others, to investigate the matter of the adulteration of food, and published the results of their experiments in a series of papers. The scales and test-tubes were employed in the endeavors to determine the quality and ingredients of the various staple articles employed in diet by the inhabitants of the British metropolis.' Doctor Hassall afterward embodied the results of his labors in a volume, which is declared to be a very cyclopædia of dishonesty. No less than forty-eight samples of butter were examined by these investigators, and their They ascertained discoveries were recorded at full length. that about one-fifth of the whole weight consisted of salt and water, the water having been stirred up with the butter rendered half fluid by heating. Potatoe flour was also detected.

The adulteration of coffee is more notorious. Chiccory and dandelion are commonly mingled with it; and, indeed, peas, barley, sweet corn, wheat, are substituted in its place. Even the chiccory itself is too valuable to escape analogous treat ment. Doctor Hassal and his associates examined thirty-four samples of the prepared sort, and found carrot, parsnip, beet, beans, acorns, roasted corn, biscuit-powder, and burnt sugar.

These gentlemen examined forty-two specimens of coffee, finding thirty-one to be adulterated purely with chiccory; twelve chiccory and roasted eorn; one with beans and one

with potatoe flour. A packet of "Jamaica coffee" was found to be composed almost entirely of chiccory; the "finest Java coffee" consisted of half coffee, much roasted corn, and a little chiccory; "superb coffee" was principally chiccory and roasted corn; "fine Plantation Ceylon" was almost entirely chiccory; " fine Java" was heavily charged with chiccory and potatoe; "delicious drinking coffee" was chiccory and roasted corn. The more imposing the name, the grosser the counterfeit appears to have been. We remember some months since to have been presented with a sample of made coffee, the flavor of which greatly resembled that of charred wool, and its effect upon the stomach was anything but agreeable. Indeed, in this country as well as elsewhere, there are but two certain plans to follow to obtain real coffee: to witness the grinding of it, or to purchase it whole and grind it at home. Nevertheless, there are honest coffee merchants occasionally.

The same remark applies with equal justice to the trickery played upon tea. The Chinese adulterate it themselves before selling it to the "outside barbarians" by mixing it with ash or palm leaves. The English are largely in the practice of gathering the "grounds" or exhausted leaves, mixing them with a solution of gum and drying them; after which by adding rose-pink and black lead to "face" them, they are made into black tea, and by using copperas, they have green tea. The leaves of the beach, elm, chestnut, plane, oak, willow, poplar, hawthorne, sumach, holly, sloe, are used more or less in the work of adulteration. Black tea, however, does not appear to suffer much in reputation in this manner; but of green teas this cannot be said. Of course, it is not necessary to remark that the difference between genuine green and black teas consists in the peculiar manipulations given them by the Chinese.

Chocolate has also become notorious by reason of its adulterations. Flour appears to be the principal ingredient employed for this purpose; starch, sugar, cocoa-nut oil, lard, tallow, sweet ochre, and chalk, have also been used. The very mode of preparing it affords facilities which the dishonest could not leave alone. The proclivity is unfortunate, for the beverage is cheaper and more wholesome than its rivals.

The corruptions of sugar are less numerous, and are confined principally to confectionery. Gamboge, starch, flour, pipeclay, plaster of Paris, chalk, and even copper, lead, and mercury, are used in the preparation of cheap candies.

Wheat flour is generally sold in this country in a pure condition, owing to its cheapness. But in England, it has been found upon analysis to yield such queer constituents as white corn meal, potatoe flour, plaster of Paris, ground bones, chalk, rye, bean, pea, and rice flour. Bread, however, is badly adulterated. There is some reason for our people to adopt the suggestion of the French tiger Marat, and hang up the bakers at their own doors. The bread which they serve becomes thoroughly unpalatable when but a few hoursold, owing to the improper ingredients employed in its preparation. Alum, either pure or mixed with salt, is a familiar article in the manufacture, making inferior flour white, and enabling it to absorb a larger quantity of water.

The remedy for these evils is an important topic for consideration. Legislation has often been proposed, but we cannot quite agree with those who regard it as the panacea of human ills. Indeed, it is hardly possible to establish in any large community, like Boston, New York, or Philadelphia, a system by which unwholesome or adulterated articles would be excluded from the markets. Besides, we are a people jealous of much governing. We prefer to be cheated in the weight or quality of our bread, the quantity of our berries, the constituents of our milk, or even in the ingredients which constitute our coffee or wine, to the alternative

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of an espionage into our habits and employment. The surveillance which in many European countries exposes every man's most trivial acts to the cognizance of government, would be resented by us as an unpardonable outrage on personal rights. We prefer to take our chances with the petty knaveries of our neighbors, to hourly contact with the informer, the policeman, or the magistrate.

We are of opinion that the best method of protection against the practice of adulterating the different articles of food is to insure its cheapness. Only when prices are high is there liability of tampering with spurious ingredients. By no means should government lay its imports and excises upon the necessaries of life, exposing its citizens to such frauds, and to the evils of artificial famine. The cheapness of food is also of the utmost importance to the public health. Mr. Farr, the Registrar General of England, reviewing the tables of mortality of London from 1602 till 1800, ascertained that in ninety-eight years when provisions were relatively cheap, the number of deaths was less than in ninety-eight years when the prices were higher; thus demonstrating the existence of the law. Mr. Stow speaks of two bad seasons in succession, 1392 and 1393, when the poorer inhabitants of that city sickened from their endeavors to subsist on apples and nuts for want of better food; showing that cheapness of food is essential to the public health. If the East Indian pestilence scourges our cities during the present year, as has been apprehended, those of the population will suffer worst from it, who have not the means or opportunity to procure wholesome food in ample quantities. The enhancement of prices, whether by the transaction of speculators or by taxation, operates directly to disseminate epidemic sickness, and aggravate its violence. The experience of all countries shows this. It is dangerous to tamper with the prices of food; and of little utility, when such indiscreetness has invited adulteration, to hope to correct the mischief by penalties. Cheap bread is essential to the safety of a people.

### THE UNITED STATES DEBT.

We give below the statement of the public debt, prepared from the reports of the Secretary of the Treasury, for November, 1865, January 1, and February 1, 1866:

			DEBT	BEARING !	INTEREST IN C	OIN.	
		Denomina	tions.		Novem, 30.	Jan. 1, 1866.	Feb. 1.
6 r	er ce	nt, due Decen		. 1867	\$9,415,250	\$9,415,250	\$9,415,250
6	do	July 1, 186			8,908,342	8,908,342	8,908,341
5	do	January 1,			20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
5	do	January 1			7,022,000	7,022,000	7,022,000
6	do	December			18,415,000	18,415,000	18,415,000
6	do	June 30, 18	281	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	50,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000
6	do	June 30, 18	St ove	'd for 7 20a	139,252,450	139,230,800	139,233,250
6	do	May 1, 186	7-89 (5	90 vears)	514,780,500	514,780,500	514,780,500
6	do	Nov 1 18	270_95 (	5 90 vears)	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000
6	do	Nov 1 18	70.84 (5	5.20 years) .20 years)	50,590,800	50,590,300	50,590.800
6	do	March 1, 1	274_100	M (10 40a)	172,770,100	172,770,100	172,769,100
6	do	July 1, '81			1,016,000	1,016,000	1,016,000
6	do	June 30, 18	81		75,000,000	75,000,000	75,000,000
Ag	greg				\$1,167,169,942		\$1,167,149,742
		DEB	T BEAF	ING INTER	EST IN LAWFU		
41	er ce	nt Temporary	Loan (	10 days')	\$612,228		
		· ·	,	notice.	21,644,711	\$97,257,195	114.755,840
6	do	d d			67,266,168		
6	do	Certificates (	one ye	ar)	55,921,000	60,667,000	60,637,000
8	do	One and two	-years'	notes	32,536,901	8,536,900	8,536,900
6	do	Three years' Thirty-year l	com. i	nt. notes Central Pa-	167,012,141	180,012,141	180,012,141
4			ci	fic R.)	1,898,000	2,362,000	2,362,000
6	do	do	(Un	ion Pacific	2,000,000	~,000,000	2,000,000
	-		R.	R., E. Div.	640,000	640,000	992,000
7.2	ob 0	Three years	treas	nry notes	020,000	0.00,000	000,000
				1st series	300,000,000	300,000,000	800,000,000
7.3	ob 0	do	do		300,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000
7.3	0 do	do		3d series	230,000,000	230,000,000	230,000,000
Ac	preg	of debt bearin	o lawf	almon int	\$1,177,581,149	91 170 47K 096	91 107 00° 001
					TEREST HAS C		<b>61,101,200,001</b>
7 5	ner Os	cent Three-y			\$260,500		****
	- Pu	lo Texas I	ndemn	ity Bonds.		\$240,000	\$233,500
OF		onds and note	e commo	ity Donus.	726,000	726,000	665,000
-	mer b	onds and note			200,980	200,880	200,830
Ag		ate of debt o		ch interest			
	has	ceased			\$1,187,480	\$1,163,880	\$1,099,330
		O	DF	BT BEARIN	G NO INTERES		
UI	nted	States Notes			\$398,581,194		\$400,000,000
	d	o do (i		mp. of the		\$426,231,390	23,902,223
_			temp	loan)	28,160,202		
Fr	actio	nal currency.			26,108,197	26,000,420	26,553,244
Cu	rren	y			\$460,047,033	\$459,519,950	\$450,455,467
Go	old ce	rtificates of d	eposit.		7,200,440	7,288,140	8,391,080
UI	calle	d for pay requ	isition	8	509,281	1,220,006	
					000,001	1,220,000	*******
4 ~	~~~	to of John bon			A 100 PPO 001		

Amount in Treasury— Coin Currency	\$47,294,379 44,587,141	\$45,735,551 44,998,271	\$51,443,162 56,050,186
Total in Treasury	\$91,811,520	\$00,728,822	\$107,493,348
RECAPIT	TULATION.		
Debt bearing interest in coin	1,167,169,942 1,177,531,149 1,187,480 460,047,033 509,231	\$1,167,148,292 1,179,475,230 1,166,880 459,519,950	1,197,295,881 1,373,920
Aggregate debts of all kinds	\$2,806,444,835 91,811,520	\$2,807,310,858 90,728,822	\$2,824,391,500 107,493,348
ANNUAL INTEREST	PAYABLE ON	DEBT.	
Payable in gold	\$68,032,275 70,864,680	\$68,030,976 70,186,131	
Aggregate amount of int. payable an. not including int. on the 3 years' comp. int. notes, which is payable only at maturity.	\$138,896,955	\$188,217,107	\$
LEGAL TENDER NO	TES IN CIRCU	LATION.	
One and two years' 5 per cent notes United States notes (currency) Thres years' 6 per ct comp. int. notes	\$32,536,901 426,741,396 167,012,141	\$8,536,900 426,231,390 180,012,141	\$8,536,900 423,902,223 180,012,141
Aggregate legal tender notes in circu.	\$626,290,438	\$614,780,431	\$612,451,264

### Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

[From our own Correspondent.]

London, Saturday, Jan. 13, 1866. Financially and commercially, the peculiar features of the present week are threefold, viz: the influence of the high rate of money in contracting the operations of the mercantile world; secondly, the effect of the less extensive transactions of merchants on the price demanded for money; and, thirdly, the confidence gained by the country at large by the tendency to ease in the money market and the more favorable statement published by the Directors of the Bank of England. That under the present high rate for money, and since the period when the minimum quotation at the Bank was advanced to its present point, the trade of the country has fallen off considerably, is plainly evident, but at the same time it is quite certain there are no signs of depression in any department. In fact, as far as extent of trade is concerned, the immediate future can only be viewed in the most favorable light; the opinions I hear entertained in every business quarter being to the effect that orders for goods and materials are only held in check by the present price of money in the discount market. A reduction in the rate of discount (should such an event take place) would lead to a considerable revival of trade, and as prices are now by no means depressed, the limited fall which several articles have undergone during the last ten days would rapidly be recovered. This decline in trade, and the payment of the interest on our National and Indian Debts, by which nearly four millions sterling has been released, and which has enabled borrowers to repay advances made to them by the Bank, have produced less stringency in the money market, and the quotations in the open market are now one-quarter per cent below those of the Bank of England; indeed, certain descriptions of paper are negotiated as low as  $7\frac{1}{3}$ , but the more general rate is  $7\frac{3}{4}$  per cent. The following are the quotations in the open market, the official minimum being 8 per cent :

71/4@71/2 per cent. 71/4@71/2 " 71/4@71/2 " 71/4@8 " 71/4@81/3 "

The return of the Bank of England is looked upon in a favorable light, and taking into consideration the payment of the dividends, and the withdrawal of several parcels of gold for export to Egypt and Brazil, the decline in the stock of bullion is less than might have been anticipated. The item, however, which has given most confidence at the present moment is the increase in other securities, being a considerable portion of the dividends left undisposed of after the repayment £2,400,000 of advances. The Bank of France return is again very unsatisfactory, the supply of bullion having fallen off to the extent of £800,000, while there is an increase £680,000 in bills discounted. The great difference-three per cent-between the rate for money here and at Paris leaves a margin of profit in the transmission of gold from Paris to London, and, therefore, so long as the French and English rates remain as at present, money will be transmitted to the quarter in which the rate of profit is greater. The money markets throughout the Continent continue firm, but during the current week no material changes have taken place in the quotations. The rates now ruling at the chief cities are as under:

National Securities during the week have, for the most part, been Aggregate of debt bearing no interest. \$460,556,264 \$450,519,850 \$458,546,547 very dull, and at one period the quotations were one quarter per cent

below those current at the close of business on Saturday last. As the discount houses now allow 51 per cent for money deposited with them at call, 61 per cent if with seven, and 7 per cent if with fourteen days' notice of withdrawal, it is quite impossible that the public will at the sent moment make investments in securities which only pay about 31 per cent per annum; hence one cause of the continuous fall in the value of Consols. In foreign securities (apart from American) the principal change has been in Mexican, which, owing to various rumors from New York respecting the Mexican Empire, fell as low as 214, but the market has since recovered to some extent. The new Argentine loan has commanded very little attention. The following table shows the prices of some of the chief home and foreign securities each day during the week :

	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Sat.
Consols	86%	86%	87	8634	871/	87
Mexican	223/8	221/8	2134	221/8	221/4	22
1864		20%	20	*		1934
Peruvian 5, 1855			69%			68%
Turkish 6, 1854	88%	.88%	885	8834	881/2	89
" 1858	68%	68%	6858	69	683	6934
1862	6734	67%	68	67%	68	6734
1803	::	::	::	::	11	
D. 1000		41%	41%	42	42	39% xd
Alliance Bank	29	29	2816	283/8		
Brazilian and Portuguese	9	1 dis.		1 dis.		1% ds
British North America	47	46%	47	. 45	46	46
London of Mexico, &c			1314	14	11/6 ds	13
London and Brazilian,		2 pr.	1% pr	1 pr.	1 pr,	1 pr.
Union of London	53%	54	53%	53	5216	52

The Directors of the Union Bank of London have declared a dividend at the rate of 20, and the London and Brazilian Bank of 15 per cent per annum.

American securities have ruled firm: United States 5-20 bonds have been freely dealt and prices have improved to a fair extent. Most other descriptions have fully supported previous quotations. The following are the prices of the week:

	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
United States 5-20's, 1882do do 1881		64%	64%	64%	64%	65%
do 5 per cent, 1874 Preferred 5 per cent	50	50	50	50	50	50
do 6 per cent	41	41	41	41	41	41
Atlantic and Great Western, New York		41	34	41	37	47
section, 1st mortgage, 1880	78	78	79	77	77	77
section, 2d mortgage 1881	77	77	74	76	76	76
- Pennsylvania, 1st mortgage 1877	81	81	79	80	80	80
— do 2d mortgage 1882	74	74	74	74	74	74
Erie shares, \$100, all paid	56%	551/6	56	56	56%	5736
Scrip	⅓ pr.	16 pr.	1 pr.	3% pr.		1/2 pr.
Illinois Central, 1875		81	80	80	81	81
— 7 per cent	70	70	68	65	68	68
— \$100, all paid	76%	75%	75%	75%	75%	76%
Marietta and Cincinnati	73	73	73	73	73	73
Panama, 2d mortgage, 1872		102	102	102	102	102
Pennsylvania Raiiroad bonds, 1st mort-						
gage 2d mortgage	85	85	85	85	85	85
\$50 shares	34%	34	34	34	40	40
Philadelphia and Erie, 1st mortgage 1881, guaranteed by Pennsylvania						
Railroad	75	75	75	75	75	75

crease in the value of money at the commencement of September and the continuance of high rates for accommodation up to the close of the year. The estimate I have placed against the month of December last is necessarily approximate, and is certainly under rather than above the mark. The statement is as follows:

DECLARED VALUE OF THE EXPORTS OF BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE TO

Seven months ending July 31 £ Month of August	1863. 8,382,960 1,004,948 1,104,438 1,354,693	1864. £13,408,775 735,803 698,178 560,261	1865. £ 7,846,861 1.636,223 2,850,242 2,511,378
Month of November	1,661,848	£15,403,017 570,014 731,049	£24,844,704 2,583,399 *2,000,000
Total£	15,351,626	£16,704,080	£19,428,107

\* Estimated.

The value of our exports of British and Irish produce to America last year was, therefore, between three and four millions greater than in 1864; but, on the other hand, our imports of American cotton at Liverpool have been augmented to the extent of 250,000 bales, which, at £30 per bale, would be worth £7,500,000. Assuming, however, that the estimate of £30 per bale is excessive, from the fact that a large proportion of the American cotton now received is in damaged condition, there is still a sufficient increase in the value of cotton imported from, to accent for the augmented value of the various articles of British produce and manufacture exported to, America in the course of last year. But, nevertheless, it is quite necessary that the greatest caution should be exercised, both here and in the United States, as far as commerce between the two countries is c necrned, and it will be well if prices keep at such a point, that speculators will have but little opportunity for effecting large transactions, because of the improbability of these yielding a return of profit commensurate with the risk incurred. In order to show the great extent of our trade with America during the closing three months of 1865, I have compiled the following table from the Board of Trade returns, showing the exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures in each of those months, and in noticing the totals from it, it will be important to remember that the trade in these articles during the preceding eight months was only valued at eight millions sterling:

EXPORTS OF BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE TO THE UNITED STATES DURING THE

-				
				Nov.
£51,723	£63,274			£5,636
5,791	9,418	Lead, pig31.586	44,002	24,968
9,298		Tin plate 126,609	103,022	90,942
443,942	641,712	Oil seed 19,594	21,348	10,749
29,715	35,337	Salt	11,576	12,710
46,800			7,970	8,994
99,899	114.045	Hankfs37	72	1,503
			11.711	2,035
17,774	27,465		,,	
14,400	10,772	of silk13,070	8,643	11,362
		Manufs mixd		,-
42,197	70.332	with other		
430,583	535, 162	materials9,601	4.469	6,447
15,490	14,593			3,668
		Wool		7,728
30,689	39,621	Wollen cloth of		.,
			43.842	85,883
	55,010	Carpets 48 302		77,752
				4,198
	22,079	Stuffs. &c 709.748		391,298
			2004121	003,000
35,981			9 096 900	9 865 500
	Oct. £51,723 5,701 9,298 443,942 29,715 46,800 99,899 17,774 14,409 42,197 430,553 15,490 30,689 24,266 34,455 311 13,043	Oct. Nov	Oct.	551,733 £693,274 Cop'r, wro't£2,436 £8,973 9,288 9,960 Tin plate .126,609 103,022 428,915 35,337 Salt13,495 11,576 46,890 \$14,025 Silt13,495 11,576 99,899 114,045 Silt13,495 11,576 11,7774 27,465 Other articles of the artic

### COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Course of Gold, January, 1866.—The year opened with gold at 1445, gradually declining during the first week to the neighborhood of 140, and on the 9th dipping to 1363; the fluctuations have since then been very small, the range for the last two-thirds of the month not having exceeded 34, vibrating in the meanwhile from 1411 to 1374, and closing on the 31st at 1394. The total range of the month was between the prices of the 2d and those of the 9th a difference of 73. The following table, constructed from the Gold Exchange Lists, shows the daily fluctuations for the month :

Date.	Openi'g	High'st.	Lowest.	Closing.	Date.	Openi'g	High'st.	Lowest.	Closing.
Monday 1					Saturday20	13834	1391	138%	138%
Tuesday 2	1445%	14456	14414	14436	Sunday 21				
Wednesday 3	14414	14416	143%	143%	Monday22				
Thursday 4	1431	14314	14216	143	Tuesday 23	138%	139%	138%	139%
Friday 5	1425%	143%	1425%	143%	Wednesday 24				
Saturday 6	142%	143	141%	14174	Thursday25	13914	139%	13914	139%
Sunday 7					Friday26				
Monday 8	14114	14114	139%	139%	Saturday 27	13916	139%	139%	139%
Tuesday 9	1381/8	13918	13634	138%	Sanday 28				
Wednesday 10	139	1393%	1381	1393	Monday29	139%	140%	139%	140
Thursday 11					Tuesday 30	141	1411/8	140%	140%
Friday 12					Wednesday 31	140%	1411/4	139%	139%
Saturday13	139%	139%	139	139%	DESCRIPTION OF				
Sunday 14					January, 1866				
Monday15	139%	139 %	139%	139%	" 1865				
Tuesday 16				139 %	" 1864				
Wednesday17					" 1863	133%	160%	133%	160%
Thursday18					" 1862	par	10334	par	103%
Friday19	138%	138%	137%	138%			1	1	

The uncertainty as to the action of Congress in relation to the currency, and the recent rise in the minimum of the Bank of England have had a tendency not only to maintain the prices but to foster an advance in rates. This is especially observable in the last half of the month.

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SODUCE TO

1865. £ 7,846,861 1.636,223 2,850,242 2,511,378

£24,844,704 2,583,399 \*2,000,000 219,428,107

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a return the great onths of rade re-panufac-t, it will ing the

ING THE Nov. £5,636 24,968 90,942 10,749 12,710 8,994 1,503 2,035

6,447 3,668 7,728 85,883 77,752 4,198 391,298 ,583.399

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Closing. 138% 138¾ 139¾ 139¼ 139¼ 139¼ 139¼

140 140% 139% 139¾ 210¾ 157 160¼ 103¾

the ingtto last

The following table shows the highest and lowest prices of gold in this market for each month of the years 1862-65, both inclusive :

Months.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
January	100 @103%	133%@160%	151%@159%	1971 @234%
February	1021/201043/	152%@172%	157%@161	196%@216%
March	1011/201021/2	139 @171%	159 @169%	148%@201
April	101%@102%	145%@157%	1661/201843/	143%@154%
May	1021/4@1041/4	143%@154%	168 @190	128%@145%
June	103%@109%	140%@148%	193 @250	135%@147%
July	108%@120%	123%@145	222 @285	138%@146%
August	112%@116%	1221/01293/	231 1/20 261 1/4	140% @145%
September	1161/20124	126%@143%	191 @254%	142%@145
October	122 @133%	140%@156%	189 @22734	1441/@149
November	129 @13334	143 @154	210 @260	145%@148%
December	128%@134	148%@152%	212%@243%	144%@148%
Year	100 @134	1221/01721/	15114@285	128%@234%

COURSE OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE, JANUARY, 1866 .- The following statement shows the daily fluctuations of foreign exchange on London, Paris, Amsterdam, Bremen, Hamburg, and Berlin at New York for the month of January, 1866:

Days	London. cts for 54d.	centimes for \$.	Amsterdam, cts for florin.	Bremen. cents for rix \$.	Hamburg. cents for M. banco.	Berlin. cents for thaler.
1		(New Ye	ar's Day-A	Legal Holid	ay.)	
2	109 @10914	520 @5161		794@79%	3614@36%	71%@71%
3	109 @10914	F20 @516%		79%@79%	3614@36%	71%@71%
4	109 @109%	520 @516%		79 @79%	3614@3614	71%@71%
5	109 @10934	520 @516%		79 @79%	36% @36%	71%@71%
6	109 @10914	520 @5163		79 @79%	36% @36%	71%@71%
7	200 @-00/4	0.40	20/8/03/07/8	10 010/4		***
8	109 @10934	520 @515%	405/6@407/8	78%@79%	36%@36%	71%@71%
9	109 @109%	520 @515	4034@41	78% @ 79%	361/4@361/4	71%@71%
10	109 @109%	520 @515	4034@41	78% @79%	36%@36%	71%@71%
11	108%@109	521%@517%		78%@79	36 @36%	71 @71%
12 .	108%@109	520 @5161		78%@79%	36%@36%	71%@71%
13.	10834@109	520 @5161		78%@79%	361/2 @361/2	71%@71%
14	100/4(0):00	0000,4	10/4/011			
15	108%@108%	520 @5173	40%@40%	78%@79%	361/4@363/4	71%@71%
16	1083/4@109	520 @5161		78%@79%	36%@36%	71407 %
17	108% @109	520 @5161		78% @79%	36%@36%	7140714
18	108%@108%	5211/05171		78%@79%	36 @3614	714@71%
19	108%@108%	522%@517%		78%@79	36 @36%	71 @71%
20	108%@108%	522%@517%		78%@79	36 @363/	71 @71%
21		Own/A GOIT!	100 10		0/-	11 (01178
22	108%@108%	521 1/0 5183	40%@40%	78%@79	36 @36%	71 @71%
23	1083/601083/	5221/4 @ 5183/		78%@79	36 @3614	71 @71%
24	108%@108%	5221/205187		78%@79	36 @3614	71 @71%
25	108%@108%	5221/205183		784@79	26 @3614	71 @71%
26	108%@108%	522%@517%		78%@78%	36 @36%	71 @71%
27						
	108%@108%	522%@517%	40%@40%	7814@7814	36 @36%	71 @71%
28	1001/@1001/	520 @5173	40%@40%	701/0703/	90 (2001/	mi Omii
29	108%@108%			784@784	36 @3614	71 @71%
30	108 @1081	523%@518%		78 @78%	36 @3614	71 @71%
31	108 @1081/4	523%@518%	40%@40%	78 @78%	36 @36%	71 @71%
Mth	108 @10914	523%@515	401/4@41	78 @79%	36 @36%	71 @71%
	-		. ~		-	

Assistant Treasurer's Statement for January .- We are indebted to the Cashier of the Office of the Assistant Treasurer, for the following statement of the business of the month of January: RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

Balance January Receipts during	y 1, 1866	th.			\$55,517,300	95
On account of a	ng the mon	itii.		\$12,469,865 29		
On account of c	Loops			18,756,359 06		
				10, 100, 309 00		
			nent			
do	Transfers			2,259,500 00		
do	Coin certifi	cates		12,014,620 00		
do	Patent fees			2,965 30		
do	Miscellaneo	ous		11,721,852 50-	- 57,934,479	03
Demonstration	day the month	máh .			\$113,451,779	98
Payments du	ring the mo	mun:				
Post-office draft	8			\$30,292,565 39 607,571 23-	- 39,900,136	62
Balance Jan	nuary 31, 18	866			\$82,551,643	36
By balance, cr.	disbursing	account	s Jan. 1	\$14,175,516 79 11,305,262 36-	77.1	_
By receipts dur	ing the mor	nth		11,305,262 36-	- 25,480,779	
To payments					11,182,369	70
Balance					\$14,292,409	45
Du balance on				AC WOO WOL 11		-
By balance, cr.	interest acc	counts		\$6,732,794 11	An ann 800	-
By appropriatio					- \$8,933,582	90
To payments-						
do c	urrency			2,197,493 14-	- 7,936,179	30
Balance					\$997,403	60
By receipts for	customs in	January	1988		\$12,469,865	90
do	GO	do	1865		4,276,399	
						_
Increase	do	do	1866	••••••	\$8,193,466	00
By balance, cr.	bullion and	expens	e account for	Assay Office	\$1,232,337	52
By coin receive	d during th	e month	1	\$364,611 17	41,000,000	0.0
By fine bars				\$364,611 17	364,611	17
					\$1,596,948	69
To payments in	coin			\$290,000 00	42,000,020	U
do	fine bars			494,205 52-	- 784,205	52
Balance					\$812,743	17
By funds in her	ed in Austa	40 4 M	00	*** *** *** **		_
By funds in har	iu, in Assis	tant Tre	as. Omce			
Bu fine home in	Assay	Omce.		461,054 10-	- \$98,302,510	51
By fine bars in	Assay Ome	e		323,103 05		
By unparted ba	mon			652,328 54-	- 975,481	59
The State of the					\$99,277,942	10
Less temporary	loan to be	reimbu	rsed	\$884,993 17	,	-
Less due depos	itors			772,918 59-	- \$1,657,911	76
Balance					\$97,620,030	34
UNITED	TATES A	SSAV (	FFICE POP	TANKARE	Statament	26

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE FOR JANUARY .- Statement of business at the United States Assay Office at New York, for the month ending January 31, 1866:

Foreign coin	\$4,000 00 3,000 00 475,000 00	\$482,000 00
DEPOSITS OF SILVER, INCLUDING F	TIRCHASES.	<b>\$</b> 302,000 00
Foreign coins. Foreign bullion. United States bullion (contained in gold) Old coins.	\$15,000 00 45,000 00 5,000 00 5,000 00	<b>20 000 00</b>
Total deposits, payable in barsdo do coins	\$200,000 00 352,000 00	70,000 00 552,000 00
Transmitted to United States mint, Philadelphia, fo	r coinage	\$404,950 0

CALIFORNIA GOLD RECEIPTS.—The steamship Atlantic, which left Aspinwall Jan. 23, arrived at this port the forenoon of the 1st inst. The following is her specie list:

Order Panama Railroad Co Duncan, Sherman & Co D. B, Allen	\$41,356 Fug. Kelly & Co 35,784 Aug. Belmont & Co 66,020 Lees & Waller 7,085 Fred. Robert & Co	\$173,300 140,026 476,133 2,500
Wells, Fargo & Co	4,500	\$944,878
Wells, Fargo & Co	\$5,429 Trevor & Colgate	\$2,981

Total... \$963,288
The receipts by steamship from California since the commencement of the year have been as follows:

January 19	Steamships. New York. Henry Chauncy. Atlantic	Amount, \$685,610 799,706 944,878
Total to date 1866 Total to date 1865		\$2,430,194 2,164,120

Augmentation of receipts in 1866. \$266.074

The treasure movement at San Francisco, according to the Mercanzile Gazette and Prices Current, are shown in the annexed state-

The receipts from the interior in all the year 1865 sum up thus:

Northern mines	Uncoined.	Coined.	Total.
	\$35,649,337	\$3,093,110	\$39,742,447
	5,108,413	1,320,547	6,428,960
	6,948,511	548,265	7,495,766
Total, 1865	\$48,706,261	\$4,961,922	\$53,668,183
	47,769,984	5,743,399	58,513,383
" 1863	43,913,375	6,383,974 5,593,421	50,297,349 47,471,378
1862	32,325,863	9,363,214	41,589,077

The exports from the port for the five years 1861-1865, as deared at the Custom-house were as follows:

То	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
New York	. \$32,628,011	\$26,194,035	\$10,389,329		\$20,583,389
England	4,061,779	12,950,139			
China		2,660,754	4,206,370		
Japan	3,541,279	17,916	34,564	35,631	214,006
Manila		35,653	66,200		
Panama		434,508	2,503,296		
Havana		f	32,302		
Hawaiian Islands		3,000			
Society Islands			8,000	16,951	
Mexico		5,000			
Central America		10,000	77,827	45,321	90,273
Victoria, V. I		188,222	100,000	125,000	
France		1			389,170
Chile					50,000
Australia		121			
East Indies		62,414			*******

	Re	ceipts at p	ort.	Exports as		Annual
	Interior.	Foreign.	Total.	above.		movement.
1865	\$53,668,183	\$1,799,390	\$55,467,573	\$45,308,228	Inc.	\$10,159,345
1864	53,513,383	1,715,024	55,228,407	55,707,201	Dec	476,794
1863	50, 297, 349	2.156.612	52,453,961	46,071,920	Inc.	6,382,041
1862	47,471,378	1,904,084	49,375,462	42,561,761	Inc.	6,813,701
1861	41,689,077	1.702.683	43,391,760	40,676,758	Inc.	2,715,002

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR—Below we give the receipts at New York for Customs each month for the last five years:

	REC	CEL	PTS FOR C	UBT	TOMS AT	NEW	YORK.	P. IO THIS	
	1861.		1862.		1863.		1864.	1865.	
January	\$2,059,202	33	\$3,351,657	22	\$4,127,90	5 82	\$6,180,536 (	9 \$4,231,737	
February			3,565,063				7,474,027 9	3 4,791,247	10
March	2,489,026	25	4,626,862	86	4,554,460	13	7,659,770 4		
April	1,643,261	99	4,149,952	36	3,957,19	7 57	13,982,555 (		
May		14	4,784,924	62	3,873,86	5 42	3,855,186		
June	885,062	41	4,664,927	19	3,738,98	1 06	3,311,148		
July	2,069,590	86	7,211,817	68	4,912,718	8 49	3,585,848		
August	1,558,824	11	4,762,581	54	6,296,73	5 58	6,237,364	17 13,113,689	50
September.,	1,642,382	43	5,239,045	50	7,270,54	8 65		54 12,929,615	
October	1,672,616	84	4,309,419	87	6,238,94	8 46		38 10,973,513	
November	1,851,384	73	3,003,270	23	5,075,84	6 24	3,455,156	53 9,933,483	
December	2,334,847	38	2,664,593	82	5,248,18	9 03	3,440,852	8,348,750	31
		-		_		_		-	_

Total....\$21,714,981 30 52,254,116 72 58,886,054 42 66,937,127 71 101,772,905 94 IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for drygoods) Jan. 25, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Jan. 26:

	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Dry goods	\$924,280	\$1,650,631	\$749,534	\$2,588,318
Gen'l merchandise.	2,379,835	8,598,025	2,215,643	2,041,310
Total for the week	\$3,304,115	\$5,248,656	\$2,965,177	\$4,629,628
Prev. reported	12,016,457	14,181,658	6,792,741	13,317,871

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry-goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending January 29th.

#### EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

For the week Prev. reported		1865. \$6,333,663 8,566,849	1866. \$3,449,470 13,955,536
Since Jan. 1 In the commercial statement of the impor	department wi		\$17,405,006 official detailed

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York, for the week ending January 27, 1866:

Jau,	, 24—Steamer Scotia, Liverpool—	
	Gold bars	205,608
	Silver bars	26,735
84	24-Steamer Scotia, Havre-	
	Gold bars	94,900
	Foreign coin	9,700
64	25-Brig E. Comer, Ponce-	
	Spanish gold	7,206
**	26-Brig P. O. Valasque, Por.o Rico-	
	Specie	11,395
64	26-Steamer City of New York, Liverpool-	
	Gold coin	97,966
	Specie	202,302
44	26-Steamer Hansa, Bremen-	
	Specie	1,000
	Total for the week	\$656.812
	Previously reported	

Marie de la Company			
Total since Jan. 1	,1866		\$2,545,236
Same time in		Same time in	
1865	\$2,967,573	1858	\$4,745,617
1864	4,931,355	1857	1.087.285
1863		1856	104.834
1862		1855	116.621
1861		1854	1,845,682
1860	514.762	1853	747,679
1859		1852	2,884,990

The Commercial Mutual Insurance Company has changed the termination of its fiscal year, which will hereafter close Dec. 31st instead of June 30th. The statement, in our advertising columns, of the last six months' business, is very satisfactory, and shows that the company is in a prosperous condition.

## Official Reports.

OUR INTERNAL REVENUE SYSTEM-REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMISSION.—We give below the report of the commission appointed by the Secretary of the Treasnry in accordance with the provisions of section 19 of the Amendatory Act of March 3, 1865, "To provide Internal Revenue."

# DIFFICULTIES ENCOUNTERED BY THE CORMISSION. After citing the provisions of the act constituting the commission, and the nature of the work to be done, they state that one of the greatest difficulties encountered from the outset has been to obtain exact and comprehensive information; and the commission, as the result of their experience, feel warranted in asserting that no full and reliable statistics concerning any branch of trade or industry in the United States, with possibly a few exceptions, are now or have ever been available. The census of 1880, only made available for detailed reference some four or five years after its enumeration, has been to the commission of but little service.

The years after its enumeration, has been to the commission of but little service.

Nor do the statistics which have been furnished from time to time by the Treasury Department afford the knowledge of these facts which are so essential as a groundwork for the labors of the commission.

In the Bureau of Internal Revenue a better system prevails, and the published returns of revenue, and the amounts received from specific sources, are believed to be substantially correct. Overburdened, however, as this bureau was with work, and delayed by a want of promptness on the part of district collectors, many of whom are destitute of business experience, it was unable to furnish the commission with any detailed statement of its specific sources of revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1865, until nearly six months thereafter.

Another great source of difficulty exp-rienced by the commission in conducting their investigations, with a view of arriving at any correct estimates of the future revenue of the country, thas been the abnormal and disturbed condition of every branch of trade and industry since 1861, owing to the effects of the war, the frequent alterations of the tariff, and the inauguration of the internal revenue system. Many branches of trade and industry have been curtailed during this period from thirty to seventy-five per centum, and some few have been entirely destroyed.† Every advance made in the tariff and the excise has, more over, been anticipated to such an extent by every class of importers, dealers, manufacturers and speculators, that it cannot be said as yet that the government has fully tested the capacity of any one of what may be considered as its great and legitimate sources of revenue.

This abnormal condition of things, coupled with the fact that the excise has been levied, to a great extent, on a basis of greatly inflated values, renders it extremely difficult to predicate anything with certainty concerning the future from the Immediate past.

#### REVENUE SYSTEM OF GREAT BRITAIN.

The commission then give a resume of the revenue systems of Great Britain and France, showing that in Great Britain all duties burthensome to the manufacturer have gradually been repealed, both in the nature of custom and excise, the policy being to enable the British producer to apply the largest amount of home labor to the smallest value in foreign staples, under conditions which enable him to put his product into foreign markets at the lowest possible cost. This principle is the key to British free trade, and it is claimed to be of universal applicability; but it may be gravely questioned whether it is not protection in a more subtle form. Such is the opinion of Mr. Block, a modern French economist of eminence, who classes under protective measures the freeing of raw materials and of food from customs duties.

The gross revenues of the United Kingdom for the year ending March 31 1868, were as follows:

Customs	\$115,023,808	Post-office
Excise		Crown lands.
Stamps	47,659,870	Miscellaneous
Land and assessed taxes	16,439,679	
Income & property taxes		Total

Income & property taxes	39,928,865	Total	\$354,131,77
Of the customs revenue	(\$115,023,808),	twenty-five specifi	ed articles yielded
\$112,819,7c1, while all other	articles, not	specified, yielded of	nly \$49,481. The
balance appearing under the	he head of cu	stoms was derived	from the duty or
British spirits collected at t	he custom-hou	se (\$1,468,445) and	from sundry petty

sources.

The chief portion of this class of revenue was derived from the following

Coffee and chicory Corn meal and flour Currants and raisins	\$2,604,803 2,839,979 1,825,626	Tobacco and snuff Wine Wood and timber	30,579,989 6,597,029 1,389,450
Spirits	16,522,249 27,113,370	Total	\$111,827,920

Of the excise (\$97,141,618) the sum of \$97,048,180 was derived from nine specified articles.

cined articles, viz:			
Chicory	\$52,815 513,235	Spirits	59,883,655
Licenses, including game	510,400	Sugar	44.010
licenses	10,722,015	Total	\$97,048,180
Malt	31,972,765	All other articles	93,488
Race-horses	38,730		
Railways	2,196,660	Grand Total	\$97,141,618
Stage carriages	645,890		

Of the Stamp duties (\$47,659,870) the greatest portion was collected under the following heads:

Deeds and other instruments.			655,920
Probate of wills and letters of		Newspapers	587,738
		Legacies and successions 11	
	8,846,555	Fire insurances	,861,988
Commutations on bank notes		Probate Court fee stamps	674,300
Receipts, drafts and other 1d		Patents for inventions	567.898
stamps	2,501,245	Sundry minor classes	895,696
Marine insurances	1,993,840		-
Total			7,659,870
The land tax yielded			5,619,600

The land tax yielded	5,619,600
The assessed taxes were mainly under the following heads:	
Inhabited houses\$4,584,036 Other horses and mules	690,000
Servants 1,056,220 Dogs	
Carriages 1,794,005 Armorial bearings	307,495
Riding horses 1,256,785 Unenumerated	79,885

Total. \$10,720,820

The following are about the per centages yielded by each item to the revenue: Customs, 32; excise, 28; stampe, 13%; land and assessed taxes, 5; income and property taxes, 11; post office, 5%; miscellaneous, 5.

Of the customs revenue 91 per cent was derived from five articles—spirits, sugar, tea, tobacco and wine.

Of the excise 97 per cent was derived from licenses, malt and domestic

spirits. Intoxicating beverages and tobacco yielded nearly 40 per cent of the total re-

spirits.

Intoxicating beverages and tobacco yielded nearly 40 per cent of the total revenue.

The most productive stamp duties were those on the conveyance and transmission of property, deeds, probate of wills, and legacies and encessions. Next to these stood stamps on policies of insurance.

The direct tax on land seems very smail, being only about 1½ per cent, of the total revenue, but estates and interest in land are reached through the income tax, of which nearly 60 per cent. (under schedules A and B) is assessed on real property and the profits of occupying it.

The income tax is at present six pence in the pound, or more then four per cent. on the assessed valuntion. This tax, originally created by Mr. Pitt in 1798 as a war tax, was repealed in 1815, when it yielded \$75,000,000. It was reimposed by Sir Robert Peel in 1842, to enable him to make his reductions of the tariff. It has varied from five pence to one shilling and four pence, jouring the Crimean war), and, though long treated by the Chancellor of the Exchequer as a temporary expedient, has been found too useful to be dispensed with, and it is likely in future to have a permanent place in the budget.

Such are the leading features of the British revenue system. Having always a regard to the exemption of home industry from burdens, Great Britain tus raises her taxes: 1. From articles of inclugence, as spirits, beer, (malt), to-bacco and wine. 3. From licenses and other taxes on occupations. 4. From stamps on legal documents, the conveyance and descent of property, and instruments of business. 5. From occupied houses and the luxuries of living, servants, horses, dogs, and carriages. 6. From incomes derived from realized property and professional and other earnings. 7. From the post office.

Revenue system of France and gree the fol-

### REVENUE SYSTEM OF FRANCE.

The commission also examine the revenue system of France and give the following classification showing the sources of the ordinary revenue of France more clearly than that adopted in the French budget:

more ciearly than the tadopted in the French budget:

Direct taxes, ownership and use of land and buildings, poll taxes,
Ilcenses, etc.

Registration, stamps, etc.
Royal forests (wood and timber sold)
Customs duties on foreign merchandize.
Exports, navigation, and customs duties
Sugar, import duties on Colonial.

Foreign 2,285,000
Excise Domestic 11,786,000 81,537,883 8,051,300 14,439,200 1,192,600

Salt, collected through Custom House	\$4,509,600	,,
		6,192,600
Beverages		42,685,400
Tobacco, Sale of		45,295,400
Gunpowder, Sale of		2,550,800
Sundry indirect taxes (not enumerated	**********	11,599,600
Post office		14,482,000
Revenue from Algeria		3,850,000
Income of Sinking Fund		19,104,549
Miscellaneous	************	15,223,800

Total.... .....\$350,407,212

It will be seen by the foregoing analysis, that direct taxes, registration, stamps, custom duties, sugar, beverages and tobacco, yielded more than seven-ty-six per cent. of the whole revenue, in the following proportions:—Direct taxes, eighteen per cent; registration and stamps, twenty-three per cent; cuntous duties (excluding sugar), four and a half per cent; sugar, six per cent; beverages, twelve per cent; and tobacco, thirteen per cent. The deficit in the French budget for 1884 is reported at about 50,000,000.

Comparing the French with the English revenue system, we observe the same exemption from taxation of come industry, especially of those manufactures which fina n amarket in foreign countries.

Of the two systems, the nature and details of which we have finus briefly sketched, the English is the only one which especially commends itself to the attention of the America investigator; and this system, the result of a long experience in the economy of taxation and development, and for the perficting of which the best efforts of British statement, for at least the last quarter of a century have been assiduously given, affords, in the opinion of the Commission, some indications of what ought to be the future revenue policy of the United States.

#### THE NATIONAL REVENUE SYSTEM.

The diffuseness of the present revenue system of the United States, is doubt

20,852,197 2,212,000 14,967,188

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ine spe-93,488

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655,920 587,735 689,970 861,988 674,300 567,895 895,606

690,000 051,650 907,495 79,885 20,820 pirits,

nestic tal rerans-Next

come n real r per 1798 npos-ariff. mean

,600

54,131,772 s yielded 81. The duty on lry petty

investigate as fully as they desired, but upon which they propose to present a special report, demands the serious and prompt attention of Corgress. \*\*

PROPOSED REVENUE POLICY FOR THE FUTURE.

In respect to the evils arising from excessive duplication of taxes under the internal revenue system and from a lack of equalization between the tariff and the excise, it may be urged that the remedy for the latter difficulty is most easy, viz., by increasing the tariff. To this, however, as a permanent measure, there are most serious objections, inasmuch as the lack of equalization is not confined to the articles specified in our illustrations, but is very general, and will be more and more extensive as the value of currency approximates to that of gold, while an increase in the tariff, sufficient to remedy all the difficulties, would render the tariff itteel almost prohibitory, or at least so high as to invite continued assaults, deprive it of all elements of stability, and increase the business of the contrabandist. The remedy, therefore, for the difficulties above pointed out and illustrated, save in a few striking instances, which have probably resulted from oversignt in the framing of the law, must, in the opinion of the Commission, be sought for in such a revision of the present internal revenue system as will look to an entire excemption of the manufacturing industry of the United States from all direct taxation (distilled and fermented liquors, tobacco, and possibly a few other articles excepted). This the Commission are, unhesitatingly, prepared to recommend—

As, however, the revenue derived from the excise on the industrial products of the country amounted to nearly sixty per cent. of the gross internal revenue in 1883; to sixty-four and a half per cent. in 1864; and to nearly fifty per cent. in 1865, it is evident that a radical change of the kind recommended should not be made at once, but gradually and according as experience satisfies us of our ability to substitute other and less objectionable forms of

SOURCES OF REVENUE.

This brings us to the consideration of the nature and capacity of the sources available to the Government for revenue, and to the special department of investigation assigned to the Commission.

According to the estimate of the Secretary of the Treasury, there will be required, for the year ending June 30, 1867, to meet the expenditure of the Government, and to provide for the interest on the public debt, a revenue of \$394.317,181. Assuming this estimate as a basis, let us now examine, in detail, the sources whene et he revenue necessary to meet this expenditure can be drawn We would first ask attention to the revenue derivable from

IMPOSTS, OR CUSTOMS.

The following table exhibits the annual imports and exports of the Unite

Value of	Value of	Duties
Imports.	Exports	Received.
838,765,130	356,789,462	49,565,824
	400,122,296	53,187,512
		39,582,126
	229,790,280	49.056,398
	381,809,459	69.059.642
	340,665,580	102,316,153
234,434,167	336,697,123	84,928,260
	Imports.	Imports. Exports. 838, 765, 139 . 462 836, 769, 462 836, 769, 462 850, 775, 835 410, 856, 818 825, 818, 823 822, 730, 280 832, 514, 559 340, 665, 589

For the five years prior to and including 1861, the average annual value of imports was in excess of three hundred and fity millions of dollars; and for the three years next succeeding June 30, 1861, the annual average has been about two hundred and sixty-two millions.

For the five years prior to, and including 1861, the average annual value of exports was, including gold, not far from three hundred and seventy-one millions of dollars; and for the three years next succeeding the fiscal year 1861, the annual average was a little over three hundred millions, also including gold.

With the return of at least one and a half millions of men from unproductive to productive avocations; and a renewed demand for cotton and navil stores at greatly enhanced prices, coupled with a renewed a. Ility to supply the same, the Commission think it safe to estimate the average value of our exports for the three years next succeeding June 30, 1896, at no less than four hundred millions of dollars; and as experience has shown that the demand for foreign commodities by the people of the United States is limited mainly by their capacity to purchase the same, we believe that we are further warranted in assuming that the average annual value of importations from abroad for the same period, will not be less than three hundred and fifty millions of dollars.

And they estimate the amount of revenue derivable from customs, for the fiscal year 1867, to be at least one hundred and thirty millions of dollars.

Indeed, in view of the facts developed by the Commission in their investigations, showing the enormous reduction in the consumption of some of the leading articles of importation by reason of the war (see special reports on tea, coffee, and sugar), and the almost equally rapid increase in the consumption of the same articles since the war, they think they may safely assign a greater revenue from customs than that above given.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

We come next to the consideration of those sources of revenue referable to the excise, or internal taxation.

The aggregate receipts of internal revenue for the fiscal years 1863, 1864, and 1863, are returned as follows:

, are returned as follows.	
1863*	\$41,008.192 98
1864	116,850,672 44
1865	211,129,529 17

\* The act of July, 1862, took effect September, 1, and the receipts for the fiscal year 1863 are but for ten months. A discrepancy exists between these amounts, and those from the office of the Secretary of the Treasury. The same receipts are not always reported and entered upon the book; of the two offices on the same day. The difference is only one of account.

The following table shows the amount derived from the principal specific sources of internal revenue in the above years, the aggregate annual amounts, and the percentage ratio of the amount derived from each specific source to the whole, for the same periods:

	whole, for the same per	riods:			Don cont	D	
	ARTICLES.		of ne whol'	Rect's for fiscal ye'r	of I	Poot's for c	er ct. of the
П	Manufac's & Products-	_ 1005. Te	ceipts.	1004	receipts.	1000. 16	cerpts
	Books, magazines, &c. Boots and shoes		::			\$354,528 3,280,627	1.55
Н	Bullion	*******				379;518	.18
	Clothing	\$31,241	.07	\$350,486	.30	6,820,937	3.23
	Carriages	243,704	.59	320,076	.27	880,021	.41
1	Candles	117,133	.28	186,228	.16	326,583	.15
1	Cigars, cheroots, &c	470 700	1.16	1 055 404	1.07	317,383 8.087,421	.15
2	Clocks, timepieces, &c	476,589 17,771	.04	1,255,424 39,166	.03	0.001,421	1.46
	Confectionery	153,824	.37	465,793	.39	569.478	.27
1	Cosi	218 495	.77	572,436	.40	569,478 835,994	.39
1	Cotton, raw	351,311	.85	1,268,412	1.09	1,772,983	.84
t	Cotton, raw Cotton fabrics, yarns, threads Distilled liquors	4 000 04	0.00	0.740.170	0.00	m ops 140	0 40
1	Distilled lieners	1,600,947 $3,229,991$	3.90	8,548,173	3 08	7,381,148 15,995,701	3.47 7.58
1	Fermented liquors	1,558,083	7.87 3.79	28,431,798 2,223,790 113,827	1 90	8 657 181	1.78
t	Furs.	78,852	.19	113.527	.09	3,657,181 222,559	.10
•	Furs Furniture and manu-	,					-
y	factures of wool	******		1,679,940 714,740 303,268	1.48	2,783,248 1,348,324	1.27
-	Gas, illuminating Glass, all manufac's of	435,600	1.06	714,740	.61	1,348,394	.63
	Gold manufacts of	138,908	.83	303,208	.26	585,430	.24
0	Gold manufs, jewelry,	85,599	.20	218,914	.19	543,430	.26
	&c	78,096	.19	155,302	.13	248,376	.11
	Gille	. 3,043		25,629	.02	44,517	.02
_	Gutta percha manufs			5,485		248,376 44,517 31,289	.014
e	India rubber, manufac-	110 700	07	000 700	.20		- 00
	Iron, blooms, &c	112,700		233,783		635,976 52,158	.094
è	Iron, bar, rod, band,	*******	****			02,100	.0.02
ī	sheet &c	258.536	.60	435,911	.37	807,239	.38
	Iron, plats	52,221	.12	86.535	.07	150,292	.07
f	Iron, plats	52,221 78,750	.19	175,838	.15	284,783 376,265	.13
ė	Iron railroad re-rolled	1 66,336	.16	119,226 242,737	.10	798.201	.18
e	Iron castings	50,349	.12	292,131	.20	195,201	.01
e	Iron castings (stoves and hollow ware) Iron, cut nails & spike	79,953	.19	123,489	10	211,849	.10
	Iron, cut nails & spike	8 110,905	.27	184,500	.16	328,940	.15
ſ	Iron, pig Iron rivets, nuts, &c Iron, miscellaneous					1,484,383	.70
e	Iron rivets, nuts, &c	6,812	.02	43,729	.037	56,498 2:1,071	.026
e	Iron, miscellaneous	000 000	0.00	1 004 000	1.61	2:1,071	.10
	Iron, manufs of	969,082	2.36	1,891,062	1.01	3,723,310	1.76
	Total iron and man-						
9	nfactures	\$1,672,943	4.08	\$3,303,027	2.82	\$3,464,989	4.09
e	Lead, sheet, lead piper	3					
n e	and shot	\$54,614	.13	\$110,527	7 .09	\$74,460	.035
r	Lead, White.	25,050	.056	48,564	.04	52,067	.024
0	Leather of all descrip	. 1,982,004	4.83	4,004,047	3.43	4,337,266	2.05
_	Oil, coal, refined petro	649,962	1 10	0 055 900	1.93	3,047,213	1.44
n	leum, &c, Oii, lard, linseed, &c.	114,219		2,255,329 217,291		414,547	.19
k	Paper of all descrip	. 114,010		~ 1,~0.	.010	22,011	
18	Paper of all descrip binders' boards, &c	. 301,472	.73	917,141	.80	1,082,476	.51
y	Petroleum, crude Pianos and other musi					229,546	.10
ie	Pianos and other musi	•				970 904	.19
	Pickles preserv'd fruit		••••	********		259,384	.13
	Pickles, preserv'd fruit vegetables, meats, &	62,534	.15	110,791	.09	172,314	.084
98	Pins.	. 15,403	.04	22,010	.02	24,802 93,221	
n-	Pottery-ware	. 22,962	.056	47,425	.04	93,221	.04
	Pins. Pottery-ware Sails, tents, shades awnings, &c. Saleratus, & bicarb. o	,				ma ama	000
e-	Salaratha & bicarb	8,771		35,946	.08	78,272	.037
of	soda	. 23,003	.057	32,974	.03	31,609	.014
11,	Salt	. 118,579 . 28,760 9 1,748	.29	296,912	.25	335,349 122,698	.15
n.	Salt Screws (wood)	. 28,760	.07	298,919 62,949	3 .05	122,693	.06
	Ships and other vessel	9 1,748		167,514	.14	847,218 216,189 59.768	.16
	Silk, manufactures of	. 44,104	.104	97,653	.08	216,189	.10
be	Silver, manufactures of Snuff		.044	36,950 240,93	1 .20	283,259	.026
	Soap of all description	s 266,406	.65	449 001	1 98	791 416	37
	Starch	. 15,680	.04	36,26 91,76 299,37	1 .08	181,285 174.055	.06
1.	Steel	40.504	.10	91,76	3 .08 3 .25	174.059	.06
24	Steel, manufactures o	f 140 998	.36	299,37	3 .25	549,707	.20
12 26	Sugar, brown or raw. Sugar, refined	134,228	.32	1,267,610 873,140 7,086,68	6 1.09	86.510	.04
$\frac{20}{98}$	Tobacco, manufactur'	d 2,576,889	6.28	7 000 00	0 .79 5 6.82	1,957,898 8,017,020	3.80
42	Turpentine, spirts of	4,010,008	0.20	1,000,08	0.02	8,463	
53	Umbrellas & parasols	49,735	.12	68,77 92,35	0 .06	111,147	.05
60	Varnishes	40,131	.10	92,35	6 .08	111,147 149,981	.07

ARTICLES.	Rec's for fiscal y'r 1863.	r whole	Rec's for	Per ct r the r whole	of Rec's for fiscal y'r	whole
Water, mineral, sarsa-	1865.	recipts.	1804.	receipt	s. 1865. 1	
parilla, &c	833		7,014		85,546	.04
Wine Woolen fabrics and all	8,824		28,303	.02	43,216	.02
manufact. of wool Zince, oxide of	1,880,029	4.58	3,655,132	3.1	7,947,094	3.79
Zince, oxide of	15,806	.04	3,655,132 28,276 7,297,163	.02	41.641	.02
Miscellaneous articles.	4,793,932	11.69	7,297,163	6.24	12,382,569	5.86
Total man. & product's	\$24,403,091	59.71	\$75,403,386	64.53	\$194,156,911	49.33
Animals slaughtered	\$710,812		\$695,202	.95	\$1,261,357	
The state of the s					\$2,002,00	.00
A. 3		OSS RECI		44	4000 500	10
Advertisements Bridges and toll-roads.	\$40,629 18,674	.10	\$133,315 36,354	.11	\$227,530 75,269	.10
Canals					92 421	044
Express Companies	2,680	****	267,778	.22	529,276 126,138	.25
Ferries Insurance Companies.	20,852	.05	60,074	.05	805,992	.06
Lotteries					29,249	.013
Railroads			2,127,250	1.82	5,917,298 431,211	2.80
Railroads Ships, barges, &c Stage coaches wag's&c Steamboats				****	431,211	.20
Steamboats	150,620	.36	278,097	.24	638,812	.30
Telegraph Companies.	*****				215,050	.10
Theatres, circuses, &c.	*****		******		140,442	.069
Total gross receipts	\$233,445	.57	\$2,902,863	2.48	\$9,697,866	4.50
a com green tree province	4.430,110	SALES		•	felan ilana	-100
Auction	\$64,004			40	A 110 150	10
Merchandise brokers	\$64,004	.15	\$138,082	.12	\$410,176 596,474	.19
Stock brokers	****				2,202,793	1.04
Gold brokers, &c					852,801	.40
Total sales	\$64,004	.15	\$138,082	.12	\$4,062,244	1.92
Licenses—	201,001	.10	\$100,000	. 1.0	&1,00×,×11	1.00
Apothecaries	\$27,308	.068	\$29,792	.026	\$32.872	.015
Auctioneers	49,092	.12	58,147	.05	80,545	.038
Bankers	90,868 34,120	.22	74,449 33,188	$.06 \\ .028$	846,686 54,025	.40
Billiards Brewers	70,850		66,289	.06	77,747	.037
Bowling alleys	6,873		66,289 7,781 106,337		77,747 13,490	
Cattle brokers Commission brokers	98,090	.24	106,337	.09	207,905	.10
Produce brokers	149,869	.36	204,098	.17	213,095 22,954	.10
Pawnbrokers	*				13,235 120,912	
Stock brokers	105,096	.25	98,678	.08	120,912	.058
Builders & contract's	1,058 6,615		1,001 73,383	.06	3,133 82,273	.039
Dutchers	2,154 38,632		88,450	.07	152,421	.07
Distincts	38,632	.096	49,022	.042	42,968 396,768	.02
Hotels	255,273 142,900	$.62 \\ .35$	252,610 129,186	.11	190,377	.18
Lottery ticket deal'rs	142,900 10,250		3,091		43,480	.02
Manufacturers	463,630	1.13	471,091	.40	635,115	.30
Peddlers Photographers	287,456 44,859	.70	255,435	.22	459,298 74,608	. 21
Physiciana & gurg'ne	238,383	.58	52,536 235,583	.20	302,847	14
Retail dealers in liquo's Stallions and jacks	1,227,912	3.00	1,336,346	1.14	302,847 1,606,778	.76
Stallions and jacks	1,477,754 45,985	3.60	1,612,736 219,578	1.38	2,205,866 277,166	1.04
Wholesale dealers	1,315,118	3.20	1,229,787	1.05	3,543,105	1.68
" in liq	1,315,118 384,160	.93	1,229,787 176,765	.14	3,543,105 400,693	.19
Miscellaneous	249,873	.61	280,030	.24	511,116	.24
Total of licenses	\$6,824,178	16.64	\$7,145,389	6 11	\$12,613,478	5.96
Income	455.741	1.11	14,919,279		20,567,350	9.74
Legacies & successions	455,741 56,593	.14	310,836	.27	545,807	.26
Articles in Schedule A-	10 801	0.2	#0 000	0.0		
Billiard tables Carriages & harness.	10,731 $243,704$	.02	68,000 320,076	.06	67,754 322,720	.03
Pianofortes	46				7,752 126	
. Gom plate	46		66		126	
Watches	108,690	.26	130,024	.11	117,987 9,139	.056
Yachts	2,459		2,673		2,098	
Other articles					252,690	.12
Total in Schedule A.		.89	500 000	44	700 000	927
	365,630		520,839	.44	780,266	.37
Banks, &c	1,910,937 8,407	4.66	7,017,547 11,001	6.00	13,579,594 29,535	6.43
Special income tax			******		28,929,312	13.70
Penalties, &c	27,170	.07	193,600	.16	520,362	.25
Stamps	4,140,175 696,182	$10.10 \\ 1.70$	5,894,945 1,705,1:5	5.04 $1.45$	11,162,392 2,826,332	5.28 $1.34$
Salaries	000,102	1.10	1,100,1.0	-		1.54
Aggregate receipts	\$41,003,193	\$	116,850,672	§	211,129,529	
For the aureant fiscal	voor the	Commis	sioner of	Intorna	Dovonuo	in hia

For the current fiscal year, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in his Report, under date of November 30, 1865, estimated the receipts of internal revenue at \$272,000,000. By an estimate, however, January, 6, 1866, the Commissioner, from further data obtained, is of the opinion that the receipts of the current fiscal year will probably reach \$300,000,000.

#### DISTILLED SPIRITS

Of the various sources of revenue included under the internal revenue, that of distilled spirits ranks first in importance. The amount of revenue derived from this source for the several fiscal years during which the Internal Revenue Law has been in operation, is as follows:

1863	\$3,229,99		
1804	28,431,797	83	d
1865	15,995,701	66	Л

During the fiscal year 1863, the tax was uniformly twenty cents per gallon. For the fiscal year 1864, the tax was twenty cents until March 7th, after which it was sixty cents. From July 1st, 1864, until January 1st, 1865, it was \$1.50 per gallon, and afterwards \$2.00. Of the receipts from excise on distilled spirits in the year 1865, \$3.682,753, or nearly one-fourth of the whole amount was from spirits previously bonded, and paying the former rate of twenty and sixty cents per gallon.

The average taxable preduction of distilled artists, per year from Sentem.

spirits previously bonded, and paying the former rate of twenty and sixty cents per gallon.

The average taxable production of distilled spirits per year, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1865, as returned to the Department, was 40,637.371 gallons.

The amount of distilled spirits produced in the country during the year 1860, was in excess of ninety millions of gallons. The amount at present required to meet the consumption of the country, under the influence of the high rate of taxation imposed upon this article, is estimated by the Commission at from forty-two to forty-five millions of gallons; and with the continuance of the present rate of excise, they have no reason to believe that this amount will, for some years to come, be either largely increased or diminished.

\* \*

In regard to the rate of tax to be imposed upon spirituous or distilled liquors, the Commission are unanimously of the opinion that the present rate of two dollars per gallon is in excess of the proper revenue standard, and that a reduction will be for the interests both of the revenue and of the country. The reasons which have led to this conclusion are presented in detail in the "Special Report (No. 5) on Distilled Spirits," to which the Commission would respectfully ask attention. They accordingly recommend that the rate of tax on distilled spirits be reduced to one dollar per gallon.

With this rate of duty, and with the increase in the annual consumption for industrial purposes (estimated at not less than 10,000,000 gallons) which must follow, the Commission are of the opinion that, making all allowances for a certain amount of illicit distillation, which, under any circumstances. will take place, an average annual revenue of at leart forty millions of dollars from this source may be collected.

But whatever may be the rate of tax agreed upon for the future, it is clearly evident, that a far more stringent and effective law than that which now exists, is needed, if any fair proportion of the amount which Government has a right to expect from this source is to be collected, and protection at the same time extended to the honest distiller as against the competition of his illicit competitor.

The next source of revenue to which the Commission ask attention is that derivable from fermented liquors, which, like distilled spirits, are capable of sustaining, without injury to the country, a heavy taxation. From this source, the following revenues have accrued for the fiscal years 1863, 1864, and 1865:

1863.	\$1,558,083 41
1864	2,223,719 73
1865	3,657,181 06

1863. \$1,558,088 41
1864. \$2,232,719 73
1865. From September 1, 1862, to March 3, 1863, the tax was one dollar per barrel, of not more than thirty-one gallons; from that date to April 1, 1864, sixty cents; and since that time, one dollar. The number of barrels upon which the tax was received, as nearly as can be ascertained, was 1,765,827 in 1863; 3,459,119 in 1864; and 3,657,181 in 1865.

By the census of 1860, the number of breweries then existing in the United States was returned at 1,969, affording a product of nearly four million barrels. (3,812,346). The Commission, after a careful review of this branch of industry, and personal consultation with nearly every leading brewer, of both ale and lager-beer in the United States, are of the opinion that the number of barrels of beer produced and consumed in the country during the fiscal year 1865, was nearly or quite 6,000,000, and that the annual increase of product at the present time is about ten per cent per annual, mainly of lager-beer. If this opinion be correct, it is apparent that the government received for the above year, but little more than sixty per cent of its just dues from this source. \* \* \* \* As the present rate of tax imposed upon fermented liquors—viz, ; one dollar per barrel of thirty-ope gallons—is in excess of the rate imposed by any of the states of Europe (Austria excepted); and as the present rate, moreover, in the opinion of the Commission, after full consideration, is believed to be fully up to the revenue standard; and as such is all but unanimously acquiesced in by the brewing interest of the country, they would, therefore, recommend that the existing rate be neither increased nor diminished.

The determination of the proper mode of collecting the tax on fermented liquors, and preventing the large amount of faund which has heretofore, undoubtedly, been committed in regard to the same, has been to the Commission a subject of no little difficulty. They have, however, with the full concurrence and assistance of the leading brewers of th

The attention of the Commission has been especially given to the cotton product of the United States, as a source of revenue, and they would refer to their Special Report (No. 3), and also to the testimony accompanying the same, as embodying all the information requisite for the formation of a correct opinion on this subject. As the result of their investigations, the committee recommend that a tax of five cents per pound be levied on and after July 1, 1886, upon all cotton, the product of the United States; and that the same be collected of the manufacturer at the place of consumption, and of the merchant or factor at the port of export upon all foreign shipmehts. Such a plan will not interfere with the growth and cultivation of this staple, or its free movement throughout the country; and will reduce the machinery and the expenses of collection to their minimum.

The above proposed rate of taystics on extern it is better the control of the control of

the growth and cultivation of this staple, or us free movement alrogated to country; and will reduce the machinery and the expenses of collection to their minimum.

The above proposed rate of taxation on cotton, it is believed, will not prove in any degree detrimental to any national interest, and will yield a revenue, at twenty-two dollars per bale, of twenty-two millions of dollars for every million of bales produced and sold for consumption. With a crop of three million bales and a tax of five cents per pound, the Government might derive an annual revenue of \$66,000,000; or of \$85,000,000 on a crop of four millions of bales, which would be less 'han the crop of 1850-80. Of this sum—if the consumption of the United States shall reach, in either of these years, the consumption of 1860-the inhabitants of the United States would pay about \$21,000,000; and it is believed that there are few taxes which can be levied which would be so slight a burden to the consumer. The consumption of cotton per head in the United States, at the highest point ever attained to, has not exceeded twelve pounds. A tax of five cents per pound would, therefore, be an average of about sixty cents to each individual per annum—(See Special Report No. 3.) As the crop of the present year, in the opinion of competent persons consulted by the Commission, is not likely to be less than two millions of bales—and if good seed can be obtained, may exceed this figure—th Commission are of the opinion that the Government may safely rely to the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, upon a revenue from this source of at least forty millions of dollars.

With an increase of the crop, in subsequent years, beyond two millions of bales per annum, accompanied by a consequent reduction of the market price of the same, a corresponding reduction of the proposed rate of tax may probably be found expedient; but, in any event, the Commission as the result of their investigations, to account to the proposed rate of tax may probably be found expedient; but, in any event

In respect to Tobacco, the Commission, as the result of their investigations, are unanimously of the apinion that the tax should not be laid upon the leaf. The Commission, from lack of time, are not now able to report specially on this subject, but will do so at the earliest practicable moment.

The following tables show the amount of revenue derived from cigars and cheroots, chewing and smoking tobacco and snuff, for the several fiscal years since he Internal Revenue system has been in operation:

		1863.		1864.		1865.
	Cigars, cheroots, &c \$	476,589	29	\$1,255,424	79	\$3,087,421 51
,	Tobacco-smoking and chew-	2,576,888	67	7,086,684	74	8,017,020 68
	Snuff					283,352 00

The total amount received in 1865 from tobacco and its manufactures was \$11,387,799. The amount received from tobacco for 1865, would, undoubtedly, have been much greater, had it been possible to prescribe effective revenue regulations, respeating the immense stock of tobacco held in the Southern States at the close of the rebellion. The average annual taxable production of the different kinds of manufactured tobacco from September 1, 1862, to June 20, 1865, was 42,809,168 pounds. This amount, at the present rate of excise, would return an annual revenue of \$15,738,795. With some amendment of the present law, and with the exhaustion of the stock in the country made in anticipation of the tax, which is now nearly effected, the Commission believe that the Government may safely rely upon an annual revenue from this source for the immediate future of at least eighteen millions of dollars (18,800,000)

Incomes.

In respect to the income tax, the Commission have not, from want of timbeen able to give this subject the attention which its importance demands Although, in many respects, an obnoxious tax, yet falling as it does mainly or

t is clearly now exists, has a right same time illicit com-

cial Report ffectual for , which is al features, r, and their

ion is that capable of is source, 1865:

558,083 41 ,223,719 73 ,657,181 06 per barrel, ixty cents; th the tax 459.119 ir

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1865. 87,421 51 17,020 63 88,352 00 ires was ubtedly, ubtedly, ue regu-states at ue differ-30, 1865, d return ent law, n of the ernment mediate

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February 3, 1866.]

accumu.ation, it will probably be sustained with less detriment to the country than any other form of taxation—the excise on spirituous and fermented liquors and tobacco excepted. The discrimination at present in the rate levied on incomes underand in excess of \$5,000, is however, unjust, being in fact a tax on the results of successful industry and business enterprise; and the Commission recommend that this discrimination be abrogated, and the rate be equalized. When the tax upon incomes was first imposed, an examption of six hundred dollars upon the annual gains, profits, or earnings of every person was allowed. This was deemed sufficient, at that time, to enable a small family to procure the the bare necessaries of life; but with the large increase in the cost of living, there was not a corresponding advance in the receipts of those receiving but small incomes. As the purchasing power of six hundred dollars was fully equal, at that time, to ene thousand dollars now, it would be, in the opinion of the Commission, an act of justice, as well as of sound public policy, to extend the limit of the sum exempted. They therefore recommend that, in the future season of the commission furthermore believe that, in exempting one thousand dollars from liability to assessment under the income tax, the ends of public policy have been fully subserved; and they would, therefore, recommend that, in assessing the income tax, no allowance whatever be made for house rent, or at least that the amount allowed to be deducted for the ends of public policy have been fully subserved; and they would, therefore, recommend that, in assessing the income tax, no allowance whatever be made for house rent, or at least that the amount allowed to be deducted for house rent, or at least that the amount allowed to be deducted for house rent, or at least that the amount allowed to be deducted for house rent, or at least that the amount allowed to be revenue in the city of New York alone, from the repeal of that part of the act authorizing the dedu

num. In view of the necessity for the speedy removal of other forms of taxes which tends to check the development of the industry of the country, the Commission would recommend no further change, for the present, in respect to the income

tax.
The total receipts from this source since and including 1863 are as follows: Fiscal year 1863. \$ 455,741 26 1844 14,919,279 58 "1865 20,567,550 26

It should, however, be observed that the tax on the incomes of 1862, assessed in 1863, is mainly included in the receipts of the fiscal year 1864, less than half a million of dollars having been collected in 1863; and the receipts for 1865 consist almost entirely of the tax assessed in 1864 upon the income of 1863. The receipts, therefore, from the income tax assessed in 1865, do not appear in the report of the Commissioner for that year, made November 39, 1865.

By a report, however, of the Commissioner to the Revenue Commission, it appears that the total receipts from the tax upon incomes from July 1 to December 1, 1865, were \$54,549,128. A small part of the income tax of 1854, assessed in 1865 was collected prior to July 1, but how much and the determined; and a small part, moreover, remained uncollected on December 1, 1865. The additional collections, made or to be made since that period, will, in the opinion of the Commissioner, further augment the receipts for the income tax of 1864 to at least fifty-eight nillions of dollars.

For the future, with the changes above recommended, the Commission believe that the Government may safely rely on an annual revenue from this source of about fifty millions of dollars.

BANKS.

From the excise on banks and railroads, the amount received during the fiscal year 1885 was \$13,579,594, and the Commission assume the collection of a simi-for amount for the immediate future.

#### PETROLEUM.

The receipts from refined petroleum and coal oil since 1863, have been as follows:

1863		 		 															 	:	\$6	19,962	(	9
1864	 	 		 			 			 				÷						2		55,328		
1865	 	 		 												 			 		1,0	17,212	17	17
					-		_							_				 						

Post the first quarter of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1865, the internal revenue receipts from the tax on refined petroleum and coal oil were \$302,41163; for the corresponding quarter of 1866 the receipts were \$810,056 09, showing a gain of \$507,644 48.

The tax upon petroleum was ten cents per gallon, and upon oil distilled from coal exclusively eight cents, until June 30, 1864, after which the rates were twenty and fifteen cents respectively.

By the amended Act of March 3, 1865, a duty was imposed of one dollar on each barrel of crude petroleum of forty-five gallons. The amount received from the time the tax went into effect until the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1865, was \$229,546 10. For reasons which will be found in detail in the Special Report (No. 7) on this subject, the Commission recommend that the tax as thus imposed on crude petroleum be repealed, and that the rates of tax on refined coal oil, petroleum, naphtha, benzole, &c., be retained as at present.

They are also of the opinion that when the uses of all the elements of petroleum, and of the distillates of oil-yielding coal and shale have been more fully developed, that it will be possible for the government to derive a much larger revenue from these articles with a much lower rate of excise than is now imposed.

posed.
For the next fiscal year the Commission believe that a revenue in excess of \$3,000,000 may be relied on from refined coal oil and petroleum.

LICENSES.

The receipts from Licenses for the several years during which the internal revenue system has been in operation have been as follows:

\$6,824,178 42 7,145,388 71 12,613,478 67 1863 1864

1885. 12.613.478 67
With the extension of the revenue laws over a large section of our country, where they were before inoperative, and as the result of some changes which the Commission will recommend hereafter in regard to the levying and collecting of the excise upon clothing and other articles of wearing apparel, the amount likely to be received from this source will, undoubtedly, be much augmented; and the Commission assume affect millions of dollars as the receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857. The receipts of revenue in Great Britain during the year 1885, from the same source, were £2,159,804 (\$10,799,020).

No part of the revenue is probably collected so easily, with such small expense, and with comparatively so little fraud, and which in the future can be augmented so readily, without detriment to the industry of the country, as that derivable from stamps. The following are the receipts which have hitherto accrued from this source:

accrued from this source:

Fiscal year 1863.

1864.

1865.

The rapid increase in the revenue receipts from stamps is owing in a considerable degree to the recent requirements of law, whereby receipts of money (over twenty dollars) and of property, matches, photographs, &c., are required to be stamped; but at the same time the natural advance in business throughout the country, the greater familiarity of the people with the law, and its more rigid enforcement by the Government, have powerfully contributed to swell the receipts from this source.

Of the stamps thus far consumed, it appears from a report made to the Commission by the government contractors for the manufacture of stamps, that six-sevenths of the entire consumption consist of the two cent bank-check and receipt stamps; the various proprietory stamps, and of the one cent stamps required to be affixed to matches.

The most important results in this department of the revenue, therefore,

flow from the smallest stamp taxes universally diffused. Thus one-third of the revenue received from stamps in the fiscal year 1865 were derived from the three items of "bank-check," "receipt" and "match stamps;" and from the first two (bank-check and receipt stamps) the receipts for the fiscal-year 1865 averaged about \$200,000 per month.

#### TAX ON GROSS RECEIPTS

TAX ON GROSS RECEIPTS.

From gross receipts the revenue for the fiscal year 1865 was \$9,697,866. Under this head are included, mainly, the taxes levied on transportation and intercommunication, and as the majority of them, railroads excepted, yield but inconsiderable amounts, and are in opposition to the general system of revenue which the Commission recommend, sound policy requires that they should be repealed as soon as practicable.

Thus the receipts from bridges and toll gates for the fiscal year 1865, was \$5,393; from canals \$29,421; from ferrics \$129,133; from stage coaches, wagons, &c., \$469,188; and from railroads \$5,917,298.

The revenue receipts from telegraph companies, for the fiscal year 1865, was \$5,593; from canals \$29,421; from critics \$129,500,62; and from express companies, for the fiscal year 1865, were \$215,050,62; and from express companies \$5,927,89.

Under the present law (Section 190) the dividends and interest upon the bonds of certain corporations therein enumerated, are made liable to the income tax, which is payable by the proper officer of such corporations. The Commission are unable to discover any valid reason why the moderate dividends of banks and railroad companies should be thus taxed, while the larger profits of express companies, manufacturing and other corporations, are omitted. As these returns are invariably made by an officer who has no pecuniary interest therein, it is believed that they are uniformly more nearly correct than the average returns of income made by individuals; and they, therefore, recommend an amendmendment of the law, which will include in the provisions of the above section, all important incorporated companies for whatever purpose organized, The Commission assume that the revenue derivable from gross receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, will continue as at the present, about \$9,000,000

returns of income made by individuals; and they, therefore, recommend an amendmendment of the law, which will include in the provisions of the above section, all important incorporated companies for whatever purpose organized, The Commission assume that the revenue derivable from gross receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, will continue as at the present, about \$4,000,000 TANO SALES.

Inder this head are included the sales by anetion, by merchandise, stock and gold brokers, etc.—the whole affording a net revenue of \$4,002,943,54.

The present rate of tax upon the sales of stock-brokers is one twentieth of one per cent, or five dollars on the sale of ten thousand dubra or the part value of the part of the commission, seems to establish the fact, that the above rate is far too heavy to be raised from the whole amount of business transacted. The business is not able to pay it, and in consequence of this, there can be no doubt that the tax, as now imposed, is largely evaded. By the regular member part of the great daily transactions in stocks, bonds and other securities. Of the remainder of the business done at these centres, from but an inconsiderable part of the great daily transactions in stocks, bonds and other securities. Of the remainder of the business, a very large part, undoubtedly, escapes taxation altogether. As an illustration of this, it may be stated that there are a large mamber of dealers who curbed empty his commission for selling. The broker does not follow up such a transaction, cannot control it, and cannot enforce the payment of the tax.

It is the opinion of experienced men in Wall street, that if during the last twenty years, the present rate of taxation had been paid on all their transactions, the theorem of the present and the payment of the taxation had been paid on all their transactions, the hole of the payment of the taxation had been paid on all their transactions, the hole of the payment of the taxation had been paid on all their transactions, the payment of the payment o

MISCELLANEOUS.

For the fiscal year ending June 20, 1855, the revenue receipts of the United States from miscellaneous and incidental sources were \$32,975,284.47.

For the year ending June 20, 1867, the Secretary of the Treasury estimates the receipts from lands, and miscellaneous sources (premium on gold, confiscated property, penalties, &c.) at twenty-one millions of dollars.

For the future, although it is to be expected (and hoped) that a large part of the revenue now included under the head of miscellaneous (viz., all derived from the premium on gold) will be diminished; yet it is altogether probable that under any circumstances, a considerable amount of revenue will always be derived from miscellaneous sources.

For the fiscal year 1867, the Commission adopt the estimates of the Secretary of the Treasury—viz., twenty-one millions of dollars; and they are of the opinion that in subsequent years an equivalent amount will accrue from incidental sources—sales of land, fines, and penalties, new forms of taxation, or unexpected increments of old ones.

#### AGGREGATE ESTIMATES.

A recapitulation of the foregoing estimates gives us the following aggregate results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867;

<sup>\*</sup> The Commission understand that the internal revenue bill, as it was originally drafted, and as it passed the House of Representatives, contained a clause limiting the amount to be deducted for rent, in the estimation of incomes, to \$200, and providing that persons residing in their own houses should be assessed for income on the value of the rental of such houses exceeding \$200.

From Customs	\$130,000,000	Licenses	\$15,000,000
From Excise, viz.:		Incomes	40,000,000
Distilled Spirts	\$40,000,000	Incomes. Salaries.	2,000,000
Fermented Liquors	5,000,000	Banks	15,000,000
Tobacco & Manufactures.	18,000,000	Stamps	20,000,000
Cotton (raw)	40,000,000	Gross receipts	9,000,000
Coal oil, refined Petrol.&c	3,000,000	Sales	4.000.000
Spirits of Turp'tine&Ros.	2,000,000	Legacies and Successions	3,000,000
		Miscell'neous receipts, 1866-7	21,000,000
	108,000,000	•	
		Aggregate	\$367,000,000

Adding to the above sum the amount received in the fiscal year 1885, from the various direct and indirect taxes on industry, which, excepting the amoun s derived from the excise on spirits, beer, tobacco, cotton, petroleum, and naval stores, the Commission estimate at about sixty-eight millions of dollars, we have as the gross revenue possible to be derived from all sources, under the present rates, with the amendments above proposed, four hundred and thirty-five millions of dollars (\$435,000,000).

The Commission, herefore, recommend that while the system proposed by them should be accepted substantially as the revenue policy of the country for the future, the change from the old to the new system should be made gradually, and only so fast as experience and renewed examination of the subject will domonstrate that it can be done with prudence and safety.

The present condition of the revenue, however, warrants, in their opinion, a recommendation that at least the following reductions or changes be made, to take effect at the commencement of the next fiscal year, July 1, 1896, or sooner, if, in the judgment of Congress, it is considered expedient:

1st. A repeal of Section 100 of the amended Act of March &d, 1895, (generally known as Schedule 4); such of its provisions as relate to and impose a tax upon "billiard tables," excepted.

The taxes imposed under this section and schedule, viz., on wagons, carriages, watches, pianos, plate, yachts, &c., although laid mainly on articles of luxury, are inquisitorial in their character, and are productive of more annoyance to the people and of trouble and expense to the Government than is commensure be with any revenue derivable from them.

Thus, for the fiscal year 1885, the revenue derived from gold plate amounted only to § 126 62; from pianofortes, \$7,751 82; from watches, \$9,138 61; yachts, \$2,088 33, and from billiard tables, \$67,754. The amount by which they will be reduced inconsequence of a repeal of Section 100, the tax on billiard tables excepted—taking as a bas

is \$459.822 54\*
2d. A repeal of all that part of Section 94 of the amended Act of March 3, 1855, which provides for the assessment and collection of taxes on repairs of engines, cars, carriages, slips, &c.

Taxes of this character are taxes upon prudence and economy, and their existence upon the statute book can only be justified by imperative necessity. \*

\* \* The revenue derived from this source during the fiscal year 1865, was as follows:

Making the whole reduction of the revenue by the repeal of this section, assuming as a basis the returns of 1865.....

Making an aggregate of..... \$10,131,744 08

Making an aggregate of... \$10,131,744 08

\$10,131,744 08

\$4th. A repeal of the excise duty of two dollars and forty cents per ton levied upon pig iron; the repeal of the duty of six cents per ton levied on mineral coat; and of the duty of one dollar per barrel on crude petroleum.

These articles are all raw materials lying at the basis of great branches of industry; and it is for the interest of the country that their production and sale should be, to the greatest possible extent, increased and cheapened.

The reduction of the revenue by the repeal of the duties on these articles, adopting the returns of the fiscal year 1865 as a basis of computation, will be as follows:

of the same, for reight, commissions, and value exposes of permitted.

Such a reduction would at once compensate, in great part, for the excessive duplication of taxes now complained of; and, with the continuance of the prosperity of the country (which such a reduction must necessarily promote), would not, in the opinion of the Commission, impair the revenue to an extent sufficient to cause any anxiety.

The adoption of further reductions, the Commission recommend, should be made dependent on the experience of another year.

#### ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE REVENUE SYSTEM.

ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE REVENUE SYSTEM.

Certain reforms in the organization and administration of the revenue system are proposed, which we are compelled to omit; but in the meantime, in order to provide for a more perfect administration of the law in certain respects, the Commission present the following Forms of Bills, which they would recommend to the attention of Congress:

First. A Form of Bill, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to appoint, in such one or more collection districts as he may deem advisable, "Solicitors of the Revenue," who shall discharge the duties, now devolving on United States district attorneys, in all cases relating to frauds or violations of the revenue laws.

district attorneys, in all cases relating to frauds or violations of the feetenclaws.

The Commission believe that the experience of the last three years, in the administration of the internal revenue, warrants the adoption of such a measure. In the British system this plan has been found to work very advantageously.

Secondly. A Form of Bill, authorizing the Secretary of the Trea-ury to appoint officers, to be known as Supervisors of the Revenue, who shall discharge such general and specific duties as are therein enumerated.

Thirdly. A Form of Bill, authorizing Commissioners of the Courts of the United States, under certain circumstances, to take cognizance of cases of forfeiture and frauds committed under the revenue laws of the United States, and to give judgment in respect to the same, in accordance with the laws, subject to appeal to the District Courts of the United States.

#### CONCLUSION.

In submitting this general report, the Commission would again state that they are been unable, from lack of time, to consider many of the topics of importance which have been referred to them. A number of special reports on various

sources of revenue, with Forms of Bills, as by law directed, are herewith submitted, and others will be presented at the earliest practicable moment. • • Respectfully submitted,

DAVID A. WELLS, STEPHEN COLWELL STEPHEN COL S. S. HAYES.

#### The Bankers' Gazette.

We give in our BULLETIN from day to day lists of bonds, &c., lost, a dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturd morning, such as have been published through the week in the BULLETIN will be collected and published in the CHRONICLE. Below will be sound the published the last week in the BULLETIN.

The boliowing dividends are announced—

### DIVIDENDS.

NAME OF COMPANY	RATE	1	PAYABLE,			
NAME OF COMPANY	P. C'T.	WHEN,	WHERE.	BOOKS CLOSED.		
Insurance. Gebbard bire Insur. Co	6	Fab 1	Company's Office			
People's Fire Insurance Co.			Company's Office			
Home Insurance Co			Company's Office			
Railroads, etc. Long Island &R. Co	2	Feb. 26	Bank N. America			
Philadel. & Trenten RR	10 st'k	Feb. 15.	offices in N. Y.	} —		
Northern Central RR. Co	2	Feb. 20.	Baltimore and Philadelphia.	Feb. 8 to Feb. 22		
Milw. & Pr. du Chien RR.: 1st Preferred Stock 2d Preferred Stock	83%	} Feb. 1	48 Exch. Place.	-		
Bank of the Manhattan Co.	5	Feb. 10.	At Bank.			
t. Nicholas National Bank	5	Feb. 14.	At Bank.	Feb. 2 to Feb. 12.		
Drean National Back	4	Feb. 10.	At Bank.			
The I eatter Manufs. Nat. B	5	Feb. 1.	At Bank.			

FRIDAY NIGHT, Feb. 2.

THE MONEY MARKET .- There has been little change in the tone of monetary affairs during the week. The balance of trade with the interior continues generally in our favor, although the decline in Western produce tends to augment Eastern purchases of produce in the West. The chief feature of interest is the refusal of the Secretary of the Treasury to receive any further temporary loans at over 5 per cent. interest. As this deprives brokers of an important resource when the rate of interest is weak, it has the tendency to produce a general ease in the market, and the result has been that, since the close of January, the rate on call loans has been generally 5 per cent., or about 1 per cent lower than the previously prevailing rate. The general dullness of the produce and merchandise markets has checked the late large supply of commercial paper, and there has consequently been less pressure for discounts. At the same time, the demand for paper is less active, and selections are confined very much to the better class of names. There is a certain mistrust respecting a wide range of paper now offering upon the market, and especially that of second-class houses dealing in Western goods and cotton, and of firms engaged in the Southern and Western trade. The provision of the finance bill empowering the Secretary of the Treasury to fund the currency, has the effect of increasing this caution. Buyers of paper, indeed, generally regard it unsafe to buy the paper of any parties whose capital is not known to equal the possible risks of their business. The general rate on first-class paper is 61@71 per cent.; a fair amount of names ranked and pass at 8@9 per cent.; and a large supply of less known names are negotiated with difficulty at 10 and 15 per cent.

The following are the rates for the various classes of loans:

Call lanns	Per cent.	Good endorsed bills, 3 &	Per cent.
Call loans	6 @ 7	4 months	7%@ 8
Prime endorsed bills, 2	640 74	Lower grades	8 @ 9

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS .- The decline in prices last week has been naturally followed by a speculative effort to produce an upward reaction. The attempt has been partially successful; but only partially, for the market is so devoid of strength that the improvement realized one day has been generally lost the next. The chief consideration at present affecting the value of stocks is the earnings of the roads. It is generally conceded that the prospect of a loss in the net earnings demands a reduction from the late quotations. Some, however, consider that the decline in prices of last month has already adjusted quotations to the reduced

earnings, and that consequently there should be no further decline; and this view has considerable effect in checking any further decline. Others say there is at least a possibility of a still further falling off in the earnings of the roads, and that this uncertainty will keep prices depressed; while others maintain that there must inevitably be a further large diminution in the net earnings; and these are steadily selling "short" on the leading stocks, and especially on those of the Western roads.

A certain feeling of uneasiness is produced by the finance bill, especially by the clause authorizing the funding of the non interest-bearing debt, which is construed as looking to an ultimate conversion of greenbacks. On the news, yesterday, of the bill being reported to Congress, there was a general decline of 1 and 2 per cent. in prices. This morning there was a slight rally, resulting from the operations of parties speculating for an advance; but the afternoon closed with a further general decline in quotations.

The following are the closing prices of leading stocks, compared with those of Saturday last:

	Jan. 27.	Feb. 2
Quicksilver	4014	401
Canton Co	44 %	45
New York Central	91%	87%
Erie	8836	77
Reading	9934	99
Michigan Southern	68%	68%
Michigan Central	11636	115
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	7936	81%
Rock Island	9834	9936
Northwestern	283%	2734
" preferred	54%	5414
Fort Wayne	93%	9234

United States Securities.—The transactions in Governments have been very limited, owing to the uncertainty as to the financial measures of Congress. Early in the week prices were weak and slightly declined; but have since im proven and close at \$\frac{1}{2}\mathbb{Q}\frac{1}{2}\$ per cent advance upon the closing figures of last week. The suspension of deposits at the Sub-Treasury, owing to the reduction in the rate of interest on temporary loans, has induced the employment of idle balances in Government securities, which have given a very perceptible stimulus to prices. To-day the inference, from the terms of the finance bill, that it is the purpose of the Secretary of the Treasury to early undertake the funding of Seventhirties has imparted firmness to those securities, and the price of each series shows an advance of \$\frac{1}{2}\mathbb{Q}\frac{3}{2}\$ per cent. upon the lowest quotations during the week.

The following are the closing quotations for the leading Government securities compared with those of Saturday last:

	Jan. 27.	Feb. 2.	
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup	103%	103%	
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons	102%	103	
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 "	101%	102	
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 "	101%	101%	
U. S. 10-40's, "	92%	933	
U. S. 7-30's 1st series	98%	993	
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series	98%	993	
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series	98%	991	
II S 1 vr's certificates	081	063/	

The Gold Market.—The general course of gold has been upward. The demand for customs has been at the rate of about eight millions per week for the last fortnight; and as the Sub-Treasury has not yet renewed its sales of gold the supply has become much exhausted. There has been a great scarcity of gold, and loans have been made at the rate of \$\frac{1}{8}\$ @3-16 per cent. per day. The low rate of exchange and the more assuring advices respecting monetary affairs at London have checked the upward tendency; otherwise, it is quite probable that the extreme scarcity would have put up the price still higher. The including of the authorization of a foreign loan in the finance bill, contrary to general expectation, has had less effect upon the premium than might have been expected; which is probably attributable to a prevailing belief that Congress will strike out that clause of the

The export of gold on Saturday last was \$441,268, chiefly in gold bars. The steamer Atlantic. from Aspinwall, brought in on Thursday \$953,288 in specie and bullion.

The following have been the highest and lowest quotations for gold in each of the last six days:

		Highest.	Lowest.	11.		Highest.	Lowest
Jan.	27	1398	139# 1	Jan.	31	141	1394
Jan.	29	1401	1394	Feb.	1	1405	1394
	80						

The following are the current quotations for the leading foreign coin;

	Buying.	Selling.
Sovereigns	\$6 80	\$6 85
Spanish Doubloons	16.00	16 10
Mexican Dollars	1 40	1 43
Napoleons	5 35	5 40
Thalers	10 90	. 11 00

The transactions for last week at the Custom-house and Sub-treasury were as follows:

	Custom-house. Receipts.	Payments.	reasury.————————————————————————————————————
January 22	\$382,276 75	\$2,014,118 50	\$3,319,386 64
January 23	756,645 85	1,516,724 64	1,946,280 42
January 24	466,776 34	520,012 71	3,485,962 14
January 25	457,028 20	459,774 67	1,855,330 00
January 26	533,896 64	1,542,165 91	2,199,543 17
January 27		3,404,229 79	2,310,172 37
Total	33,226,047 53	\$9,487,026 22	\$15,116,574 74
Balance in Sub-treasur			
			\$99,297,644 50
Deduct payments durin	g the week		
Balance on Saturday ev	rening		\$89.810.618 28
Increase during the wee	k		. 5,629,548 52

Total amount of gold certificates issued \$2,598,440. Included in the receipts of customs were \$1,098,000 in gold, and \$2,137,048 in gold certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-treasury since Oct. 7th:

Weeks	Custom		Sub-Treasury-			Changes in		
Ending	House.	Payments.	Receipts.	Balances.	Bala	ances.		
Oct. 7	3,590,114	25,408,765	24,335,221	69,898,621	dec	1,073,544		
" 14	1.991,742	21,552,912	19,367,370	67,713,079	44	2,185,542		
" 21	2,561,580	21,530,488	18,799,937	64,973,528	**	2,739,550		
" 28	1,932,368	39,363,735	34,547,904	60,157,697	6.6	4,815,831		
Nov. 4	2,687,656	24,798,070	20,717,008	55,076,645	44	5,081,051		
" 11	2,433,163	11,484,939	14,784,631	58,376,337	incr	3,299,692		
" 18	2,535,485	21,211,285	22,791,744	59,957,797	44	1,581,459		
" 25	1,949,999	10.188,786	18,411,038	68,180,049	44	8,222,252		
Dec. 2	2,231,767	14,616,299	23,695,742	77,259,601	44	9,079,551		
" 9	1,752,256	25,302,305	18,865,048	70,822,344	dec	6,4 17,257		
" 16	2.134,363	16,150,457	24,387,645	79,050,532	incr	8,237,188		
" 23	1,841,075	17,302,808	15,660,224	77,416,949	dec	1,642,583		
" 30	1,654,875	19,817,205	18,396,097	75,995,841	dec	1,421.107		
Jan 6	2,107,341	23,868,750	15,861,866	67,988,957	dec	8,006,883		
" 13	2,334,694	8,341,643	15,837,971	75,485,284	inc	7,496,327		
" 20	2,754,368	5,398,128	14,093,013	84,181,069	inc	8,695,78p		
" 27	3,226,047	9,487,026	15,116,574	89,810,618	inc	5,629,548		

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The continued large supply of cotton bills depresses the rates of exchange. At New Orleans first class sterling bills, with documents attached, have sold at 104@105; and in this market good bills are offered at 107, though the best find a market in limited amounts at 107½. The decline in quotations has brought remitters into the market, and to-day the transactions have been quite large.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:—

	Jan. 12.	Jan. 19.	Jan. 26,	Feb. 2.
London Com'l	108 @108%	107%@108%	107%@108%	107 @10734
do do bank's	108% @109	108%@108%	108%@108%	108 @1081
do do do s.s.	108% @109	108%@108%	109%@	1091 @1091
Paris	520 @5161	522%@517%	522 1 @ 517 16	520 @
do 8.8	515 @513%	516%@513%	516%@513%	5171/05161
Antwerp	5211/05181/	522%@518%	5221/05181/	527%@522%
Swiss	520 @517%	521 1/0 518 1/2	5201/05181/	522%@5211
Hamburg	86% @ 36%	36 @ 36%	36 @ 3614	25% @ 36%
Amsterdam	40% @ 41	46% @ 40%	403600 4036	40%@ 40%
Frankfort	40% @ 40%	40%@ 40%	40% @ 40%	40% @ 40%
Bremen	78% @ 79%	78%@ 79	7814@ 78	77% @ 78%
Berlin	71%@ 71%	71 @ 71%	71 @ 71%	70% @ 71

New YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York, for the week ending with the commencement of business on Jan. 27, 1866:

		Ave	rage amour	it of-	
	Loans and		Circula-	Net	Legal
BANKS.	discounts.	Specie.	tion.	deposits.	tenders.
New York	\$6,675,993	\$2,202,554	\$590,075	\$7,666,611	\$1,777,467
Manhattan	5,416,699	858,091	14,016	4,826,802	1,812,212
Merchants'	6,765,596	911,255	381,249	4,634,240	3,237,966
Mechanics'	5,613,584	209,545	320,614	4,327,482	1,503,711
Union	4,882,288	146,587	447,916	3,637,771	1,751,759
America	7,694,047	1,152,690	3,360	7,459,819	3,071,704
Phenix	4,198,023	160,420	184,450	4,017,254	1,610,139
City	4,079,189	221,513		2,920,064	810,264
Tradesmen's	3.096,162	27,275	300,745	2.162,568	754,584
Fulton	2.014.114	260,616	23,296	2,256,711	788,294
Chemical	4,981,995	1,152,954	21,215	5,248,810	2,378,684

Merch'ts Exchange	2,824,355	84,178	340,314	1,877,493	506,142
National	2,643,260	285,809	404,007	905,739	311,070
Butch, & Drovers	2.134,209	80,447	23,074	1,877,733	373,363
Mech's & Traders.	1,736,479	79,167	20,000	1,483,494	451,082
Greenwich	934,439	14,779	7,534	775,245	142,205
Leather Manufact's	3,056,419	301,755	130,000	2,377,236	1,229,639
Seventh Ward	781,378	36,678	104,303	609,005	349,524
State of N. York	5,609,838	278,410	13,719	4,472,542	2,302,128
American Exc'ge	9,897,998	714,384	267,035	6,738,330	4,225,499
Commerce,	19,767,457	1.113,582	2,473,245	7,573,378	2,879,495
Broadway	6,895,677	. 107,555	814,726	6,631,888	2,135,752
Ocean	3,381,340	122,761	514,834	2,852,040	922,289
Mercantile	3,164,048	70,607	298,950	3,062,235	1,243,514
Pacific	1,971,051	26,051	100,693	1,708,009	563,192
Republic	4.978,929	363,038	535,950	3,986,263	1,298,106
Chatham	2,060,428	113,140	132,500	2,008,888	525,261
People's	1,373,055	56,124	7,752	1,342,550	338,064
North America	2,501,159	83,669	297,247	2,465,732	965,961
Hanover	2,350,387	82,469	200,000	1,723,640	622,063
Irving	1,913,000	19,334	189,900	1,560,880	419,000
Metropolitan	10,623,590	99,069	840,950	6,487,233	1,906,000
Citizens'	1,390,883	26,675	112,358	1,167,182	464,130
Nassau	2,233,854	198,661	4.891	2,015,115	790,218
Market	2,611,355	106,667	416,000	2,157,712	807.594
St. Nicholas	2,835,982	37,162	636,343	1,294,157	476,823
Shoe and Leather.	2,869,660	113,120	491,660	2,251,457	1,387,000
Corn Exchange	3,524,566	38,621	29,600	2,512,394	417,000
Continental	3,769,193	139,370	462,457	2,436,437	949,000
Commonwealth	2,980,245	31,144	217,927	3,420,236	1.148,167
Oriental	1,215,541	23,079	129,018	1,060,053	355,517
Marine	1,779,515	102,565	221,500	2,039,477	1,105,700
Atlantic	1,118,508	81,643	90,117	1.149,816	470,338
Imp. & Traders	4,110,225	67,883	476,245	3,547,300	1.150,859
		361,583	999,500	14,094,500	4.107.020
Park Mech. Bank'g As'n	14,108,903 1,768,481	16,270	275,342	1,454,956	659,204
Creame?	971,809	26,565	62,766	983,723	355,951
Grocers'		39,954	13,164	1,484,063	382,603
East River	1,619,444	18,678	199,500	638,028	209,693
	896,938	10,756	1,215	1,062,720	251,289
Manuf. & Merch'ts Fourth National	1,505,072	68,853	2,244,770	11,643,297	2,695,629
	16,533,715		1.339,398	12,650,512	3,968,325
Central	12,667,801	25,573			
Second National	1,206,541	11,590	269,706	868,438 6,449,912	275,702 2,032,537
Ninth National	5,676,598	39,883	850,345		
First National	2,297,829	54,491	428,931	2,832,742	1,508,485
Third National	3,090,435	45,763	798,678	2,466,859	990,409
Dry Dock	110,684	5,975	14,576	185,096	23,000
Bull's Head	955,575	9,149	111,702	1,021,221	101 000
Manufacturers'	592,800	18,886	84,505	417,416	131,338
-		-			Principality II & Commission

Totals...... \$240,407,836 13,106,759 20,965,883 195,012,454 70,319,146

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are

The statement exhibits, upon the whole, a departure from the condition of extreme ease existing for some time past. The heavy loss of specie is due to the large withdrawals for the payment of customs' duties.

The several items compare as follows with the returns of previous weeks:

			Circula		Legal	Aggregate
	Loans.	Specie.		Deposits.	Tenders.	
Oct. 7	228,520,727	18,470,134	10,970,397	188,504,486	58,511,752	572,703,232
Oct. 14	227,541,884	15,890,775	11,722,847	182,364,156	50,459,195	699,348,495
Oct. 21	224,030,679	15,586,540	12,338,441	174,192,110	46,169,855	559 166 864
Oct. 28	219,965,639	14,910,561	12,923,735	173,624,711	46,427,027	575,945,580
Nov. 4	220,124,961	13,724,268	13,289,381	173,538,674	47,778,719	563,524,873
Nov.11	224,005,572	11,995,201	13,825,209	174,199,442	47,913,888	588,441,862
Nov.18	224,741,853	12,449,989	14,333,168	173,640,464	47,737,560	503,757,650
Nov.25	225,345,177	12,343,542	15,340,528	175,588,078	49,997,271	452,612,434
Dec. 2	229,197,844	13,431,103	15,867,400	175,523,894	48,220,805	487,045,569
Dec. 9	227,839,344	15,622,780	16,570,613	176,480,562	48,271,757	420,105,053
Dec. 16	227,814,356		16,724,725	180,913,753	48,877,556	501,690,808
Dec. 23	228,572,034	16,055,037		183,021,870	53,891,520	507,237,904
Dec. 30	229,445,730		17,990,680	189,224,861	71,134,996	396,281,041
Jan. 6, '66.	233,185,059	15,778,741	18,588,428	195,482,254	71,617,487	370,617,523
Jan.13 '66.	234,938,193	16,852,568	19,162,917	197,766,999	73,019,957	608,082,837
Jan.20 '66.	239,337,726	15,265,372	20,475,707	198,816,248	72,799,892	538,949,311
Jan. 27'66.	240,407,836	13,106,759	20,965,883	195,012,454	70,319,146	516,3:3,672

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following comparative statement shows the average condition of the leading items of the Philadelphia banks for the last and previous weeks:

	Jan. 22, 1866.	Jan. 29, 1866.
Loans	\$47,254,622	\$47,607,558
Specie	1,012,980	1,008,825
Legal tenders	17,052,559	16,244,277
Deposits	36,314,656	35,461,881
Circulation	7.411.437	7.432.535

The following comparison shows the condition of the Philadelphia banks at stated periods:

adelphia banks at sta	nea perious	5:		
Date.	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation;	Deposits
Oct. 3,	49,924,281	1,092,755	7,056,984	38,347,233
Oct, 10,	49,742,036	1,037,705	7,082,197	37,238,078
Oct. 17,	49,682,319	1,060,579	7,084,667	36,252,038
Oct. 24,	48,959,072	1,052,357	7,074,066	35,404,524
Oet. 31,	48,317.622	1,086,774	7,069,814	34,605,024
Nov. 14,	48,043,189	955,924	7,064,766	34,582,031
Nov. 20,	46,679,961	917.372	7,059,451	34,067,872
Nov. 27,	45,415,040	903,181	7,065,275	34,050,109
Dec. 4	45,662,762	891,993	7,084,286	34,995,138
Dec. 11	45,596,327	896,141	7.123,240	34,310,272
Dec. 18	45,598,293	937,333	7.141.389	34,272,551
Dec. 26	45,650,301	898,565	7,169,293	34,117,482
Jan. 2	45,941,001	890,822	7,226,369	35,342,306
Jan. 8	46,774,150	983,685	7,319,528	36,618,004
Jan. 15	47,350,428	1,007,186	7,357,972	36,947,700
Jan. 22	47,254,622	1,012,980	7,411337	36,214,653
Jan 99	47 607 558	1 000 905	F 499 595	25 460 661

NATIONAL BANKS.—The following additional banks have been designated by the Secretary of the Treasury as depositories of the public moneys: First National Bank, Marshall, Mich.; Winnebago National Bank, Rockford, Ill.; First National Bank, Frederick, Md.

There were no new organizations under the national banking system during last week. The whole number of national banks now authorized is 1,620, with an aggregate capital of \$407,759,203. The amount of circulation issued to the national banks during last week was \$2,868,200. Previously, \$245,866,510. Total, \$248,734,710.

The following comparison shows the progress of the national banks, in respect to number, capital and circulation from Oct. 7th:

nom our run.			
Date.	Banks.	Capital.	Circulation.
Oct. 7,	1,578	399,354,212	194,182,630
" 14,	1,592	401,406,013	197,798,880
" 21,	1,597	402,071,130	200,925,780
" 28,	1,600	402,573,793	203,877,355
Nov. 4,	1,605	403,308,793	207,212,930
" 18,	1,610	403,741,893	214,110,815
" 25,	1,612	403,916,893	217,384,440
Dec. 2,	1,613	404,609,493	221,557,150
Dec. 9,	1,619	405,059,203	224,953,975
Dec. 16	1,623	405,809,203	229,746,085
Dec. 23	1,624	406,409,203	233,760,135
Dec. 30	1,625	407,409,203	237,371,155
Jan. 6, 1866	1.626	407,509,203	240,094,565
Jan. 13, "	1,626	407,509,203	252,926,620
Jan. 20, "	1.628	407,759,203	245,866,510
Jan. 27, "	1,628	407,759,203	248,734,710

Foreign Banking.—The following is the return of the Bank of England for the week ending Jan. 10, 1865:

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

ISSUE DEL	71 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Notes issued £26,724,840	Government debt £11,015,100 Other securities 3 634,900 Gold coin and bullion. 12,074,840
£26,724,840	£26,724,840
BANKING DI	EPARTMENT.
Proprietors'capital £14,558,000 Rest	Government securities   including   D e a d
vidend Accounts 3,643,638	

£38,313,878 | £38,813,378

The preceding accounts, compared with those of the previous week exhibit—

16,231,562 454,815

Other deposits . . . . . Seven day & other bills

A dcrease of circulation of	
A decrease of public deposits of	3,935,799
An increase of other deposits of	1,506,604
No change in Government Securi	ties.
A decrease of other securities of	2,400,493
A decrease of bullion of	218,354
An increase of rest of	
An increase of reserve of	111,486

The following is the return of the Bank of France made up to the 11th inst. The return for the previous week is

i	up to the 11th inst. The return	for the p	re	vious	week	is
5	added:					
	DEBTOR.	Jan. 11, 18	66.		Jan. 4, 18	388
-	- Dan Can	f.	c.		f.	C.
à	Capital of the bank	182,500,000		18	2,500,000	0
	Profits, in addition to capital	7,044,776	2		7,044,776	
	Reserve of the bank and branches	22,105,750			2,105,750	
	New reserve	4,000,000			4,000,000	
	Notes in circulation and at the branches.	954,402,575	0		8,145,275	
5	Drafts drawn by the bank on the branches	334,402,313	U	94	0,140,210	U
,	of the bank payable in Paris or in the					
		# 000 0±4	mo		0 494 918	00
	provinces	7,809,951			8,434,215	
ı	Treasury account	64,641,036			9,302,700	
í	Accounts current at Paris	159,447,607	13		6,864,853	
	Ditto in the provinces	26,680,795	0		4,117,872	
	Dividends payable	6,518,613			1,573,343	
	Various discounts	2,695,643			1,884,848	
	Re-discounts	2,074,992	92		2,074,992	92
	Surplus of receipts not distributed					
•	Sundries	16,109,519	36	2	4,555,123	33
		1,456,031,261	60	1,469	2,603,751	90
•	CREDITOR					
	Cash and bullion	398,570,754	23	41	8,677,363	77
	Commcial bills overdue	1,506,788			487,204	72
	Ditto discounted in Paris	384,304,116		26	3,227,619	
	Ditto in the branches	357,501,753			1,517,983	
	Advances on bullion in Paris	7,479,300			7,711,500	
ı	Ditto in the provinces	8,106,000	0		9,022,200	
١	Ditto on public securities in Paris	12,738,400				
ı		7,608,200		1	3,427,000 7,378,700	0
۱	Ditto in the provinces				1,010,100	0
ij	Ditto on obligations and railway shares	31,262,000		- 0	0,817,900	0
	Ditto in the provinces Ditto on securities in the Credit Foncier	20,905,280	,	20	0,981,580	0
ı		658,400	0		661,400	0
	in Paris	477,550			458,850	
i	Ditto in the provinces					
1	Ditto to the State	60,000,000			0,000,000	
d	Government stock reserve	12,980,750			2,980,750	
	Ditto other securities	36,449,737			6,449,737	
	Securities held	100,000,000			0,000,000	
i	Hotel and property of the bank & branches	8,379,013			8,374,755	
H	Expenses of management	25,669			5,860	
	Sundries	7,077,548	72	1	0,423,347	96
1		1.456.031.261	60	1.46	2,603,751	90

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### SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REPRESENTED BY THE CLOSING SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2.)

nc-t-	on Co		CURITIES.		139%			Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Railroad Stocks.   10
	an Go	ld Coi						100			Brooklyn City
ited	State	8 68, 1	ational. 987 888 888 881	registered.		12314		123			Central of New Jersey
do	do	68, 1	868	registered.		_			120		do do preferred
do	do	68, 1	881	coupon.	1035%	103%	1035%	103%	103%	_	Chicago, Burlington and Quincy
do	do	68, 5	-20s	coupon.	102%	102%	102%	10314	103	103	Chicago and Northwestern
do	do	68, 5	-20s	registered.	1015		1013/	1013/	109	102	do do preferred100 54% 53% 55 55% 54%
do	do	68. 5	.20s (2d issue)	registered	10178		10174	10174	10%	102	Chicago and Rock Island
do	do	68, 5	5.20s (3d issue)	coupon	101%	101%	101%	102	102	-	Cleveland and Pittsburg 50 79% 79% 81% 82% 81%
do	do	68, 5	.20s, do	registerea		102					Delaware Lackswanns and Western 50 149 145
do	do	68,	do. do.	(+ yearly).	_		_		-	_	Eighth Avenue
do	do	58, 1	871	coupon.		-	-		-	-	Erie
do	do	58, 1	874	coupon.				_	_		do preferred
do	do	58, 1	874	registered.	-				-	_	do do preferred100
do	do	58, 1	0-408	couponregistered .	92%	92%	93	9334	93%	931/4	do preferred 50
do	do	6s, T	Inion Pacific I	R. R (cur.).	-			_	-	_	Hudson River
do	do	7-30s	Treas. Notes	2d series.	98%	9878	987/8	993/8	991	993/8	Illinois Central
do	do	do	do do	3d series.	9834	9878	98%		99	99¼ 98¾	Joliet and Chicago
do	do	68, (	State.		98%	9834	9834		98%	98%	Long Island
litor	nia 7s.	, large	2ds, 1860				118	118	_		Marietta and Cincinnati 100 — — —
nnec	ticut	6s, 187	2		-	-	-		-		do do 1st preferred100 — — — —
orgi	a 6s	al Bone	ds. 1860		-	_					Michigan Central
do	Regi	istered	, 1860		-	-	-	-	_		Michigan So. and N. Indiana
do	6s, c	oupon	, '79, after 186	0	_		-	-	-		Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien100 — 97 98
do	-	do	do 186	5		_		_			Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien
do	C	do	ds, 1860	0	-		-	-	-	-	do do do do 2d pref100
do		do	do 1879		_			_			do do preferred100
do		War L	oan		96	-	-		-		Mississippi and Missouri
do	58, V	war L	oan,			_		84			New Jersey 100 1034
do	21	8	wa		-	-	-	78	-	_	New York Central. 100 91% 91% 91% 89% 88%
ntuc	ky 6s.	, 1868-	72		81%	_	_	_	-	-	New Haven and Hartford
chig	an 6s,	1873			0172	_	_				Ohio and Mississippi Certificates 25 25 25½ 25½ 25½
do	68,	1878	do 1879 oan		-	-		-	-	-	do do do preferred
do	78.	1868.			_	_					Panama
do	78,	War I	Loan, 1878 ty Loan, 1890 .		-		-		_	_	Reading. 50 99¼ 98½ 99 99¾ 99¾ 99¾
do	78,	Bount	ty Loan, 1890 .			_		-	-	-	St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute
SSOU	ri 6s.		ibal and St. Jo		751/2		76			79	Second avenue
do	68,	Hann	ibal and St. Jo	seph RR.)	-	-		-	-		Sixth avenue
w Y	ork 7s	s, 1870.				_		_		79	Third avenue.
do	68	, 1866.			-	-	-		_	_	do do do preferred 50
do									-	-	
do	68	8, 1872			_	_	_	_		_	Railroad Bonds:
do	68	8, 1873			-	-	-	-	-	-	Atlantic and Great Western, 1st mort 97 — 97
do	68	, 1875	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								Buffalo, New York and Erie, 1st mort., 1877
do	68	s, 1877		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	_	-	-	_	_	Chicago and Alton, Sinking Fund
do	58	s, 1866 a 1868				_	_	_	-	-	do do lst mortgage 93½ 90
do	58	s, 1871.				_	_	_			do do Income
do	58	8, 1874			-	-	-	-	-	-	Chicago and Milwaukee, 1st mortgage
do	58	8, 1876	e Bounty Bond					- )			
do	78	s, State	e Bounty Bond	ls	99%	-	9914	99%	993%	-	do do Extension
io	Caron 8s. 186	na 68			83		821/4	823	-	-	do do lst mortgage 85 84 — 8414
lo (	38, 187	70			-	_	-	_			Chicago and Rock Island, 1st mortgage
lo (	8, 187	5			-	0"	-	241	-		Cleveland and Pittsburg, 2d mortgage
lo (	is, 188	6				95		941/		95	do do 3d mortgage, conv
ode	Island	d 6s			-	-	-	_	_	_	Cleveland and Toledo, Sinking Fund 95%
nnes	caron ssee 6s	na 68.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				-	-	-	do do do 2d mort
do	68	, Long	g Loans		881/2	89	89	891/8	8934	89%	Erie, 1st mortgage, 1868.
do	8 69	conne	g Loans		66			-	-	-	do   do   do   do   do   do   do   do
isco	nsin 6	s, War	Loan		00	_	_				
001-1	vn 0-	M	unicipal.								do 4th mortrage 1880
do	9H 68	Wate	r Loan					_	-	_	do 5th mortgage, 1888
do	68	, Publi	er Loan ic Park Loan. ovement Stoc		-	-	-	8416	-	_	
do	City 6	s. We	ter Loan	K	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hannibal and St. Joseph, 1st Mortgage 92 92
ew I	ork 7	s, 1875	ter Loan		-	_	-		_	_	Harlem, 1st mortgage, 1869-72. do Consolidated and Sinking Fund
do						-	-	-	•	-	Undeen Diver 1st mortgage, 1868
do	6	s, 1887		************	-	_				_	do 2d mortgage, (S. F.), 1885 99½
do	5	s, 1867			-	_	-	_	_	_	do 3d mortgage, 1875
do						_	-	-	-	-	Illinois Central 7s, 1875
do	5	8, 1878			-		-				Illinois Central 7s, 1875
do						-	-	-	-	-	
do		58, 1876	3				_			-	do do 8s, new, 1882
do	. 6	58, 1890	oan, 1868. cellaneous		-	-	-	_	-	-	Marietta and criminati, 1st morigage.  Michigan Central 8s, 1869-72.  do do 8s, new, 1882.  Michigan Southern, Sinking Fund.  do do 2d morigage, 7s.  do do Goshen Line, 1868.  Milwankee and Prairie du Chien, 1st morit.
do	5	8, F. L	oan, 1868		-	-	_	-	-	-	do do Goshen Line, 1868
		Misc	cellaneous	•	1			-	-	-	Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, 1st mort 98
lant	. 35	2.0		100	00	-	-	-	-	-	Milwankee and St. Paul, 1st morts   98
ntor	, Balt	imore				44	44	44	-	-	Mississippi and Missouri, Land Grants.
ntra	Coal	wiece .	Fransit. preferred.	100	) -	-	-	-	-	=	New York Central 6s, 1883. 48½ 93 93 93
mbe	rland	Coal	preferred	100	1445	40	-	-		-	do do 6s, 1887 93 93 93 do do 6s, Real Estate 93 93
law	ire &	Hudso	on Canal	100	136	13434	_	45%	45% 136	1941	do do 68, subscription
rlen	das	log T	on Canal	50	)	10174	_	_	100	134%	do do 78, 1876
ripo	sa Mi	ining	çıı6			10	-	-	-	-	do do 7s, convertible, 1976
ripo	sa Pr	referre	d	100	í	13	17%	13	13	1236	Ohio and Mississippi, 1st mortgage
w	ork S	das.	hin		-	_	-1/5	_	11/9		Onto and arissispip, ist mortgage Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, ist mort do do do 2d mort
cara	gua T	ransit	шр		-		-		-	-	St Louis Alton and Torre Houte 1st mort
cific	Mail	Steam	ship	100			185	185	-	_	St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute, 1st mort
nne	vlvan	a Cool	Scrip	100	170	-	165	_		_	do do do 2d. income.
icke	ilver	Mirins	hip Scrip Scrip Graph legraph	100	4014	40	40	400	-	400	Toledo and Wabash, 1st mortgage
ited	State	s Tele	graph	100	10%	-	-	40%	41	4014	do do 1st mortgage, extended. — 90 —
104			legraph	100	K1	51%	5236	5234	55	55%	do do 2d mortgage

### NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES' LIST.

	DENOMINATIONS.	Amount Outstanding Hats   Fayable.   Princt Bid   Date   DENOMINATIONS.   Amount Outstanding   Date   Date   Denominations   D		Amount Outstanding	tstanding.		Payable. Principal Due.		MARKET Bid. Ask					
	AN GOLD COIN						139%	Municipal Securities	Ann 00-	_	-			-
Nati	f 1847registered.	9,415,250	6	Jan. & July	1867	123	124	do City Scrip	\$90,000 225,000	6	Jan. & July do	65 69		
0	1848,coupon. doregistered.	8,908,342		Jan. & July		118	124	do Water Loan	850,000	6	do	'70 '82 1879		1
0	1860coupon.	7,022,000		Jan. & July	1	97		ALLEGHANY CITY, PaCity Bds.	300,000	6	Jan. & July	var.		-
	doregistered.				1	97	99	do do RR. Bds. Baltimore, Md.—Improvement	600,000 4,963,000	4 5	J A J&O	1913		
	1860	20,000,000	5	Jan. & July	1874			do Miscellaneous.	820,000	6	J.,A.,J.&O. do Jan. & July	1870		
	do registered	282,746,000	6	Jan. & July	1881	103%		do N.W.Virg.RR. do Water Loan	1,500,000 3,500,000	6	May & Nov	1875	****	1
gonV	Var Bds (yearly) coupon do († yearly) coupon (-20s) of 1862coupon	1,016,000	6	July	1881			do York&Cum.R.	1,000,000		May & Nov Jan. & July			1
ds (t	(-20s) of 1862coupon.)		,	Jan. & July		103	103%	do B.&O.R.coup   do B. & O. RR	5,000,000		J.,A.,J.&O.			1.4
)	do do .registered . §	514,780,500		May & Nov.	1	101%	10236	do Park Bangor, Me.—City Debt	554,000 197,700		M.,J.,S,&D.	1890 '65 '82	•••	1
	do 1864 coupon. ( do do .registered. (	100,000,000	6	May & Nov.	1884	101%		do Railroad Debt	740,000	6		'65 '74		ı
	do 1865 coupon. do do .registered.	50,000,000	6	May & Nov.	1885			Boston, Mass.—City Bonds	583,205 6,580,416			'78 '79 '65 '85	96	1
(1	0-40s) 1864 coupon.	172,770,100	5	Mar. & Sept.	1904	931	93%	do City Bonds	1,265,610	6	Lucia I	'67 '77		j
n P	do do .registered . sacific RR. Bonds of 1865 .	1,258,000		Jan. & July		93%	****	do Water Loan Stg. Water Loan	1,949,711 993,000	5		'72 '73 '70 '78		1
sur	Notes (1st series)	300,000,000	7.30	Feb. & Aug.	1867	99%	993%	BROOKLYN, N.YCity Bonds	634,200	6	Jan. & July	'65 '71 '65 '95		1
do do	do (2d series) do (3d series)	230,000,000	$7.30 \\ 7.30$	Jun. & Dec. Jan. & July	1868	99	99%	do Improve't St'k do Pub. Park L'n.	1,281,000 121,540	6	do	1869	8436	1
Ce	rtificates	55,905,000	6	Maturity	1 year	98%	98%	do Water Loan	5,550,000	6	do	'81 '97 '65 '79	91	1
BAM	ate Securities.	2,709,000	5	Jan. & July	1877			BUFFALO, N.Y.—Municipal Bonds do Municipal Bonds	216,000 299,000	6	***************************************	'65 '82		1
0	do do	688,000	6	do	1876	110		CHICAGO, Ill.—City Bonds	571,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1881 1876		1
do	War Bonds	3,926,000 803,000	7	do	'78 '80 1872			do Sewerage Bonds	360,000 913,600	7	Jan. & July do	'79 '87		1
NEC:	PICUT-War Bonds	8,000,000 2,073,750	6	Oct. & Apr.	172 '84	92		do Water Bonda	1,030,000	6	do	1888 1895	96	1
do	-State Bondsdo do	525,000	6		1872	90	::::	CINCINNATI, O.—Municipal do Water Bonds		6	Apr. & Oct. Jan. & July		::::	1
io	-Canal Bonds Registered Bonds	3,747,000 3,293,274	6	Jan. & July	1870			CLEVELAND, O-City Bonds do Water Bonds		7	do	var. 1879		1
lo	Coupon Bonds	1,700,900	6	do	1860			do Sewerage Bonds		7	do	1890		1
lo	do do	803,000	6	do	1862 1865	95	97	DETROIT, Mich.—City Bonds	20,000 256,368	8	do June & Dec.	1871 '69 '79	94 93	1
lo	do do	1,116,500	6	do	1870	95		do City Bonds	50,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1865		1
lo lo	do do	490,000 236,000			1877 1879	95	97	DUBUQUE, Io.—City Bonds	650,000 819,457	8	Jan. & July Various.	1871		-
0	War Loan Bonds	2.000,000	6	do	1879	95	97	do Railroad	400,000	7	Jan. & July	'75 '77		1
O	-State Bonds do do	5,325,500 2,058,173	5	Jan. & July do	1866 1866	84 75	90	HARTFORD, Ct.—City Bonds do Park Bonds	125,000 130,000	6	Various. Feb. & Aug	'65 '80 1882	•	1
0	War Loan Bonds	1,225,500	6 .	May & Nov.	1881	93	95	do Railroad Bonds	500,000	6	Jan. & July	1870		1
-8	tate Certificates Var Loan Bonds	200,000	7	Jan. & July do	1887 1877			do Water Bonds JERSEY CITY, N. J.—City Bonds.	875,000 122,000	6	June & Dec. Various.	1888		1
SAS-	-State Bonds	200,000	7	Jan. & July	'76 '78	:.::	60	do do City Bonds.	118,000	7	do	'65 '81 '65 '75		١
UC	State Bonds		5	Jan. & July do	'68 '74		9434	do do Water Bds . Louisville, Ky.—City Bonds	650,000	7	Jan. & July Various.	'77 '88 var.	90	1
0	. War Loan	2,000,000	6		1871			do City Bonds		6	do	var.	•••	Ì
CAIR	State Bonds (RR) State Bonds (RR)		6		dem. '67.69	80		do Water Bonds MARYSVILLE, Cal.—City Bonds		6	May &Nov. Jan. & July	1887		1
0	State Bonds for B'ks.	5,398,000	6					do City Bonds		8	do	1004		ı
-	State Bonds	532,000 4,800,000	6	Mar. & Sept. Jan. & July	180 189	94	96 96	MILWAUKEE, Wis.—City, re-adj'd NEWARK, N. J.—City Bonds	911,500 219,000	6	June & Dec.	1894 '70 '83	****	1
	War Loan ND—State Bonds		5	Quarterly	var.		85	do City Bonds	100,000	7	Feb. & Aug Jan. & July	1873		
0	State Bds.coupon. \ StateBds inscribed \( \)	8,192,763	6	Quarterly	1890 }	101	101%	NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—City Bds. NEW LONDON, Ct.—City Bonds	425,000 60,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	67 '87		1
0	State Bonds coupon	1,727,000	6	Quarterly	1870	101	101	NEW LONDON, Ct.—City Bonds NEWPORT, R. I.—City Bonds	150,000	5	Jan. & July Apr. & Oct.	'73 '84		1
do	State Scrip	1,200,0:0 6,500,000	6	Jun. & Dec.	68 '74 '65 '80		95 107	NEW HAVEN, Ct.—City Bonds NEW YORK CITY—Water Stock	200,000 3,000,200	5	Jan. & July May & Nov.	1870	••••	١
do	Bounty F'd L'n.	2,100,000	5	Jan. & July	'71 '78			do do Water Stock	2,147,000	5	do	TOOR		١
ob	War Loan	6,500,000 250,000	6	Mar. & Sept. Jan. & July	1865		95	do do CrotonW'r S'k do do CrotonW'r S'k	900,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1890 1890		
		1,750,000	6	do	'73 '83	::::		do do W'r S'k of '49	483,900	5	do May & Nov.	'75 '79		1
0	Renewal Loan War Loan	216,000 1,122,000	6		1878 1886			do do W'r S'k of '54 do do Bu. S'k No. 3.	1,878,900	5	Apr. & Oct. May & Nov.	1875		١
0	War Bounty Loan	345,000	7	May & Nov.	1890			do do Fire Indem. S.	402,768	5	do	1868		١
OTES	TA-State Bonds	250,000 602,000	8	Jan. & July do	1867 1883	76	77	do do Central P'k S. do do Central P'k S.	399,300 3,066,071	6	Jan. & July do	1898 1887		ı
0	State Bonds for RR	13,701,000		Jan. & July	'71 '89			do do Central P'k S	275,000	6	do	1898		I
0	State Bonds (Pac. RR) State Bonds (H, &St.J)	7,000,000 3,000,000	6	do	'72 '87 '72 '85	77	š0	do do C.P.Imp. F. S. do do C.P.Imp. F. S.	2,083,200 1,966,000	6	Feb. & Aug May & Nov.	1887	90%	1
0	Revenue Bonds	431,00	9	do	1866			do do Real Estate B.	600,000	6	do	1873		I
	MPSHIRE—State Bonds War Fund Bds		6	Feb. & Aug.	1876	91	::::	do do Croton W'r S. do do Fl.D't. F'd. S.	1,800,000 2,748,000	6	do	1883 1878		١
d	lo War Notes	2,500,000	8		short			do do Pb.B.Sk. No. 8	150,000	5	do	1866		l
do	War Loan Bonds.	95,000 731,000	6	Jan. & July Jan. & July	var.		98	do do Docks&SlipsS do do Pub. Edu. S'k.	500,000 154,000	5	do	'67 '76 1873		1
You		700,000	7	do	1870	g	101	do do Tomp.M'ket S	102,000	6	Jan. & July	'65' 69		1
0			6		pleas. 1868		::::	do do Vol. B'nty L'n	895,570 490.000	6	May & Nov.	1864 1867		1
000000	General Fund	800,000	6	do	1878			do do Vol.Fam.AidL	1,000,000	6	do	1865		-
0		442,961	5	May & Nov.	pleas. 1868	::::	::::	NEWYORKC'NTY C't House S'k	2,500,000 1,400,000	6	May & Nov.	'66 '73 '75-'89		1
9		900.000	5	Jan. & July	1875			do do Sol.Sub.B.R.B	2,000,000	6	do	'73-'76 '80-'81		1
5	Bounty Bonds		5 7	Jan. & July	1878 1877	99%	99%	do do Sol.B'ntyFd.B	949,700 4,996,000	6	do do	'83 '90		-
9				1 . [				do do Riot Dam.R.B PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—City Bds,old	1,442,100	6	do	'77-'82		1
		702,000 8,050,000	6		1866 1872	::::	:::	do CityBds,new	552,700 739,222	5	Jan. & July do	65 '81 65 '82	::::	1
2		6,000,000	6	L. b	1873			do City Bds,old do CityBds,new	2,232,800	6	do	65 '98 '65 '99	8734 9134	1
5	Canal Bonds		6	} & 3	1874 1875	93	::::	PITTEBURG, PaCity Bonds	1,009,700	6	Jan. & July	var.	91%	١
0		900,000	6		1877 1866	94		do Railroad Bonds. PORTLAND, Me.—City Bonds	1,800,000	5	Various	1918		1
0		1,163,000	5	1 1	1868			do Railroad Bonds,	1,500,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	'68 '71		-
0	-	167,000	5 .		1871			PROVIDENCE, R. I.—City Bonds do Railroad B'ds	600,000	6	Mar. & Sept. Jan. & July	1885		-
E C	AROLINA-State Bonds.		6		1874   var.	83	8436	do City Loan	300,000	5	do	1893		
-F	oreign Loan	562,268	6		1860			ROCHESTER, N. Y.—City Bonds	200,000	5	Various.	65 '82		1
F	oreign Loan	379,866	6		1865 1868			do Railroad	260,000	6		65 '76		1
F	oreign Loan	2,183,532	6	do	1870	94		SACRAMENTO, Cal.—City Bonds do County B'ds.	1,496,100	6	Jan. & July	'88- 98 1884		-
F	oreign Loan		6		1875 1881	94	95 95	ST. Louis, MoMunicipal	1,464,000	6		65 '83	::::	1
F	oreign Loanomestic Loan Bonds	2,400,000	6	do	1886	95%		do Real Estate do Sewerage	523,000	6	do	'65 '90		1
NI.	VANIA—State Bonds		6	May & Nov.	68-'71 var.	90	91	do Improaement	254,000	6	do	'79 '88 '71 '87		-
do	State Stock	29, 209, 000	5	do	var.		893	do Water	484,000	6	do	'71 '83		1
E I	SLAND—State (War) Bds.	3,000,000 8,889,000	6	Feb. & Aug. : Various.	1871 71 '94	::::	100	do Harbor		6	do	65 '86 '67'		1
H C	AROLINA—State Stock	2,595,516	6	Jan. & July	68 '90			do Wharves do Pacific RR do O. & M. RR do Iron Mt. RR	457,000	6	do	71 '78,		1
E85	Railroad Bonds	1,125,000	6		1868 var.	8936	89%	do O. & M. RR do Iron Mt. RR		6	do do	72 '74 '74 '77		1
lo	Improvement Bonds	2,871,000	= 1		var.	0979		SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—City Bonds. do City Fire B.	1,352,600	10	May & Nov.	1871		1
ON!	War Loan Bonds	175,000 1,650,000	6		var. 71 '78		95	do City Fire B.	178,500 1 329,000		Jan. & July do	1866 1875		1
INLA	-Inscribed Certificates	18,264,642	6	Jan. & July	83 '93		91	do C.&Co'tvB.	1,133,500	6	do	1888		1
ONS	Railroad Bonds	12,624,500	6	do	85 '93			do C.&Co'tyB. do C.&Co'tyB.	300,000	7	April & Oct.	1883		1
	War Fund Bonds	1,200 000	6	Jan. & July do	77 '88			do C. &Co'tvB.	1.000.000		Jan. & July	1004		1

## The Commercial Times.

### COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Feb. 2, 1866.

There is a better inquiry in general merchandize, both for export and consumption; although there is not, as yet, any decided revival of trade. But the effect has been to check in a measure the downward tendency of prices, and make holders feel more comfortable.

It is a notable fact, that while stocks of domestic products are large and increasing, their prices are well supported; and while stocks of foreign merchandize and domestic manufactures are rather small (except in the matter of dry goods) there is no easy sale for them, and holders are obliged to content themselves with waiting for customers. The farmers and planters are holding back their Cotton, Breadstuffs, Tobacco, Provisions, &c., and insist upon extreme prices, which must be paid to a considerable extent; in the meantime, they buy very few imported or manufactured goods. and are not paying promptly for what they bought last fall.

Cotton has been in active export demand at irregular prices. Breadstuffs have on the whole slightly improved.

The provision markets have shown more firmness, and prices in most cases have slightly improved. Stocks in this city and at the West are light, as compared with former years, and the demand for consumption is large, with a moderate shipping business. The stock of Pork in this market yesterday was 66,000 bbls. (44.000 bbls. new and 22,000 bbls. old) against 35,000 bbls. last month and 155,000 bbls. February 1, 1865. The stock of Beef was 31,000 bbls. and tes. against 35,000 last month and 137,000 on the 1st February, 1865. It is true, a year ago we had the army massed on the Atlantic coast, to be fed from this market; but does not the South, now open to commerce, require as much and more than the army did? The export orders if not large are at higher gold prices than last year, and a slight decline may lead to their being largely increased. The packing season at the West is nearly over for the season, except at Chicago and Milwaukee, where the receipts of hogs are larger than was anticipated, but where the packing is far behind last season. The chief feature of the market for hog products the past few days has been the large demand for Mess Pork for future delivery, sellers options being freely granted, and all offered at \$29 for March and April quickly taken. The sales of English meats the past week amount to about 4,000 bxs. Lard has been depressed but closing firm. It will depend very much upon the course of the money market whether the combination to hold up the price of Pork will succeed. The light stock of Beef has but little effect on prices. After 'Change to-day Pork took a sharp turn upward.

The Grocery Market shows some indications of revival of demand for consumption, with strengthening, if not advance in prices. We annex statements of stocks

TO GENERAL DEGLES OF STOCK			
	Feb. 1, 1866.		Feb. 1, 1865.
Coffee, bags and mats		102,105	116,941
Sugar, hides	24,862	81,460	12,099
Sugar, boxes	45,366	58,704	10,922
Sugar, bags	98,192	89,491	99,454
Molases, hbds	5,213	8,613	3,710
Molasses, bbls	467	335	787
Rice, bags	23.000	24.300	55.100

Naval Stores have moved briskly for export, but prices have rather tended downward. Oils show no material change. In fruits, the main feature has been the extreme depression in Sicily Oranges and Lemons, selling at auction at \$1a\$2.50 per box.

Petroleum has been without improvement in prices. The movement in this staple at this market has been greatly in excess of any former years.

Metals have been irregular. The Copper market is unsettled by the intelligence of the raising of the Chili blockade, but the effect is somewhat modified by the report that the import duty is to be largely increased. Iron has been active for future delivery. Tin drooping. Lead dull. Spelter and Zinc firm:

In other matters of trade, there is nothing of moment to note. In freights, the principal movement has been in Cotton; 7,000 bales were shipped to Liverpool on Wednesday, and the shipments of the week are about 18,000 bales to Great Britain and the Continent. The shipment of Breadstuffs to Great Britain are latterly more active.

The following table shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the past week, since January 1, 1866, and for the corresponding period in 1865:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.] For Since Same the Jan. 1, time week. 1866. 1865. 68 576 176 742 4,810 11,562 688 2,309 298 15,539 70,844 45,110 ... 33 9,769 For Since Same the Jan. 1, time week. 1866. 1865. week. 1866. 1865. 18,131 5,313 26,134 16,500 Buttons... ocoa, bags... offee, bags... otton, bales. 688 2,505 15,539 70,844 33 otton, bales.

Bark Peruv.

Blea powders.

Brimstone, tons
Cochineal

Cream Tartar

Gambier 596 857 ... 590 40 135 ... 56 90 95 2,662 2,662 112 1,221 86 279 150 264 120 1,041 51 485 3,259 13,183 1,298 8,716 297 2,549 318 1,388 66 907 73 518 9 338 9 338 9 565 10,794 589 4,460 6,755 bbls. Sugar, boxes and bags. Tea. 104 Tobacco. 130 Waste. Gums, crude. Gum, Arabic. 104 Tobacco. 263
30 Waste. 126
436 Wines, &c. 126
436 Wines, &c. 1,799
69 Wool, bales 562
61 Articles reported by valu
500 Cigars \$24,208
514 Corks \$24,208
514 Corks 61,539
231 Fish 1,740 Gunny cloth... Gunny
Hair
Hemp, bales.
Hides, &c.
Bristles
Hides, dressed.
India rubber 144 861 2,606 478 10 10,395 15,402 vory.... ewelry, &c. Jewelry... Watches... 61 81 31,689 3,278 7 12 Linseed.....
Molasses.....
Metals, &c.
Cutlery.....

The following table shows the exports from this port of some eading articles of commerce for the past week, since January 1,

7,860 1,041

Hardware....

337 823

1866, and for	the co	rrespon	anng p	eriod in 1909	, .		
[Oil cake, b	oacon, b	utter, ch	eese, la	rd, and tallow a	re given	in 100 lb	8.]
	For	Since	Same	,	For	Since	
	the	Jan.	time		the	Jan.	time
	week	. 1, '66.	'65.		week.		'65.
Ashes, pts, bbls	306	389	437	Pitch, bbls.		285	
Ashes, Pris,bls		10	87	Oil cake		48,272	33,142
Beeswax, lbs.		9,058	28,749	Oils.			
Breadstuffs.				Petrol., gals	844,668 2	574,054	554,139
Flour, bbls.	15,762	87,776	110,539	Whale, gals	34,406	34,896	3,283
C. meal, bbls	1,044	5,540	3,724			21,653	20,795
Wheat, bus.		50,284	36,341		160	2,001	1,351
Rye, bush .	2,504	17,923		Provisions.		1000	
Corn, bush.	78,079	471,545	27,580	Pork, bbls	549	6,333	12,682
Oats		11,141		Beef, bbls &	tcs 828	4,666	9,473
Peas, bush	1,230	6,525	••••	D	3,917	13,120	30,438
Candles, bxs.	766	5,242		Datton	433	1,906	16,915
Cotton, bales.	8,301	10,302	1,625		1,990	10,393	39,351
Hav. bales	919	1,478	-,	Lard	2,407	21,399	28,843
Hops, bales				Staves M	184	777	1,164
Naval Stores,	•••			Tallow	451	8,992	24,280
C. Turp.bbls				Tobacco, pkgs		8,673	21,577
S. Turp, bbls	347	491	160	Tobacco, mf, l		97,656	336,598
Rosin, bbls.	2,811	8,681		Whalebone	22,124	75,979	2,000
Tar, bbls	31	1,581	182			,	,
		-,002					

The receipts of domestic produce for the week, and since Jan. 1, have been as follows: RECEIPTS OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FOR THE WEEK, AND SINCE JAN. 1.

Since Jan. 1. 3,385 36,258 9,331 102 This week. 331 Since Jan. 1. Ashes, pkgs..... Breadstuffs— Flour, bbls .... Wheat, bush .... Oats .... Corn .... 56 Spirits turpentine Rosin... Tar.... Pitch... 19.827 4,998 44,272 48,825 1,008 19,390 2,553 Oil, Perroleum
6,215 Peanuts, bags
1,737 Provisions—
23,169 Butter, pkg
1,014 Cheese
14,817 Cut meats
3,419 Eggs
2,930 Pork
61,182 Beef, pkgs
4,558 Lard, pkgs
9,332 Lard, kgs
760, Rice, pkgs
656, Starch
1,475 Stearine
414 Spelter, slabs
102 Sugar, hids & bbls
51,517 Tallow, pkgs
1,689 Tobacco
220,115 Tobacco, hids
466 Whisky, bbls
3,008 Wool, bales
9,968 Rice, rough, bush Barley..... Grass seed. Flaxseed ... Beans.... 8,244 Beans.

Corn meal, bbls...
Corn meal, bbls...
B. W. Flour, bags
Cotton, bales
Copper, plates...
Copper, bbls...
Dried fruit, pkgs...
Graase pkgs... Grease, pkgs...
Hemp, bales...
Hides, No
Hope, bales...
Leather, sides...
Lead, pigs...
folasses, hhds, bbls
laval Stores...
Crude to: 7,642 431 49,89

#### EXPORTS

1,833

EXCLUSIVE OF SPECIE) FROM THE PORT OF NEW YORK TO FORELS PORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JAN. 20, 1866.

Quan.	Value.	Quan.	Value.	Quan.	Value
DANISH WEST IN	DIES.	Lard, lbs 7529		Corn meal,	
Woodware,		Glassware, cs2	360	bbls25	125
pkgs14	116	Beans, bush 100	300	Syrup, bbls2	200
Flour, bbls1037	9,343	Tobacco, hhds1	500	Beef, bbls 25	700
Pork, bbls85	2,451	Leather, bales 2	750	Tobacco, cs2	200
Butter, lbs3000	816	Bread, pkgs 40		Spirits, bbl5	100
Mf iron, pkgs2	107	Cond milk, cs10	150	Alcohol, bbls 5	121

Quan. Value	Quan. Value.	Quan. Value2	Quan. Value. Quan. Value. Quan. Value
Trunks, pkgs22 225 Miscellaneous 1,290	galls23000 16,136	Bricks, pkgs24 135 Whale oil, pkgs.4 942 Tar, bbls24 13	Pumps, pkgs 1 110 Boots&shoes, cs. 3 566 Dry goods, cs 1 544 Paper, cs 2 130 Carriages 2 1,957 Blacking, bbl 12 245
\$19,128	Flour, bbls1200 10.720	Tar, bbls24 13	Cutlery, cs., 2 120 Fancy goods, cs. 2 1,500 Platedware. cs 3 342
BREMEN.	Plated ware, cs .1 150	Oakum, pkgs. 10 330	Matches cs 20 250 Photo matl cs 1 178 Tar. bbl 26
Tobacco, stems, hhds100 4,698		Nails, cks100 6,088 Beef, bbls20 190	Books, cs
Tobacco, cs255 9,467 Tobacco, bals.600 9,334 Tobacco, hhds.106 28,430	BRITISH NORTH AMERICAN	Butter, 10s2,556 1.060	Stationery, bx1 151 —— Maizena, bxs40 142
Tobacco, hhds.106 28,430	Flour, bbls1305 10,440	Exps pkgs2 230	Syrup, bbl3 148 \$38,526 Tea, pkg50 3,000 Iron safe,2 300 VENEZUELA. Ag'l impl,pkg.124 3,900
Cotton, bls1565 339,603 Rye, bush2504 2,733	Brandy, pkgs 98 2,900 Wine, pkgs 100 3,500	Copper, cs5 1,000 Fancy goods, cs.1 300	Machinery, pkg.7 2,000 Flour, bol740 7,361 Perhimery25 312
Hardware, cs 2 1,500	Sponges, pkgs4 349	Nuts, bbls25 500	Bread, pkg.         .110         122         Lard, lbs.         .23,296         4,880         Flour, bbl.         2,921         34,250           Preservs,cs.         .15         172         Coal oil, gall         2,100         1,401         Spars          36         382           Trunks, pkg.         .25         140         Butter, lbs.         3,178         1,077         Die Plates, cs.          250
Segars, cs8 2,515 Whalebone,	Clover seed, bags20 181	Dry goods, cs1 600 Hoop skirts, cs.6 6,397	Trunks, pkg25 140 Butter, lbs3,178 1,077 Die Plates, cs3 250
Whalebone, lbs22124 29,867	Tobacco, bls25 2,500	Pork, bxs8 547	Paint, pkg 5 861 Wood'ware, pkg1 243
Beet seed, pkgs15 3*6	Drugs, pkgs 1 41 Furniture 21 901	Corn, bush2,400 1,116 Clothing, cs 1 100	Lumber, ft. 5,000 150 Nails, kegs, 15 116 \$85,404
pkgs15 3*6 Rosin, bbls16 181 Skins, bales17 8,492	-	Tobacco, cs38 1,382	Tea, pkg43 491 Drugs, pkgs261 3,330 Coal oil, gal.1,000 740
Furs, bls 2 737	BRITISH WEST INDIES.	Figs, pkgs5 231 Empty hhds161 245	Blocks, pkg 1 260 Paint, pkgs 2 187 Tobacco, cs 75 4,830 Oars 140 146 Soap, bxs 1,300 2,169 Books, cs 3 93
Miscellaneous 35	Flour, bbls3160 28,189 Corn meal,	Miscellaneous 544	Lard oil, gal., 120 258 Candles, bxs50 220 Perfumery, pkg.32 365
\$437,948	bbls819 3,570	\$181,463	Alcohol, bbl60 1,747 Paper, reams .100 180 Drugs, pkg178 2,640 Butter, lbs97 54 Codfish, qtl10 90 Lumber, ft. 326,762 9,780
Mfd tobacco,	Corn, bush2280 2,377 Beef, bbls45 1,538	Furniture, cs. 131 2,090	Zinc, cks 2 300 wheels 12 140
lbs11306 3,380 Lard, lbs1721 390	Kerosene,	Clocks, bxs 4 225	Miscellaneous 1,134 Rosins, bbl10 131 PERU.
Butter, lbs2072 801	galls1485 1,018 Mfd tobacco,	Corn meal, bbl200 960 Rye flour, bbls.20 115	—— Machinery, pkg. 2 1,011 Oakum, bales, 50 258 \$77,922 Beef, bbl 20 260 Lumber, ft.17,095 521
Coal oil, galls1405 891	lbs5739 1,276	Empty hhds 200 600	MEXICO. Fancy goods, cs.1 129
Furniture, cs43 707		Candles, bxs. 300 1,100	Petroleum, Machinery,pkg 56 7,537 \$779 galls 8,200 7,009 Dry goods, cs 2 448 FALKLAND ISLANDS.
Flour, bbls581 5,125 Glassware,pkgs.1 59	Bread, pkgs 477 2,402 Peas, bbls 20 147	Lard, lbs .12,000 2,100 Hams, lbs 9,369 1,650	Drugs, pkgs. 123 1,892 Match sticks, bx.4 218 Cement, bbl50 110
Books, cs1 58	Live stock.	Potatoes, bbls200 571	Mfd iron, pkg18 560 Cotton gins, cs.11 940 Woodenware, Ext logw'd, bx.10 246 Miscellaneous 1,317 pkgs41 273
Lard oil, galls 40 80	head252 34,090 Pork, bbls255 7,522	Shooks3,467 9,545 Hoops, bdls550 1,100	Agl, implts,pkg15 288 — Mfd iron, pkg.128 520
Beef, bbls69 696 Syrup, bbls2 254	Candles, 0x8010 1.820	Drugs, pkgs45 1.370	Emb'd cloth1 170 BRAZIL. Bread, pkgs278 1,854
Shoes, cs 2 195	Shooks 500 500 Peas, bush 1,210 2,203	Kerosene, gals207 129 Ptg matl, pkgs 4 260	Hardware, cs.390 4,960 Lard, lb6,075 1,312 Preserves, cs8 62 Ind. R. goods13 1,605 Kerosene, Pork, bbl4 132
Trunks, pkgs22 90 Gin, pkgs59 3,026	Furniture, cs33 700	Corn meal, pch.30 735	Furniture, cs. 43 1.157 gall20,000 13,841 Syrup, bbl5 122
Cond milk,	Grease, lbs3,250 370	Agl implies, pkg13 490	Corn, bush 700 1,188 Preserves, cs. 178 1,904 Boats 8 558 Pork, bbl 30 990 Drugs, pkg 70 2,950 Oars 84 73
bbls20 86 Bread, pkgs25 341	Butter, lbs 6,259 1,835 Potatoes, bbls . 20 55	Tarpaulins, bdls6 1,500 Glassware, cs4 210	Oilcloth, cs10 782 Sew mach, cs76 3,713 Miscellaneous 429
Sugar, cs10 276 Whale oil,	Shingles 20,000 243	Miscellaneous 1,414	Soap, bxs117 1.630 Fancy goods cs. 7 395 \$4,594
galls203 346	Soap, bxs7 59 Bran, bush500 420	\$27,330	Blacking, cs29 670 Hardware, cs32 492 Belting, cs6 452 Rosin, bbl744 4,947 Total\$3,449,470
Drugs, pkgs6 182	Hay, bales 200 800	LISBON.	
Lamps, pkgs6 205 Miscellaneous 1,627	-	Ext logw'd, bx150 803 Turpentine, bbls2 81	IMPORTS
\$18,815	\$96,781 HAVRE.	Rosin, bbls120 782 Sew mach, cs6 276	(OTHER THAN DRY GOODS AND SPECIE) AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK FOR THE
ANTWERP.	Petroleum.	Hardware, cs5 122	WEEK ENDING JAN. 26, 1866.
Petroleum, galls 254453 156,698	galls 111,671 48,003 Cotton, bals . 1,074 228,538	Petroleum, galls 49,665 31,062	[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]  Quan. Value. Quan. Value. Quan. Value.
Cotton,	Potashes, bbls306 13,947	Staves 4,000 688	China, Glass & E.   Prunes 6,047 Fustic, lbs 858
bales 5620 1,193,666	Sweepings, bbl 10 2,500 Lard, lbs30,570 5,600	Miscellaneous 88	ware— Plums 10,481 Logwood, M. Bottles 232 Sauces and p'vs 2,958 lbs760 3,432
Flour, bbls. 1510 9,062 Corn bush . 46647 40,365	Brazilian pebbles,	\$33,902	China 99 9.755 Instruments— Mahogany 2.353
Bacon,	Light house annts	Tobacco, hhds5 2,349	Earth'nw'e . 81 2,757 Musical
lbs352368 49,092 Cheese, lbs.192378 35,269	cs	Rum, bbls100 2,088 Flour, bbls100 970	Glass plate38 5,600 Jewelry, &c.— Bags 1,104
Tallow, lbs22309 2,940		Cotton c'rds.bx15 330	Acids20 4,123 Watches12 19,713 Buttons68 18,466
Lard, lbs 5990 1,076	\$317,788 MARSEILLES.	Beef, bbls10 197 Lard, lbs533 107	Ammonia5 186 Leather, Hides, &c.— Building stones. 309 Ammonia, sal9 630 Bristles10 2,980 Burr stones 570
Butter, lbs24056 6,000 Naptha,	Staves 63,600 11,300 Petroleum,	Parafine, bxs10 88 Butter, lbs120 72	Argols22 3,136 Boots & snoes 4 Soil Clay 647
galls46756 18,000 Petroleum,	galls 109,752 59,735	Nails, kegs10 80	Anoline 2,333 Hides, dress- Aloes 31 988 ed 58 19,602 Cheese 22 474 Cigars 24,208
galls 70334 45,965	\$71,035	Lumber, ft .37,297 120	
Spts turpentine, bbls87 2,892	CADIZ.	\$7,541	Bismuth 871 Horns 1,388 Cocoa, bags 688 13,542
Clover sood	VALENCIA.	Flour, bbl 890 8,173	Camphor 100 2 456 Liquors, Wines, &c.— bags 15.539 276.274
bags 1472 28,691 Apples, bbls 25 310 Nuts, bbls 312 1,041	Staves51,500 8,765 Cotton, bales42 9,809	Pork bbl 175 4 990 1	Cream Tartar 60 13 448 Brandy
Nuts, bbls312 1,041 Sew mach,	A10 PT	Codfish, qtl304 2,389	Gambier 9669 19 455 Porter 130 1.060 Fire Crackers 13.563
cs1040 29,280	\$18,574 CUBA.	Pk'd fish, bbl.353 3,948 Sugar, cs10 294	Gums, crude. 112 3,544 Rum
Ashes, bbls49 6,800	Drugs, pkgs67 2,179	Rice, bags25 315	do arabic. 86 5,004 Whisky 6 702 Fish 1,740 do copal10 150 Wine1700 22,586 Grain 754
Shooks 45 500	Coal oil, gls40,166 28,114 Coal, casks 30 387	D'd fish, bxs700 430 Cheese, lbs813 218	Indigo 50 4.177 Champagne, Grind stones 119
Rosin, bbls450 2,749 Cedar logs100 678	Shooks and	Hams, lbs1,185 293	Jalap 5 750 Metals, &c.— Guano 1108 1,542
Gas fixtures cs1 291	heads 1,800 5,487 R R cars 12 18,000	Lard, lbs3,000 632 Butter, lbs2,000 755	Lac dye
Beef, tcs614 25,456 Ess. oils, cs30 3,800	Hardware, cs63 3,488 Glassware, cs7 784	Tobacco, bales.48 1,219	Lic Paste 50 1.245 chors 40 2.094 Hemp 565 10.143
Glue, bbls10 300	Tallow The 99 259 9 140	Shingles30,000 600 Lumber, ft.64,010 2,440	do Root
Pistols, cs10 6,351 Hardware, cs10 1,000	Spts turp, bbls, 10 191 Plaster, bbls, 256 Beans, bbls, 220 2,010	Soap, bxs1,700 3,125 Furniture, cs10 170	Oils
Books, cs3 300 Furs, bls5 3,703	Beans, bbls220 2,010	Trunks, pkgs 20 214 1	Oils, ess 51 7,076 Iron pig, tns1264 18,902 Machinery 59 2,190
Dry goods,	Woodware, pkg42 687	Nails, kegs 50 400 Hardware, cs 5 200	Oil linseed 40 4.977 Iron, other, Marble & man 4.970
bales2 1,734 Miscellaneous 434	Stone, tons430 2,200 Hay, bales719 1,443	Candles, bxs100 420	Paints 5,500 Lead, pigs
	Matches, cs70 1.668	Potatoes, bbl20 60	Potash, chlo 311 Metal goods 30 7,583 Oil paintings 10 6,568 Reg. Antim'y .27 1,629 Nails 7 1982 Maccaroni 460 692
\$1,521,685 LONDON	Stationery, cs47 701 Bread, pkgs37 331	Onion, bbl20 54 Kerosene, gal.200 228	Shellac
Flour, bbls1433 12,500 Corn, bush5032 4,600	Bread, pkgs37 331 Bacon, lbs39,356 6,237 Hams, lbs5,950 1,396	Miscellaneous 321	Saltnetre 5 090 Old metal 1.485 Potatoes 1.613
Rosin, bbls 671 3,603	Mf tob, lbs2,447 852	\$32,861	Soda, bi car-         Per Caps.         13         1,728         Provisions.         688           bonate.         1298         4,560         Steel.         1,634         40,726         Rags.         1171         40,507
Staves 2600 400 Clover Seed,	Furniture, bxs.47 2,052	NEW GRANADA.	
bgs250 5,000	Potatoes, bbl1,700 3,619	Hardware, cs.105 3,707 Drugs, cs131 2,381	do ash318 4,774 lbs218,478 9,828 Rope 1,057 do nitrate 26,468 Tin, bxs3,301 21,491 Salt 5,935
Petroleum, galls150630 92,485	Cutlery, cs8 406 Hoops 70,000 4,183 Onions, bbls160 380 Hoops, bdls160 520	Drugs, cs131 2,381 Furniture, cs. 57 1,567 Tobacco, bls. 338 4,886	Sponges 587 Tin. slabs.107 Statuary 3 437
Turpentine,	Onions, bbls160 380	Sugar, bbl182 6,959	Sugar of lead 19         1,130         174,213         18,469         Seeds         5,874           Sulph cop.         29         1,531         Wire         5         S93         Linseeds         ,7860         26,66s           Sumac         300         2,930         Zinc         88,000         4,591         Soap         2102         5,646
bbls250 9,382	Hoops, bdls160 520 Salt, sacks500 1,375	Hams, lbs2,180 540   Lard, lbs36,372 7.725	Sumac.         300         2,930         Zinc.         88,000         4,591         Soap.         2102         5,646           Vanilla beans.         1250         Spices-         Sugar, hdds, tes         Sugar, hdds, tes         and bbls589         26,817
\$127,970	Perfumery, pkg19 1,002	wine, pkg01 1,941	Vermillion58 3,972 Cassia 10,895 and bbls589 26,317
GLASGOW. Flavine, bxs30 608	Mf iron, pkgs.112 1,995 Lard, lbs76,003 22,364	Shot, kegs 4 183 Shoes, cs11 2,007	Whiting 924 Mace 51 Sugar, boxes and
Corn, bush. 21000 17,800 Furniture, cs 2 250		Agl implts,pkg 64 273	Furs. &c- Nutmeg 1,709 Trees & plants. 1.112
Lard, lbs6069 1,123 Whale oil, F't's,	Match splints, cs7 140	Soap, bxs300 1,740 Mfd iron, pkg 57 2,904	Furts, &c. 73 28,657 Pimento 800 Twine 2 170 Stationery, &c Toys 17 1,058
10834,203 3,999	Paint, pkgs31 592 Preserves, cs .240 1,225	Rope, pkg 38 2,073 Muskets, cs 83 6,972	Bananas
Rosin, bbls 800 5,718	Bone black, hhd45 3,200	Cartridges, cs. 100 2,100 1	Citron         4,279         Engravings         4         760         Tea         .31,341         898,690           Currants         15,887         Paper         26         3,183         Waste         .126         2,724           Dried fruits         105         Other         .77         9,528         Wool, bis         .862         86,555
Clover seed, bags228 4.283	Glassware, pkg12 583 Paper, reams 1700 1,050	Tobacco, mfd, 104	Dried fruits 105 Other
Timothy seed.	Agl implts,pkg157 4,908 Feed, bgs300 438 Straw b'ds,bdl222 557	Flour, bbl,85 1,074	Nuts 27,284 Cedar 3,038
Corn, bbls	Straw b'ds,bdl222 557	Lard, lbs14,064 2,667	Oranges 5,422 Cork 1,050 Total \$2,041,310
Sew. mach, cs4 100	Paper, cs 6 416 Soap, cs 1 139	Flag stones 121 300 Petrol'm, gall . 400 321	Toniggo We conslored the full-win residue of the
\$39,836	wine, pkgs98 300	HOOD SKIPTS.CS.11 300 1	TOBACCO.—We condense the following review of the market for
Tobacco, cs43 654	Gas fixt, cs8 1,295	Gas fixt, cs2 100 Hoops, bals10 622	January, from the Circular of J. S. Gans:
Tobacco, hhds 152 23,395 Drugs, pkgs7 148	Files184 285 Blacking, pkgs4 194	Clothing, bales 51 10,936 Sew mach, cs4 406	The market for Kentucky Tobacco was moderately active, but the fluctuations of gold rate have somewhat unsettled prices, and curtailed
*,1		200 · macu, cs 400 ·	and curtailed

transactions to 3,000 hhds. The market for Seed Leaf Tobacco was rather quiet for export, for which purpose about 500 cases assorted Ohio were taken at from 6½ to 7½c, and a few hundred cases Fillers at

Ohio were taken at from 6½ to 7½c, and a few hundred cases Fillers at from 4½ to 5c currency.

The demand for Home consumption has increased, and stimulated by reiterated reports of an unprecedented bad crop of Connecticut tobacco, of which the samples shown lately in this market have convinced those most incredulous; the business has been quite satisfactory, say 600 cases from 25 to 55c for ordinary to prime wrappers, and a few hundred cases Ohio and Pennsylvania, from 7 to 9c, also 200 hundred cases of State form ard Pennsylvania, from 7 to ve, also 200 hundred cases Office at from 9 to 18c, altogether the sales amount to between 1,800 to 2,000 cases. In Havana fillers we notice transactions to a moderate extent, say 1,000 bales, at prices ranging from 75a, 95c, and 200 bales Yara at 90a92c, duty paid, and one parcel for export at 10c gold. Manufactured is moderately active.

,	Havana.	Cuba.	Yara.	Cienfue.
Stock on hand January 1, 1866.bales	11,499		1,350	
Received since	1,500			
Sales & reshipments to Jan. 31, 1866			231	
Stock on hand Feb. 1, 1866	10,455		1,119	
do do 1865	2,961	127	175	192

	Ky.	Va. and N. C.	Ohio	Md.	Total
Stock on hand Jan. 1, 1866hhds.	23,117	1,432	17	18	25,584
Received since	883	105			988
Delivered since	3,245	214			3,459
Stock on hand Feb. 1, 1866	2,755	1,323	17	18	22,113

BROOKLID INSPECTION.

Stock Jan. 1sthhds	10,466	
Received since	252	
Delivered since	1,691	
Stock in Brooklyn Inspection Warehouse, Feb. 1st,		0.005
1866		9,027

Same time, 186..... LONDON, Jan. 20-Barings' circular reports : Breadstuff's quiet, and LONDON, Jan. 29—Barings circular reports: Breadstuffs quiet, and quotations barely maintained. Iron quiet and steady; Scotch pig 68s 3d. Sugar easier. Coffee steady. Tea tending downwards. Rice quiet. Spirits turpentine irregular; sales at 45s@16s. Petroleum quiet, at 3s for refined. Tallow quiet at 47s 6d@47s 9d. Sperm oil

firm at £117. firm at £117.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 20—Provisions are quiet and steady. Beef steady. Pork quiet and steady at 87s 6d@30s for new American, Bacon firm and 1s@1s 6d higher. Lard tends downward; sales at 68s@5s. Butter easier. Cheese firm. I'allow firm at 48s@49s. The Brokers' Circular reports:—Ashes inactive and declining. Sugar very dull and declining. Coffee inactive. Rice steady. Linseed cakes steady at £9 10s@£9 12s 6d. Linseed oil quiet and steady. Cod oil—No sales, Rosin dull at 12s 9d for common American. Spirits turpentine quiet and steady. Petroleum still declining; refined 2s 7d.

BOMBAT, Jan. 12—Cotton goods firm. Cotton shipments of the week, 43,000. Freights te Liverpool, 35s. Exchange, 2s 2½d.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10—Cotton goods firm and advancing. Exchange, 2s 1½d. Freights, 45s. Discount has again advanced 1 per cent.

The following is a comgarative statement of Hemp, Flax, and Jute

The following is a comgarative statement of Hemp, Flax, and Jute on hand in London on Jan. 1, 1864, 1865, and 1866, Dealers' Stock in-

HEMP.	1864.	1865.	1866.	Delivered 1865.	in Dec. 1864.
St. Petersburg, clean, tons	3,018	2,623	3,872	576	364
Riga Rhine, tons St. Petersburg & Riga outsht	177	109	568	65	21
tons	142	157	98	30	45
Ditto half clean & pass, tons.	277	176	399	48	51
Italian and other sorts	196	375	347	82	51
	3,810	4,430	5,284	701	532
Manilla tons	6,539	4,359	1,423	425	566
Bombay and Sunn, tons	316	1,032	606	64	47
Jute, tons	9,821	30,304	21,774	3,399	3 979
	16,676	25,695	23,803	3,888	4,592
Hemp yarn, tons	515	592	445	165	180
FLAX.				Delivered	in Nov.
Riga aud Pernau	41	48	80	4	13
St. Petersburg	10	10	17	1	
Archangel, Memel, &c	34	33	2	12	6
Egyptian	14	124	9	30	2
Various other ports	83	141	98	18	25
Codilla	62	148	146	5	25
	244	504	347	70	71
The same and the	COTTO	N.			H di

The market has been active, but quite irregular in tone and price throughout the week. The demand has been mainly for exportchecked, somewhat, by the difficulty of selling sterling bills and the scarcity of freight room. On the whole, the tendency has been upward, and the close shows a slight improvement over last week.

A distinguishing feature of this market, as developed the past

week, is the disposition on the part of the holders here to control rather than be controlled by Liverpool.

The reports of the prospects of planting at the South are less favorable this week.

The deliveries at the Southern ports are on a liberal scale, being still fully up to the average of the season. But the early suspension of receipts is now predicted with great confidence.

The sales of the week in this market are about 22,000 bales. The market to-day was quiet and dull. The following are closing quotations:

•				N. O.
	Upland,	Florida.	Mobile.	& Tex.
Ordinary, per lb	42	42	43	43
Good Ordinary	43	44	45	45
Low Middling	45	45	46	47
Middling	48	49	49	50
Good Middling	50	51	53	53
Yiddling fair				

The receipts of cotton at this market for the week ending this

evening (Friday) were as	lollows	:	
From	Bales.	From	Bales
New Orleans,	2,586	North Carolina	1,082
Texas	1,250	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c	1,326
Savannah	3,414	Per Railroad	5,803
South Carolina	74	Florida	429
Total for the week			15,964
Previously reported			666,328
Since July 1, 1865		is port have been as follo	682,292
To Liverpool			5,620
To Bremen		······································	1,56
To Havre			1,074
To Valencia			4:
Total for the week			8,301
Since July 1st. 1865			311,016

The following is a statement of the movement in Cotton since the 1st September last:

Receipts at the Ports in the United States	1,085,000
Export to Great Britoin	
" France	
" other Foreign Ports	
Total Exports	552,000
Stock on hand	569,000
Of which during last week included in the above;	
Receipts at the Ports	50,000
Exports to Great Britain	37,000
France	
" other Foreign Ports	2,000

We subjoin the latest reports from the Southern markets:

New Orleans, Jan. 27.—Receipts for the week, 24,000 bales. Exports—to Liverpool, 11,600 bales; to Havre, 9,700; to Spain, 400; to Bremen, 600. Sales of the week, 10,000 bales. Middling 48c. Stock on hand, 176,000 bales. Sterling exchange, 147.

New Orleans, Feb 1.—Cotton: sales to-day, 1,200 bales at 48c for middling. Freights to New York 1c a pound, and to Liverpool 4d. Checks on New York 4 per cent discount. Gold, 140.

Monute Lan. 27.—Receipts for the week, 15,000 bales. Export to

Total Exports.....

MOBILE, Jan. 27.—Receipts for the week, 15,000 bales. Export to Liverpool, 10,400 bales. Sales of the week, 7,000 bales. Middling, 46c. Stock on hand, 85,000 bales. New York sight, 1 per cent dis.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 26.—Cotton declined one cent. Sales of middlings at 47c. The receipts continue good, but the exports are large, and the

	stock does not increase.		
		Uplands.	Sea Island.
ı	Stock on hand Sept. 1	3,724	281
	Received this week	6,552	196
	Received previously	95,057	4,537
	Total receipts	105,333	5,014
	Exported this week	6,911	184
	" previously	88,551	3,552
	Total exports	95,462	3,736
	Stock on hand	9,871	1,278
	Exports of cotlon from January 18 to Januar	y 25.	1 10 17 18
		Uplands.	Sea Islands.
	Timornool	3 765	176

	Uplands.	Sea Islands.
iverpool	3,765	176
lew York	2,560	8
Philadelphia	281	
Baltimore	335	
Total exports	6,911	. 184

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 20, by Telegraph from Halifax:

The sales to-day were 10,000 bales, including 2,000 to speculators and exporters. Market firmer but unchanged.

The Brokers' Circular reports the sales of cotton for the week at 57,000 bales, of which 3,500 were to speculators and 14,000 to exporters. The market opened heavy and declined \( \frac{1}{2} \)d, but subsequently

rallied and recovered the decline on the middling grades. The authorized quotations are:—Fair Orleans 21¼d; middling Orleans 20d; fair Mobiles 21d; middling Mobiles 19¾d; fair uplands 21d; middling uplands 19¾d. The sales on Friday (yesterday) were 10,000 bales, including 3,000 to speculators and exporters, the market closing firm. The stock in port is estimated at 417,500 bales, of which 190,000 are

The Manchester market is firmer

#### BREADSTUFFS.

The market has been without important change. The holders are very firm, but the demand is limited, and the large stocks on the 1st of January are not, as yet, reduced to any considerable

Flour has fluctuated slightly. The demand for consumption and the Southern markets is fair, and the receipts quite moderate. But the desire to realize defeats the efforts for an advance.

Wheat shows a little improvement in fine Reds, with a steady milling demand, but for the inferior Wheats there is little inquiry, and they can only be marketed at low and irregular rates.

Corn shows firmness without activity. The sales now made net a loss to the sellers, and they give way reluctantly. Rye has been more active. Oats have declined, with some sales for export to London. Barley and Barley Malt continue dull. Canada Peas quiet.

The following are the closing quotations:

1 200	Tons wing are one erecing questione.						3
Flour,	Superfine State and Western per bbl.	\$7			\$7	85	-
do	Extra State	7	80	@	8	25	Ì
do	Shipping Roundhoop Ohio	8	40	0	8	65	
do	Extra Western, common to good	7	80	0	10	10	ł
do	Double Extra Western and St. Louis	10	25	@	14	25	I
do	Southern, supers	8	80	(a)	9	90	ł
do	Southern, fancy and extra	10	00	@	15	00	I
do	Canada, common to choice extra	8		@	11	25	i
Rve F	lour, fine and superfine	5	00	@	5	75	1
Corn m	neal, Jersey and Brandywine	4	00		4	50	Ì
	Chicago Springper bushel	1		@	-		١
do	Milwaukee Club	1		@	-	77	l
do	Red Winter	1	80	@		25	I
do	Amber State and Michigan	2		@		60	ł
Corn.	Western Mixed		80	@		86	1
do	Western Yellow		84			87	ł
Rye.			90	@	1	08	l
Oats.	Western		41	@		55	١
	State		55	@		57	1
			90		1	15	1
do .	Malt	1	30		1	40	١
Peas,	Canada	1	25	@	1	30	1
		-		0	-		1

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

RECEIPTS	3.

	18	titi.		1865
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour bbls	81,280	110,820	23,055	149,310
Corn Meal, bbls	9,130	27,780	8,730	36,170
Wheat, bush	4,845	87,165	600	4,700
Corn, bush	59,365	184,755	30,510	118,435
Rye, bush	1,380	1,755	875	1,965
Barley, &c., bush.	13,225	31,580	5,860	26,100
Oats, bush	48,000	162,250	54,370	293,085
	FOREI	GN EXPORTS.		

	GIV MALE CALLS!
18	966
For the week.	Since Jan. 1. For th

2270 290	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls	13,785	93,350	39,090	110,540
Corn Meal, bbls .	1,045	6,240	3,710	13,725
Wheat, bush		50,275		26,340
Corn, bush	116,080	459,585	9,390	27,580
Rye, bush	2,505	17,925		

In addition to the exports of Corn from this port, there were shipped in January from Baltimore (mostly to Great Britain) 280,000 bushels, against merely nominal exports for January, 1865.

CHICAGO.—The receipts of flour and grain during the week ending January 27 were as follows:

Total Cor. week1865	bbls. 14,672 8,895	bush. 71,982 110,130	bush. 58 970 71.139	bush. 76,789 255,490		bush. 2,070 8,730
	-,	,	,	,	,	-,

The shipments of flour and grain for the week ending January 27

	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Total	7,728	7,576	14,985	21,292	4,860	1,649
Cor. week 1865	1.747	8.350	19,487	63,565	2,423	1.278

The following table shows the receipts and shipments for two sea-

Articles.	Rece	eipts.	Ship	ments.
	1865-6.	1864-5.	1865-6.	1864-5.
Flour, bbls	1,161,216	1,188,803	1,034,866	1,146,668
Wheat, bush	8,975,824	11,866,367	6,854,246	10,520,778
Corn, bush	21,875,046	13,525,121	24,382,838	12,302,471
Oats, bush	8,752,285	15,520,649	8,887,661	18,580,989
Rye, bush	1,118,419	1,04 ,508	788,489	758,807
Barley, bush	1,458,169	826,848	467,416	226,703

MTLWAUKEE.—Receipts of flour and grain for the week ending Saturday, Jan. 27, since January 1st, and the corresponding time last year,

Flour, bbls	Last week.	Since Jan. 1. 13,376	time 1865. 8,898
Wheat, bus	97,062	449,830	174,385
Oats, bus	14 744	65,667	60,773
Corn, bus	16,520	35,198	87,407
Rye, bus	2,609	10,851	8,059
Barley, bus	8,695	15,410	13,726

Shipments of flour and grain for the week ending Saturday, January 27, since January 1st, and the corresponding time last year, were:

Flour, bbls	Last week.	Since Jan. 1. 27,803	Same time 1865. 5,187
Wheat, bus	1,921	14,481	
Oats, bus		380	1,300
Corn, bus		650	4,695
Rye, bus			
Barley bus	250	8.373	150

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS .- The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending Jan. 27:

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
Chicago	15,022	65,332	58,970	76,739	2,080	10,475
Milwaukee	3,176	98,062	16,519	14,744	8,693	1,708
f'oledo	8,071	6,326	24,299	4,430	750	
Detroit	7,450	1,799	7,695	2,115	1,152	
Cleveland	3,758	8,309	18,104	4,550		425
Total	32,477	179,828	125,587	102.578	7,675	12,608
Prev. week	31,450	161,346	133,184	100,222	4,056	13,009
Cor. week	26.141	843,659	96.882	341.162	10,939	24.756

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 20th.—Breadstuffs are quiet and steady. Flour dull but steady. Wheat quiet and steady; red winter 10s 4d@10s 7d. Corn flat and 3d@3d lower; mixed 29s@29s &d.

#### THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

#### FRIDAY, P. M., Feb. 2, 1886.

With the opening of the month came renewed animation in the Dry Goods Market. Early in the week prices had been reduced to extremely low figures, and on Thursday a large number of buyers appeared at the leading jobbing houses, and a brisk business is now doing. The spring trade appears to have fairly begun, and the market exhibits considerable tone, and a good feeling prevails.

Agents have felt the stir less than jobbers, but a few days brisk trade will give firmness and a settled market to all kinds of goods. They have already determined prices and fixed a new basis in anticipation of the demand, and to accommodate the market to the views of buyers. There will need be some caution exercised by all parties that the first show of trade does not cause prices to again advance so as to check the demand too soon. We look for a fair spring business, notwithstanding the uncertainty of feeling as to financial affairs.

Brown Sheetings and Shirtings have became established in prices at about five per cent below the quotations of last week, and there is now a better feeling, and a prospect of a fair business. Standards are held at 30 cents. This is the price for Indian Head, Stark A, Lawrence C, Appleton A, Amory and Atlantic Standards. Appleton B 40 inch are held at 45, do C 25, do D 27, do (shirtings) E 30 inch 20, do do N 30 inch 26, Pocassett Canoe 39 inch 30, do K 36 inch 25, do family cot 36 inch 281, do H 28 inch 19, Pembroke Mills are sold at value, Grafton 28 inch 20, do 30 inch 22, Shetucket B 27 inch 19, do A 30 inch 21, Indian Orchard W 33 inch 24, do BB 33 inch 25, do O 37 inch 27, do N 36 inch 28, do A 40 inch 28, Atlantic PA 37 inch 30, do AH 37 inch 30, do PH 37 inch 30, do (heavy shirt), AV 30 inch 26, do do AG 25, Manville brown R 40 inch --, O. J. Rathbun brown 4 inch 28, Edward Harris 40 inch 371, G. Washington heavy 36 inch 28, Griswold \$ inch 16, Warren 86 inch 26, Anchor 37 inch 20, Beaver Brook 36 inch 23, Humbolt 36 inch 20, Live Oak J 20. do C 23, Merrimack XX 22, Portsmouth Steam Co C 38 inch 26, do E 33 inch 22, do F 32 inch 22, do P 28 inch 20, do B 28 inch 18, 30 inch Portsmouth U 21, 33 inch Commonwealth D 25, do O 18, Silver Lake H 36 inch 22, Warwick H 86 inch 22, do P 36 inch 22, Westerns 36 inch 19, West Boylston 36 inch 25, Auburn 36 inch 221, Indian Queen 36 inch 21 New England 36 inch 25, Pittsfield A 36 inch 25, Rocky Point Sheetings 36 inch 26, Wa Wa Wanda 36 inch 26.

BLEACHED SHIRTINGS and SHIRTINGS are steady in price and there is a growing firmness noticeable especially for the better makes. Light goods are dull and lower. New York Mills is firm at 50 cents, and Wamsutta 47. Auburnville 4-4 32. Aquidnecks 5-4 25, do 7-8 23, White Rock 36 inch 371. Beech River 3-4 17, Uxbridge imperial 4-4 33 O. J. Rathbun 7-8 80, Social Mill Co. N. Y. 4-4 35, do. C 7-8 25 Manville, R 30, do. XX 4 4 824, Canoe 27 inch 18, Methum 8-4 19,

DRILLS are in good supply, but the stock is not large, and a little activity would clear out the market. Globe Steam Mills are held at 271, Park do. 80 inch 27, Quinnebaug 27 inch 20, Live Oak 27 inch 20, Peterborough 27 inch 22, Amoskeag brown 21.

COTTON FLANNELS are neglected, but there are few goods in the marmarket and prices are sustained. Aldrich are held at 30, Rockland 80.

DEEIMS and Cottonades are becoming settled and steady. Wauregan 27 inch are held at 30, Albany 27 inch 25, Madison brown 25, Brookline 38, Henry Clay 27 inch 30, Peabody 271, Wingchocking 371.

PRINT CLOTHS are not active although there is more inquiry. The sales at Providence were 6500 pieces at 174 for 64x64.

Paints are very quiet with agents; jobbers are selling them at three to five per cent below agents' quotations, and there is a brisk trade doing. If the trade continued agents will soon be called upon to fix prices, and sell at some rates. Wauregan fancies are now held at 22. American madders 23, Garners 151, Amoskeag pink 241, purple 231, shirting and dark and light 23½, mourning 22, Swiss ruby 24½, Duchess B 201, Lowell dark and light 21, and Wamsutta 191, Spragues' fancy styles, double purple, and shirtings are quoted at 291, solid colors 241, canaries, chintz and orange polkas 231, Indigo 241, blue and white 351 blue and orange 261, madder rubies 241, shirtings 241.

Ticks are steady and prices are firm. Albany 27 inch 21, American 88, Pittsfield 27 inch 21, Willow grove # 45, Glen Allen # 19, Chattanooga \$ 24, Concord 4-4 33, Passaic \$ 31. Pacific extra \$ 45, Sacondale 19, West Branch 4-4 44, do No. 2 3 37, Windsor 3 31, Henry Clay 2 30, Suwanee 4-4 33, Passaic 29 inch, 271, Willow Brook 36 inch 30.

STRIPES AND CHECKS are moderate and prices remain quiet. Roanoke checks are held at 25 cents; American stripes 3-3 29; do 6-3 30; Vanderbilt 20; Willow Brook check 35; H. Simpson & Son, Checks, No. 18 42; Louisiana plaids 33½; Simpson's--chambrays 33½.

GINGHAMS are in good demand at steady prices. Louisiana plaids sell at 331; Willow Brook 34; Glasgow 29.

JACONETS are moderate and prices steady. White Rock high colors are 23 and plain 21, Slaters 23.

CAMBBIGS are quiet at old prices. Portland 18; Portsmouth, A, 17; Saratoga 3-4 18; Milton Mills 3-4 18; Federal 19; Naragansett 22½; Smitfield 21½; Fox Hill Bank 18.

Corset Jeans are in but little demand. A moskeag brown are quoted at 35 cents; Indian Orchard 28.

SILESIAS are nominal. Social are 35 for A and 40 for K; Indian Orchard 321; Slaters plain 25.

DRILLS are quiet. Amoskeag are quoted at 31 cents; Globe Mills 30; Stark and Laconia 33.

Hoor Skirts are steady at last week's quotations. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic—20 to 50 Hoops, 87½c to \$1.05; Empress Trail, \$1.25. S T. & A. T. Meyer's IXL 1½ inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 48c to 78c.; 2-inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 68c to \$1.12.

MOUSLIN DELAINES are in brisk demand for spring styles, and the great variety of goods are tastefully displayed. Atlantic Coburg are 80c., fine 40 and 45, Manchester and American 30.

LINSEYS are but little inquired for at this time. White Rock are quoted at 40, Miners flannel Park Mills 45, Stilliman & Co.'s 40, Wood River 35, Oakland 34.

KENTUCKY JEANS are unchanged. Laurel Glen 60, Hillsborough Mills bine and brown 75.

CLOTHS are without improvement. The demand is moderate for both fine and medium grades. Cotton warps are held at \$2 25 for No. 1, \$2 15 for No. 2, and \$2 05 for No. 8. Utica all wool beavers \$3 50 for light weights, and \$4 for heavy do.

CASSIMERES are very quiet. Dighton's silk mixed cassimeres spring weight sell at \$2 12\frac{1}{2}\tilde{\pi}\sets 37\frac{1}{2}; Suffolk mills fancy \(\frac{1}{2}\tilde{\pi}\) 0. \$1 75, and 6-4 do. \$3 50; Rochester Grey do. \$1 35; Fullerton & Co.'s fancy do. \$1 62\frac{1}{2}\tilde{\pi}\\$2; Saxon Woollen Mills diagonal do. \$1 75; Mapleville Woollen Mills double and twist do. \$1 87\frac{1}{2}: Spring Mills fancy do. \$1 08\frac{1}{2}; Centreville black and white checks \$1 50; Dean & La Monte's fancy \$1 50\tilde{\pi}\\$1 75; Baltic Woollen Co.'s do. \$1 50\tilde{\pi}\\$1 87\frac{1}{2}; plough, loon and appli \$77\frac{1}{2}\$, pet and anvil 67 c. net.

LINEN GOODS are steady at previous quotations. American LinenCo.'s B bleached Huckabucks 25, J brown 28, T bleached crash 204, A brown 184. B do 16.

Foreign Goors have been quite active in Jobbers hands, while the auction sales have been well attended and quite spirited.

### IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Feb 1, 1866, and the corresponding weeks of 1864 and 1865, have been as follows :

ENTERE	D FOR CON	SUMP	TION FOR THE	WEEK	ENDING	FEB. 1, 1	300.
			1864		1865		1866.
		Pkgs.		Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs	. Value.
Manufactures	of wool	2,693	\$1,291,870	502	\$194,136	2222	\$1,009,509
do	cotton	886	265,989	469	126,598	1918	618,768
do	silk	786	834,987	230	129,099	575	558,187
do	flax	960	215,946	495	129,164	2491	606,574
Miscellaneous	dry goods.	561	174,971	786	68,148	5179	185,921
Total		5886	\$2,783,708	2,473	\$643,140	12385	\$2,978,959

		THE SAME P			MARKET	DURING
Manufactures of wool	584	\$205,602	273	\$69,554	512	\$347,987
do cotton	249	66,755	125	41,423	451	144,195
do silk	92	39,601	36	87,298	119	148,270
do flax	348	34,537	291	58,876	316	98,076
Miscellaneous dry goods.	284	14,118	8	8,611	239	17,243
Total	1537	\$469,614	733	\$210,156	1637	\$755,771
		2,783,778	2473	463,140	12385	2,978,959
Total th'wn upon mark't			8266	\$853,296		\$3,734,790
ENTERED FOR	WAR	EHOUSING DI	URING T	HE SAME	PERIOD.	
Manufactures of wool	213	\$62,938	95	\$42,393	1444	\$641,009
do cotton	82	15,376	55	12,959	862	276,187
do silk	88	36,610	39	26,174	217	255,769
do flax	109	24,459	52	21,794	788	203,254
			234	11,089	73	35,449
Miscellaneous dry goods.					-	-
Miscellaneous dry goods.	-	\$141.778	475	\$114.409	9994	\$1,401,661
	460		475 2473	\$114,409 643,140	3334 12385	\$1,401,661 2,978,959

#### DETAILED STATEMENT.

The following is a detailed statement of the movement the past week ending Feb. 1, 1866:

#### ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION. MANUFACTURES OF WOOL

	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
	Woolens 582 \$346,608	Shawls 37	16,662	Braids & bds.145	70,956
	Cloths 106 59,117	Worsteds712	307,353	Cot. & worst.301	194,011
1	Carpeting264 70,955	Hose 4	1,502		
	Blankets 51 7,033		5,312	Total 2222	1,009,509
		MANUFACTURES OF	COTTON	. The same	
	Cottons 522 \$216,896	Emb'd mus'n 25	18,994	Gloves 45	13,978
	Colored 332 109,641	Velvets 14	5,727	Spool184	
	Prints		21,510	Hose549	
	Ginghams 59 17,293		10,908		
	Muslins 1 257		6,901	Total1918	\$618,768
		MANUPACTURES O	F SILK.		
•	Silks106 \$181,473	Shawls 10	6,966	Raw188	123,738
	Crapes 7 6,925		1,073	Braids & bds. 13	
	Plushes 1 1,416		1,775	Silk & worst. 15	
	Laces 50 69,916		2,164	Silk & cotton 35	
,	Velvets 5 4,831		1,740	Slik & linen. 1	
	Ribbons101 97,702		3,623		2,000
	Total			575	\$558,187
		MANUPACTURES O	F FLAX.		
	Linens 2215 \$546,338	Laces 8	4,200	Thread 81	23,108
	Linens & cot. 20 7,823		14,518	Hemp yarn 150	
,					
;	Total			2491	\$606,574
		MISCELLANEO	US.		
i	Leath gloves. 23 \$19,621	Embroideries 47	27,617	Feath & flow, 84	10,516
	Kid gloves 12 20,068		1,677	Susp. & elas 84	
	Matting4555 34,928	Corsets 36	14,563	-	-
1	Clothing 30 6,035		41,895	Total5179	185,991

#### WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE.

	OUSE.	WAREH	DRAWN FROM	WITHI	
		F WOOL.	MANUFACTURES C		
44,656	Lastings 1 Cot & wos'd.105	7,998	Shawls 12 Worsteds 212	12,803	Cloths 27 Carpeting. 19
		COTTON	ANUFACTURES OF	3	
908 967 7,281	Spool 3 Hose 19	910 1,770	Emb'd mus 14 Velvets 2 Laces 5	61,225 22,323	Colored195 Prints 80
\$144,195	451				Total
			MANUFACTURES		-
348 4,988 4,059	Gloves 1 Silk & worst. 5 Silk & cott'n. 4	1,041	Laces 9 Shawls 1 Cravats 2	630	
\$148,970	119				Total
			MANUFACTURES (		
728	Thread 8	335	Laces 1	\$96,742 976	Linens310 Linen & cot 2
\$90,010					10ta1
		ous.	MISCELLANE		
	Susp. & elas. 2	5,691 844	Embroideries 12 Oil cloth 8	2,304	Leath. glove 4 Kid do 1
\$17,243	Total 239	2,292	Clothing 5	1,082	Matting207

1,001	Susp. & clas. &	844	0	Oil cloth	9 204	Kid do 1
017 945	Total 239	2,292		Clothing	1 099	Matting207
D11,230	10141 209	2,002		Clothing	1,000	matting
	ING	PHOUS	VAD	ERED FOR V	ENT	
	ind.			MANUFACTURE	2024.1	
Volue	Pkgs				. Value.	Pleas
	Braids & bds. 1					
515	Cot. & worst.527	23,011	91	Wonsteda B	19,920	Cloths 32
240,191	Cot. & Worst. 521	230,018	366	Delaines	49 407	Carpeting159
9041 000	Total. 1,444	488	1	Hose	2,788	Blankets 25
\$041,009						Diauxets 20
		COTTON	OF	MANUFACTURES	1	
1,314	Hdkfs 4	390	1	Velvets	<b>\$</b> 64,659	Cottons182
768	Gloves 1	1.787	2	Shawls	95,607	Colored 304
26,005	Spool 82	383	2	Laces	63,141	Prints 217
14,288	Hose 48	1,086	2	Braids & Bds.	1,896	Ginghams 5
					4,918	Emb'd Mns 12
\$276,187						Total
		F SHE.	ES 0	MANUFACTURE		
8.864	Silk & wors'd 11	9.060	7	Laces	\$125,231	Silks 66
				Shawls	5,377	Pongees 20
	_	1,638	3	Gloves	93,991	Ribbons 90
\$255,769						Total
		FLAX.	OF	MANUPACTURES		
721	Thread 2	1 701	9	Hdkfa	2107 880	Linens 722 \$
1.61	Intend	1,101	9	Hukis	9 940	Hamn vern 11
1002 354					~,010	Total
p.coo, -04				MISCRILLAT		10141
13,384	Embroideries. 26	164	*	Matting	6,452	Leather Glov. 7
AGY 440					6,449	Straw goods 38
\$20,449					••••••	TOTAL

### PRICES CURRENT.

WHOLESALE.

WHOLESALE.

All goods deposited in public stores or bonded warehouses must be withdrawn therefrom, or the duties thereon paid within one year from the date of the original importation, but may be withdrawn by the owner for exportation to Foreign Countries, or may be transhipped to any port of the Pacific, or Western Coast of the United States, at any time before the expiration of three years from the date of the original importation, such goods on arrival at a Pacific or Western port, to be subject to the same rules and regulations as if originally imported there; any goods remaining in public store or bonded warehouse beyond three years shall be regarded as abandoned to the Government, and sold under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Merchandise upon which duties have been paid may remain in warehouse in custody of the officers of the customs at the expense and risk of the owners of said merchandise, and if expented directly from said custody to a Foreign Country within three years, shall be entitled to return duties, proper evidence of such merchandise having been landed abroad to be furnished to the collector by the importer, one per centum of said duties to be retained by the Government.

The addition to the datics noted below, a discriminating daty of 10 per cent, ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported if you the place or places of their growth re production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted.

The tor in all cases to be 2,240 D.

The tor in all cases to be 2,240 fb.			
Ashes-Duty: 15 P cent ad v	al. l	Produ	ice of
Pot, 1st sort \$ 100 to Pearl, 1st sort	7 75	@	8 00
Anchors-Duty: 21 cents ? D. Of 209 b and upward? b		@	111
Beeswax—Duty, 20 p cent ad American yellow		@	46
Bones -Duty: on invoice 10 % of Rio Grande shin % ton		@	
Bread-Duty, 30 % cent ad val. Pilot	::	8	51 41
Crackers	10 rt.	@	15
Dristles Duty 15 cents: hogs		22 T	b.

60 @ 2 25 American, gray and white ... ? 15 Butter and Cheese. - Duty: 4 cents. Produce of British North American Provinces, free.

Butter has been in good request, and heavy sales

of State dairy have been made. One	C30 15	acti	ve and
higher.			
Butter-			
N. Y., Welch tubs, strictly fine.	35	0	87
do do fair to good	. 25	0	85
do Firkins, good to fine	34	0	37
do I fir. tubs, strictly fine	88	@	40
Western, good to choice	25	0	80
Pa., common to m dium	25	@	30
do firkins, finer kinds, yellow .	81	0	85
West. Re erve, good to fine, yel.	30	0	32
do com. to medium	25	0	30
Southern Ohio	25	@	* 80
Canada, uniform and fine	27	a	80
do ordinary, mixed		@	
Mich, Ill., Ind. & Wis., g. to f. yel.	25	@	80
do do com to med,	24	@	26
Cheese-		-	
Factory made dairies	171	@	194
Farm dairies	17	0	19
do do common	14	@	15
English dairy	19	@	25
Vermont dairy	16	@	181
Candles-Duty, tallow, 21; sper	macet	inni	war
8: stearine and adamantine, 5 cents	) th	t will	
8; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents &		@	
Sperm 19 10		8	50

do , patent,	40	@	5	0
Refined sperm, city	40	@	ė	:
Stearic	33		2	
Adamantine	221	(4)	2	0
Cement-Rosendale P bbl		@	2 2	5
Chains - Duty, 21 cents ? tb. One inch and upward ? tb	84	@		9

80 fb to the bushel; other than bit	umi	nou	8.4	) ce	ents
\$28 bushels of 80 To \$2 bushel. Liverpool Orrel \$2 ton of 2,240 To					
Liverpool House Cannel		00	@	23	00
Anthracite	9	00	0	12	90

Anthracite		6	- 00
Cocoa—Duty. 3 cents P b. Caracas (gold). (in bond) . P b Maracaibo . (gold)	::	000	271 20

Coffee—Duty: When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production; also the growth of countries this side the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels, 5 cents \$\pi\$ B; all other 10 \$\pi\$ cent ad valorem in addition.

The market is steady with a fair	business	doing	
Rio, prime, duty paidgold.	20a	@	21
do good	20	@	20
do fair	18	@	18
do ordinary	17	@	17
do fair to good cargoes	18	@	20
ava, mats and bags	271	0	28

Maracaibo	211 @	23
Laguayra	21 @	23
St. Domingo	171 @	18

Capper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 24; old copper, 2 cents & D; manufactured. 30 & cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches iong and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. & square foot, 34 cents & D. All cash.

The market is dull and a little easier

Sheathing, new 19 15	@	55
Sheathing, &c., old	34 @	36
Sheathing, yellow	@	40
Bolts	@	55
Braziers'	87 @	53
Baltimore Detroit	37 @ 381 @	
Portage Lake	38 @	
- orting thinks	33 (6)	

Cordage-Duty, tarred, 8; untarred, 11; cents 12 lb.	ed M	anila, 21,
Manila, Amer. made 19 1b	281 (	
Tarred Russia		@ i9
Bolt Rope, Russia		30

work wope, wassia		60	. 0
Corks-Duty, 50 \$9 cent ad val.			
Regular, quarts	52	0	5
Short Tapers		C.	
Mineral	54	(a)	5
Phial.	10	a	56

Cotton-See special report.

Phial. 10 @ 50

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Byrs—Duty, Alcohol, 40 cents \$\pi\$ gallon; Aloes, 6 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Alum, 60 cents \$\pi\$ 100 b.; Argols, 6 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Assen and Assafatida, 20; Argols, 6 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Arsenle, and Assafatida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Balsam Capivi, 29; Salsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Calisaya Bark, 30 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Balsam Capivi, 29; Salsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Calisaya Bark, 30 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Balsam Peru, 50 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Calisaya Bark, 30 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Balsam Peru, 50 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Calisaya Bark, 30 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Carbonate Potash, 3 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents \$\pi\$ l. Crude Brimstone, \$\pi\$ l. Crude Brimstone, \$\pi\$ l. Crude Brimstone, \$\pi\$ l. Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Carb. Ammonia, 20 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Crude 1 and Cantharides, 50 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Catson Oil, \$\pi\$ l. \$\pi\$ gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 4; Cram Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Gromo Salts, 1 cent \$\pi\$ b.; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 \$\pi\$ cent, 30 \$\pi\$ cent, 30 d. Gum Arable, 20 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Gum Benzoln, Gum Kowrie, and Gr. and Damar, 10 cents per b.; Gum Myrth, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Gum Benzoln, 6; Cil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$\pi\$ b.; Oil Peppermint, 50 \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Oil Anis, Oil Temon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$\pi\$ b.; Sal Sala, \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; soda Ash, \$\pi\$ Sugar Lead, 20 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Sal Scola, \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; soda Ash, \$\pi\$ Sugar Lead, 20 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Sal Scola, \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; soda Ash, \$\pi\$ Sugar Lead, 20 cents \$\pi\$ b.; Sal Scola, \$\pi\$ cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; soda Ash, \$\pi\$ Sugar Lead, 20 cent ad val.; Shell, Morphine, \$\pi\$ 25 open \$\pi\$ b.; Sal Scol

articles under this head are now	sold for ca	sh. (All
nominal.)		
Acid, Citrie (gold) Alcohol	(	@ 65
		@ 4 46
Aloes, Cape 19 10		@ 26
Aloes, Socotrine	85 (	@ I
Alum		3 4
Annato, fair to prime	50 (	0
Antimony, Regulus of	(	@ 16
Argols, Crude (gold)	24	a 25
Argols, Refined (gold)	281 (	29
Arsenic, Powdered	34 (	
Assafætida		3 40
Balsam Capivi	6	85
Balsam Tolu (gold)		2 90
Balsam Peru(gold)		1 50
Bark, Calisava		à l
Berries, Persian		55
Bi Carb. Soda, Newcastle	101 (	
Bi Chromate Potash		25
Bird Peppers - African, Sierra	(	20
Bird Peppers - African, Sierra Leon, bags(gold) Bird Peppers - Zanzibar.,	28 6	30
Bird Penners-Zanzibar		2 424
Bleaching Powder		
Borax, Refined		
Brimstone, Crude P ton		334
Brimstone, Am. Roll 2 10		72 50
Brimstone, Flor Sulphur		5
		64
Camphor, Crude, (in bond).(gold) Camphor, Refined		31
Campnor, Kenned		0 1 12
Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk		0 1 60
		25
Cardamoms, Malabar		3 50
Castor Oil, Cases @ gallon	3 471 @	
Chamomile Flowers # 15		8 60
Chlorate Potash(gold)		361
Caustic Soda	11 @	
Cobalt, Crystals in kegs. 112 lbs	@	3
Cochineal, Honduras(gold)		0 1 03
Cochineal, Mexican(gold)		85
Copperas, American		3 .
Cream Tartar, prime (gold)	311 6	32
Cubebs, East India	(	3 46
Cutch	11 @	12
Cuttlefish Bone	6	0
Epsom Salts Extract Logwood		0 4
Extract Logwood		12
Flowers, Benzoin 2 oz.		80
Flowers, Arnica		0
Folia, Buchubales		Ď l
Gambier % 10		0 91
Gamboge		ž
Gamboge Ginger, Jamaica, bl'd, in bbls	(	
Ginseng, Southern and Western		1 10
Gum Arabic, Picked (gold)	621 6	
Gum Arabic, Sorts		0 44
Gum Benzoin(gold)	6	
Gum Copal Cow	871 6	
Gum Gedds	. 6	
Cum Dainer	45 6	
Gum Damar		
Gum mjern, andet thum	(	00 4

		11 11 11 11	1000	
	Gum, Myrrh, Turkey	50	@	60
	Gum, Myrrh, Turkey. Gum Senegal Gum Tragacanth, Sorts. Gum Tragacanth, white flakey. Hyd, Potash, Fr. and Eng (gold) Ludine, Resublimed		0	55
	Gum Tragacanth, Sorts	85	0	40
	Gum Tragacanth, white flakey	85		1 00
	Iodine, Resublimed(gold)	3 80 5 50		3 45
	Ipecacuanna, Brazil	3 82		3 89
	Jalan	2 50		2 55
	Jalap Juniper Berries Lac Dye Lico ice Paste, Calabria	2 00	@	6
	Lac Dye	25	0	55
	Lico ice Paste, Calabria	42	0	
	Liccorice, Paste, Sicily	23	0	24
	Licorice, Paste, Sicily. Licorice Paste, Spanish Solid		@	40
		36	@	
1	Madder, Dutch (gold) Madder, French, E. X. F. F. do Manna, large flake Nutgalls Blue Aleppo (gold) Oll Ange.	9	@	91
Ì	Manne large flake	9		10
-	Nutgalla Blue Alenno (gold)	42	@	1 25
ı	Oil Anise Oil Cassia Oil Bergamot. (gold) Oil Lemon (gold) Oil Peppermint, pure Opium, Turkey (gold) Oxalic Acid.	3 90	000	4 00
ĺ	Oil Cassia.	4 75	@	5 00
1	Oil Bergamot (gold)	4 75 5 25	@	5 50
-	Oil Lemon(gold)	3 25	@	
1	Oil Peppermint, pure	4 00	a	4 25
ì	Opium, Turkey (gold)	6 00	@	
į	Oxalic Acid	- ::	@	44
ı	Phosphorus. Prussiate Potash.	1 20	@	
1	Oujekeilver	40	@	1 20
1	Quicksilver (gold)	4 50	@	6 00
1	Rose Leaves		6	0 00
Ì	Salaratus(gold)		@	15
1	Sal Ammoniac, Refined (gold)	13	a	181
İ	out South Newcastle		@	31
Į	Sarsaparilla Hond		@	55
ł	Sarsaparilla, Mex	30	@	
I	Seed, Anise 2 15	24	@	26
i	do Canary B bush.	5 50	@	6 00
1	do Hemp	20	0	2 75
l	do Coriander		@	is
-	do Mustard, brown, Trieste	• •	00	18
ĺ	do do California, brown.		@	15
į	do do knolish white		0	15
ł	Senna, Alexandria. Senna, East India. Seneca Root.	24	@	
1	Senna, East India	35	@	
1	Seneca Root.	85	@	90
i	Shell Lac. Soda Ash (80 % cent). Sugar Lead, White Sulphate Quinine, Am % oz. Sulphate Morphine. Tartaric Acid(gold). % ib	42	@	:5
۱	Snoor Load White	10	@	11
l	Sulphate Onining Am 20 oz	40	@	2 571
l	Sulphate Morphine.	9 00	00	
l	Tartaric Acid(sold) 37 tb	58	0	
ı			ã	
1	do Dutch Verdigris, dry and extra dry		@	
	Verdigris, dry and extra dry	65	@	70
1	Vitriol, Blue	123	0	18
	Duck-Duty, 30 % cent ad val.			
1	Payone Light 20 nes	10 00	0	
	Ravens, Light	16 00 22 00	@	***
ľ	Ravens, Heavy. Scotch, Gourock, No. 1	31 00	0	
١	Cotton, No. 1 39 vard	1 20	@	
			0	
	Dye Woods-Duty free.			
	Camwood (gold) ? ton		@13	00 00
	rustic, Cuba	83 00	@	10.00
	rustic, Tampico	.: ::	@	
	Fustic, Savanilla(gold)	22 50		8 00
1	Fustic, Maracaibo	23 00		4 00
	Logwood, Hond	20 00 33 00	@	
	Logwood, Tabasco (gold)	25 00	@ :	6 00
	Logwood, St. Domingo	25 60	@ 2	6 00
		26 00		6 50
	Limawood	120 00	@12	5 00
	Llmawood(gold) Barwood(gold) Sapan Wood, Manila	30 00	@	
-	Sapan Wood, Manila			0 00

Fish.—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon, \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 % bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, \*moked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents % 100 D. Produce of the British North American Colonies, FERE.

75

Feathers-Duty: 30 % cent ad val.

The market for Cod is dull; Mac	kerel is	ste	dv.
Dry Cod 2 cwt.	7 00	0	
Dry Scale 9 bbl.	6 50	@	
Pickled Scale P bbl.	0 00	@	0 10
Pickled Cod Bbbl.	8 50	@	
Mackerel, No. 1, Mass. shore	22 50	@	28 00
Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax	20 00	@	23 00
Mackerel, No. I, Bay	18 00	@	18 50
Mackerel, No. 2, Mass. shore	18 00	0	
Mackerel, No. 2, Bay	16 75	ര്	17 00
Mackerel, N . 2, Halifax	15 00	0	17 00
Mackerel, No. 3, Mass. large		0	
Mackerel, No. 3, Halifax		@	14 50
Mackerel, No. 8, Mass	14 50	a	
Salmon, Pickled, No. 1		a	36 00
Shad, Connecticut, No. 1. 19 hf. bbl,			
Shad, Connecticut, No. 1. 48 III. DDI.		@	
Shad, Connect cut, No. 2		0	
Herring, Scaled		0	60
Herring, No. 1		a	50
Herring, pickled₽ bbl.	5 00	999	8 00
Flax-Duty: \$15 % ton.			

Jersey ...... 🏗 🟗 17 @ 23 Fruit—Duty: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, 10; Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, 14, Filbers and Walnuts, 3 cents 2 D; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, 25 P cent ad val.

The market is very dull with a dov	vnw	ard	tend	ency	7.
Raisins, Seedless # cask			0	9 5	
do Layer B box	4	20	@	4 3	0
do Bunch	4	10	0	4 1	5
Currants 19 16		15	a		
Citron, Leghorn		38	0	4	0
Prunes, Turkish		15	@	1	6
Dates		144	@	1	5
Almonds, Languedce		33	0	8	4
do Provence		30	@	3	2
do Sicily, Soft Shell		26	a	2	s.
do Shelled		50	a	5	24
Sardines B box	1	90	a		
do 9 hf. box		42	@	4	Š
do		99	ě	9	2

igs, Smyrna. 9 b 11; 6 20 razil Nuts. 9 6 1; liberts, Sicily 13 6 1; lainuts, French 18 6 15 star Frure—	Western	White Pine Box Boards
RIED FRUIT	Pernambuco do 11 @ Tampico and Metamoras do 11 @ 12	Poplar and W. wood B'ds & Pi'k. 55 00 @ 65 00 Cherry Boards and Plank 80 00 @ 90 00
N. State Apples	Bahta	Oak and Ash 65 00 @ 70 00
Pared Peaches	Wet Salted Hides-	Maple and Birch
Unpealed do	Buenos Ayres 10 10 gold. 9 (0 9)	STAVES— White oak, pipe, extra PM @ 00 00
Furs-Du.y, 10 P cent ad yal. Product of the	California do 91@ 91 Western do 9 @ 12	do pipe, heavy @200 00
tish North American Provinces, FREE.	Coutry sl'ter trim, & oured, do 10 @ 13	do pipe, culls
Gold Prices-Add premium on gold for currency ces.	City do do do 121@ 13 Upper Leather Stock—	do hhd., extra
North, and East. Western. No. 1.  aver, Dark	B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip 2 cash. 26 @ 28 Sierra Leone	do hhd., light
aver, Dark \$\mathbb{P}\$ \$\mathbb{T}\$ b 1 50 \( \omega \) 2 00 1 00 \( \omega \) 1 50 lo Pale 1 00 \( \omega \) 1 50 50 \( \omega \) 1 00	Gambia and Bissau do 17 @ 18 East India Stock—	do bbl., extra
ar, Black B skin 5 00 @ 15 00 5 00 @ 10 00	Calcutta, city sl'ter ? ib cash @	do bbl., light @110 00
10 brown	do black, dry do @	do bbl., culls
t, Wild	do buffalogold. 10 @	Red oak, hhd., heavy
10' brown. 4 00 @ 8 08 4 00 @ 7 00 dger 50 @ 70 30 @ 6 00 t, Wild 50 @ 7 10 0 25 @ 7 5 to House 10 @ 1 50 @ 7 00 30 @ 6 00 x, Silver 5 00 @ 50 00 5 00 @ 5 00 @ 5 00 do Cross 3 00 @ 7 00 3 00 @ 6 00 x, Silver 5 00 @ 50 00 5 00 @ 25 00 do Cross 3 00 @ 7 00 3 00 @ 5 00 do Cross 3 00 @ 7 00 10 5 00 @ 5 00 do Red 1 00 @ 2 00 1 09 @ 1 50 do Grey 75 @ 1 00 5 00 @	HoneyDuty, 20 cents \$\partial gallon.  Cuba(duty paid).(gold). \$\partial gall \$\partial \text{.}\$	Mahogany, Cedar, Rosewood-Du
do Cross	Hops-Duty: 5 cents \$ 1b.	free. Mahogany, St. Domingo, crotches,
io Grey	Crop of 1865	do St. Domingo, ordinary 50 @ 75
arten, Dark 5 00 @ 10 00 5 00 @ 8 00	do of 1864	logs 17 @ 9
do pal · 3 00 @ 1 50 @ 2 50 ink, dark 3 00 @ 4 00 2 00 @ 8 00	Horns-Duty, 10 \$\forall \text{cent ad val. Produce of the British North American Provinces free.}	do Port-au-Platt, logs 141 @ 9
1sk rat, dark 5 @ 80 5 @ 20	Ox, Rio Grande	do Nuevitas 18 @ 2 do Mansanilla 14 @ 2
5 @ 10 . 5 @ 10	Ox, Buenos Ayres	do Mexican
	Para, Fine	wood) 15 @ 1
lo Striped 30 @ 60 25 @ 50 lo White 10 @ 20 5 @ 10	Para, Medium	do Mansanilla 19 @ 1
	Para, Coarse 70 @ 75 East India	do Mexican 10 @ 1
Hass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate over 10x15 inches, 24 cents # square foot; larger	Carthagena, etc.	do Florida
over 10x15 inches, 2½ cents \$\text{P}\$ square foot; larger inch over 16x24 inches, 4 cents \$\text{P}\$ square foot are and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents \$\text{P}\$ square	Indian Duty	Molasses-Duty : 8 cents # gallon.
ger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents 2 square t; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20	Indigo-Duty FREE.   Bengal	There is a moderate demand only, and prices a e
ais B square foot; all above that, 40 cents B square at; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common	Oude	New Orleans
indow, not exceeding $10x15$ inches square, $1\frac{1}{4}$ ; over that, and not over $16x24$ , 2; over that, and not over	Madras 75 @ 1 25	Porto Rico
30, 21; all over that, 3 cents B D.	Guatemala(gold) 75 @ 1 15	do Clayed
American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. Subject to a discount of i5 @ 25 \$9 cent.)	Caraceas(gold) 70 @ 90	Nails—Duty: cut 11; wrought 21; horse shoe
3 S to 8x10	Iron-Duty, Bars, 1 to 11 cents ? 15; Railroad, 70 cents ? 100 15; Boiler and Plate, 11 cents ? 15;	cents P to (Cash.)
x14 to 12x18	Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 11 to 11 cents 2 to; Pig, \$9 \$2 ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents \$2 to.	Cut, 4d. @ 6d
x 19 to 16x24 7 00 @ 9 50 x22 to 20x30 7 50 @ 11 75	There is little to report during the week. Prices	Horse shoe, forged (Sd) \$2 tb @ 8
x31 to 24x36 10 00 @ 14 50	are steady. Pig, Scotch, Best, No 1(cash) \$\mathbb{P}\$ ton 48 00 @ 51 00	Yellow metal
x36 to 30x44	Pig, American, No. 1	Naval Stores-Duty: spirits of turpentine
x50 to 32x56 13 00 @ 20 00	Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold) @ 97 50	cents & gallon; crude turpentine, rosin, pitch, a tar. 20 & cent ad val. Tar and turpentine, produ
bove 15 00 @ 24 00 English and French Window-1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th	Bar Swedes, assorted sizes 165 00 @175 00 Bar, English and American, Refined 125 00 @130 00	of the British North American Provinces, free.
alities. (Single Thick)—Discount 10 @ 30 per cent.	do do do do Common 115 00 @120 00 Seroll,	cash.) The market inactive and prices nominal and lower
x 8 to 8x10 3 50 feet 6 00 @ 7 75	Ovals and Half Round 145 00 @155 00	The market inactive and prices nominal and lowe Turpentine, N. C
x11 to 10x15	Band	do foreign
2x19 to 16x24	Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch	Posin semmon
x31 to 24x36. 13 00 @ 16 50 x36 to 30x44. 15 00 @ 18 00	Nail Rod	do strained and No. 2 5 50 @ 8 5
x45 to 32x48 16 00 @ 20 50	Sheet, Single, Double and Treble. 71 @ 101	do Pale and Extra (250 lbs.) . 15 00 @ 18 ( Spirits turpentine, Am
x50 to 32x56	do American 85 00 @	
Gunny Rags-Duty, valued at 10 cents or less square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents & D	Ivory-Duty, 10 \$ cent ad val.	Oakum-Duty free % b. 111 @ 1
cloutts, light and heavy P pce 80 @	East India, Prime	Oil Cake—Duty: 20 \$\text{ cent ad val.}
Gunny Cloth-Duty, valued at 10 cents or les	African, West Coast, Prime 8 00 @ 3 25	City thin oblong, in bbls 19 ton do in bags 44 75 @ 49 0 Western thin oblong, in bags 48 50 @ 49 0
square yard. 3; over 10,4 cents # fb. lentta, standard yard 291 @ 30		
	Lead.—Duty, Pig. \$2 \$9 100 fb; Old Lead, 11 cents \$9 fb; Pipe and Sheet, 21 cents \$9 fb.	Oils-Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks,
Gunpowder-Duty, valued at 20 cents or les 1b, 6 cents # 1b, and 20 # cent ad val.; over 2 nts # 1b, 10 cents # 1b and 20 # cent ad val.	Galena	burning fluid, 50 cents & gallon; palm, seal, and co
nts \$3 15, 10 cents \$3 15 and 20 \$3 cent ad val. asting (A) \$2 keg of 25 15 @ 6 50	German 3 40 (6 9 60	burning fluid, 50 cents & gallon; palm, seal, and con nut, 10 & cent ad val.; sperm and whale or other f (foreign fisheries.) 20 & cent ad valorem.
ipping and Mining @ 6 50	English	Olive, 13 bottle baskets
file	Pipe and Sheet 6 16	Palm
Hair-Duty Free.	Leather-Duty: sole 35, upper 30 \$ cent ad val.	Linseed, city
o Grande, mixed(cash)? 1b 37 @	There is little activity in the market, but prices re-	do refined winter
og, Western, unwashed 10 @ 12	main steady. Oak, Slaughter, lightcash. \$2 75 34 @ 38	do winter blesched
Hay-North River, in bales ?	do do middledo 42 @ 45	Lard oil
100 bs, for shipping 85 @	do light Cropped do 43 @ 48	do saponined
Hemp-Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$5; Jute 5; Italian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 % ter; an ampico, I cent % lb.	do middle do do 49 @ 53 do beldes do do 18 @ 20 Hemlock, B. Ayres, &c., l't do 35 @ 36	Straits
smpico, I cent # Ib.	do do middle do 38 (% 39	Parafline, 28 — 80 gr. deodorized.   @
merican, Dressed	do do heavy do 89 @ 40 do California, light, do 33 @ 35	Paints-Duty: on white lead, red lead,
do Undressed		Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, a litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents \$10; Pawhite and whiting I cent \$2 ib; dry ochres, 56 ce
do Undressed	do do middle do 38 (% 39	
do Undressed 225 00 @240 00 ussia, Clean 550 00 @280 00 ats. 170 00 @280 00 anila. (gold) \$ 10 . @ 1	do do heavy do 374 @ 39 do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 32 @ 334	
do Undressed 225 00 @240 00 ussia, Clean 350 00 @ ute. 170 00 @230 00 anila (gold) 7 b @ 11 sal 13 @  Hides—Duty all kinds Dvy or Salted and Skind	do do heavy do 374 @ 39 do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 32 @ 384 do do middle do 35 @ 37	
do Undressed 225 00 @240 00 ussia, Clean 350 00 @. tte. 170 00 @230 00 anila (gold) ₽ b @ 13 sal 13 @ 1.  Hides − Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted, and Skind of the British Northean Advanced to the B	do do middle do 35 66 39 do do heavy. do 374 66 39 do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 32 66 334 do do middle do 35 66 37 do do beavy. do 31 6 33 do do & B. A, dam'gd all	on oil. \$150 \$100 b; Spanish brown 25 \$2 cent ad v China clay, \$5 \$2 ton; Venetian red and vermili 25 \$2 cent ad val.; white chalk, \$10 \$2 ton.
do Undressed 225 00 @240 00 ussia, Clean 350 00 @ 250 ute. \$10 00 @230 ute. \$10 00	do do middle do 58 66 39 do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 32 66 32; do do do heavy. do 31 68 39 do do do middle do 35 63 37 do do do heavy. do 31 68 38 do do & B. A, dam'gd all weights 80 63 33 do do & B. A, dam'gd all weights 90 63 38 do 92 44	grow is: oxides of zinc, if cents grapes occurs, grounding in oil, it is grown is greent ad v China clay, is grown is greent ad v China clay, is grown in order of and vermili 25 greent ad val.; white chaik, is of grown in the chair in the grown in the gro
do Undressed 225 00 @240 00 ussia, Clean 350 00 @ ute. 350 00 @ ute. 170 00	do do heavy do 374 6 39   do Orinoco, etc.   ft. do 32 6 37   do do do heavy do 31 6 37   do do do heavy do 31 6 38   do do do B. A., dam/gd all weights   do Gay goor all do 22 6 24   do Saughter in rough .ea-h 30 6 34   do Gak Slaughter in rough .ea-h 30 6 34   do Saughter in rough .ea-h 30 6 34   do Saughter in control to 38 6 36   36   36   36   36   36   36	group is contacted at the contact of
do Undressed 225 00 @240 00 ussia, Clean 350 00 @.  uts. 350 00 @.  uts. 170 00 @230 00 laulla 1	do do heavy do 374 6 39     do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 326 325     do do heavy do 36 326 325     do do do heavy do 37 6 38     do do beavy do 31 6 33     do do & B. A, dam/gd all weights 8     do do B. B. A, dam/gd all do 22 6 24     do do S'aughter in rough as h 30 6 34     do do do B. A, dam/gd all weights 8     do do do B. A, dam/gd all weights 8     do do do do B. A, dam/gd all weights 8     do do do do do 38 36 36 36     do do do do do 31 6 34 44	group in cortacs of zinc, if cents ge in 5 cents, group in oil, it is \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$\fr
do Undressed 225 00 @240 00 ussia, Clean 350 00 @ uta. 350 00 @ uta. 350 00 @ uta. 170 00 @ uta. 170 00 @ uta. 170 00 @ uta. 180 0 @ u	do do midule do 35 6 39 do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 32 6 33; do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 32 6 33; do do do middle do 35 6 37 do do do heavy. do 31 6 33 do do & B. A. dam/gd all weights 30 6 33 do do poor all do 22 6 24 do S'aughter in rough 28 30 6 34 Oak, Slaughter in rough 28 30 6 34 Oak Day of the control of t	group in Coxides of Zinc, 17 cents grape, corres, group in oil, \$1.50 \text{ 100 in C}, Spanish brown 25 \text{ if event ad v China clay, \$5 \text{ if nor Venetian red and vermili } 25 \text{ if event ad val.; white chalk, \$40 \text{ if nor Venetian red and vermili } 25 \text{ if event ad val.; white chalk, \$40 \text{ if nor Venetian red and vermili } 26 \text{ if nor Venetian red in oil } 26 \text{ if nor Venetian red in oil } 26 \text{ if nor Venetian red in oil } 26 \text{ if nor Venetian red in oil } 27  if no
do Undressed 225 00 @240 00 ussia, Clean 350 00 @ ute. 350 00 @ 230 00 lanila 19 b @ 21 lsal 13 @ 11 lsal 13 @ 13  #Hides — Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted, and Skin 0 @ cent ad val. Product of the British Nort merican Provinces Feee. (Nominal.) The market has been moderately active at un hanged prices. Pry Hides — B. A. & Montevideo @ B gold 19 @ 20 Buenos Ayres do 17 @ 21 Ric Grande do 17 @ 21 Ric Grande do 17 @ 18	do do heavy do 374 (6 33) do Orinco, etc. Pt. do 32 (6 33) do do heavy. do 35 (6 37) do do heavy. do 31 (6 33) do do heavy. do 31 (6 33) do do B.A, dam/gd all weights do do B.A, dam/gd all weights do S'aughter in rough, each Oak, Slaughter in roughter in rou	group in Coxides of Zinc, 17 cents grape, corres, group in oil, \$1.50 \text{ 100 in C}, Spanish brown 25 \text{ if event ad v China clay, \$5 \text{ if nor Venetian red and vermili } 25 \text{ if event ad val.; white chalk, \$40 \text{ if nor Venetian red and vermili } 25 \text{ if event ad val.; white chalk, \$40 \text{ if nor Venetian red and vermili } 26 \text{ if nor Venetian red in oil } 26 \text{ if nor Venetian red in oil } 26 \text{ if nor Venetian red in oil } 26 \text{ if nor Venetian red in oil } 27  if no
do Undressed   225 00 @240 00     ussia, Clean   350 00 @ 240 00     ute.   170 00 @230 00     anila   250 00     anila   250 00     sai   13	do do heavy do 374 6 33 do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 32 6 32 do do do heavy. do 36 37 do do do heavy. do 31 6 33 do do do heavy. do 31 6 33 do do beavy. do 31 6 33 do do B.A, dam/gd all weights do do B.A, dam/gd all weights do Saughter in rough, cash 30 6 34 Oak, Slaughter in rough, cash 30 6 34 Color do	group in Coxides of zinc, is cents grape, corres group in oil, \$1.50 \text{ 100 Bt}. Spanish brown 25 \text{ 30 ent ad v.}  China clay, \$5 \text{ 30 ton; Venetian red and vermilis}  25 \text{ 30 ent ad val.; white chalk, \$40 \text{ 30 ton.}  Lithrage, American.  Lithrage, American.  Lead, red, American, pure, in oil  do white, American, pure, dry.  Zinc, white, American, qry, No. 1.  do white, American, Ry, No. 1.  do white, American, No. 1, 10 oil  Other, reliew Ferench der \$20 \text{ 100 to } 20 \text{ 25 to } 20 \text{ 30 to } 20  30 to
do Undressed	do do heavy. do 374 6 39 do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 92 6 32, do do do heavy. do 36 32 do do do heavy. do 31 6 39 do do beavy. do 31 6 39 do do B. A, dam/gd all weights do Saughter in rough. cash 30 6 34 do Saughughter in rough. cash 30 6 34 Oak, Slaughter in rough. cash 30 6 34 Color do	grow is contacted in cities and contracted in oil, at 150 grown to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ contracted in \$\frac{1}{2}
do Undressed   225 00 @249 00     ussia, Clean   350 00 @ 230 00     ute.   170 00 @230 00     ute.   180 00     ute.   190 00	do do heavy. do 314 6 33 do Orinoco, etc. l't. do 32 6 32 do do heavy. do 36 32 do do heavy. do 36 32 do do heavy. do 31 6 33 do do beavy. do 31 6 33 do do B.A, dam/gd all weights 30 6 33 do S'aughter in rough. cash 30 6 34 do S'aughter in rough. cash 30 6 34 Oak, Slaughter in rough. cash 30 6 34 Color do	group in oil, \$150 Hos by Spanish brown 25 \$\text{ central event and val.}\$ to \$\text{ tenethan red and vermilie}\$ \$25 \$\text{ pent and val.}\$ white chalk, \$10 \$\text{ to the chalk}\$ to \$ to the
isal 13 @ Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted, and Skind 0 \$\pi\$ cent ad val. Product of the British Nort uncerican Provinces Free. (Nominal.)  The market has been moderately active at un hanged prices.  Dry Hides— B. A. & Montevideo \$\pi\$ B gold 19 @ 20 Bunnos Ayres do 20 @ 21 Bio Grande do 17 @ 18 Orinco do 18 California do 18 @ 18 California Mexican do 16 @ 18	do do heavy. do 374 do 33 do 40 heavy. do 32 do 32 do 40 do heavy. do 36 do 37 do 40 do heavy. do 31 do 32 do 40 do 40 heavy. do 31 do 32 do 40 do 82 do 40 heavy. do 31 do 32 do 40 do 82 do 40 heavy. do 32 do 32 do 40 do 82 do 40 heavy. do 32 do 34 do 82 do 40 heavy. do 37 do 44	grow is contacted in cities and contracted in oil, at 150 grown to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ contracted in \$\frac{1}{2}

Carmine city made.         \$\mathbb{P}\$ \$\mathbb{D}\$         18 00         \$\mathbb{Q}\$ \$\mathbb{O}\$         00 00         48 00         00 05         48 00         00 05         48 00         00 05         48 00         00 05         48 00         00 05         48 00         00 05         49 05         00 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05         49 05         15 05	Spices—Duty: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents \$\vec{v}\$ B. (All cash.)  Cassia. In mats	Whalebone—Duty: foreign fishery, ≴ad val.         South Ses       ₽ D       1 20 @         North west coast       @ 1 85         Ochotsk       @         Polar       1 35 @
Petroleum—Dutý: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents & gallon. Crude, 40 @ 47 gravity & gall. 824 @	Nutmegs, No. 1	
Refined, free	Pepper	Wines and Liquors—Liquoas—Duty: Brandy, first proof, \$2 per gallon. other liquors, \$2.50. Wisss—Duty: value set over 50 cents \$2 gallon 20 cents \$2 gallon and 25 \$2 cent ad valorem; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents \$2 gallon and 25 \$2 cent ad valorem; over \$1.\$2 gallon, \$1 \$2 gallen and 25 \$2 cent ad val.
Besiduum	Stee!—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents #9 D or under, 24 cents: over 7 cents and not above 11,	ad valorem; over \$1. 9 gallon, \$1 9 gallen and 25 9 cent ad val.
Plaster Paris—Duty: lump, free calcined, 20 % cent ad val. Blue Nova Scotia	3 cents % B; over 11 cents, 3; cents % B and 10 % cent ad val. English, cast, % B	Brandy—J. & F. Martell (gold) 6 00 @ 10 50 Hennessy (gold) 5 75 @ 10 50 Otard, Dupuy & Co (gold) 5 50 @ 10 50
White Nova Scotia       @ 7 00         Calcined, eastern       \$\partial \text{bbl}\$       @ 2 40         Calcined, city mills       \$\partial \text{calcined}\$	German       15 @ 17         American, spring       11 @ 18         English, spring       11 @ 13	Renault & Co(gold) 5 35 (6) 10 60  Jules Robin (gold) 5 45 (6) 10 50
Provisions-Duty: cheese and butter, 4 cents.	Sugar_Duty: on rew or brown sugar not shows	United Vineyard Propr(gold)
peef and pork, I cent; hams, bacon, and lard, 2 cents p lb. Produce of the British North An erican Pro- vinces. Free.	No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, not refined, 84; above 15 and not over 20, 4; on refined, 5; and	Other brands Cognac (gold) 5 35 6, 7 10 Pellevoisin freres (gold) 5 25 6
The market is more steady for Pork. Beef quiet, and Lard lower but steady.  Beef, plain mess	on Molado, 24 cents \$\Pi\$ b.  The market has continued dull and prices are \$\pi_0\$; lower.	Hivert Pellevoisen (gold) 5 00 @ 5 15 Alex. Seignette (gold) 5 25 @
do new do	Porto Rico	Arzac Seignette (gold) @ Other brands Rochelle (gold) 4 85 @ 5 00 Rum—Jamaica (gold) 4 00 @ 6 00
do India mess	do fair to good do 101 @ 11   do fair to good grocery 111 @ 12   do prime to choice do 121 @ 121	St. Croix
do prime mess	do centifugal	D mestic—N. E. Rum(cur.) 2 45 @ 2 60 Bourbon Whisky (ur.) 2 50 @ 6 00
do kettle rendered	do	Wines-Fort(2010) 2 00 02 8 00
do dry salted	do do do 10 to 19 11 6 114 do do do 16 to 15 184 6 144 do do do 19 to 20 15; 63 144 do do do 19 to 20 15; 63 15 do do do wite 144 6 15	Sherry
Beef hams	Granulated 171 @	Malaga, sweet(gold) 1 25 @ 1 25
Rags-(Domestic)	Crushed and powdered       174 @         White coffee, A       164 @         Yellow coffee       0         141	Claret, in hhds (gold) 1 25 @ 1 50 Claret, in hhds (gold) 85 10 @ 150 00
White, city       121 @ 181         Seconds       6 @ 61         City colored       21 @ 8	Sumac—Duty: 10 % cent ad val. Sicily % ton 120 00 @195 00	do in cases (gold) 2 75 @ 30 00 Champagne (gold) 12 00 @ 25 00
Canvas	Tallow—Duty: 1 cent \$ b. Product of the British North American Provinces, free.	Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered, \$2 to \$3 50 \$100 ib, and 15 \$2 cent ad val.
Rice-Duty: cleaned 21 cents \$ D.; paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents \$ D.	American, prime, country and city	No. 0 to 18
Carolina	Ten-Duty: 25 cents per 15	
Salt-Duty: sack, 24 cents \$2 100 fb; bulk, 18 cents \$2 100 fb.	Hyson, Common to fair	Wool—Duty: costing 12 cents or less \$ 5, 8 cents \$ 5; over 12 and not more than 24, 6 cents;
Turks Islands 39 bush. 42 @ 45	do Common to fair 90 @ 1 15	over 24 and not over 32, 10, and 10 P cent ad valorem; over 32, 12 cents P 10, and 10 P cent ad valorem; on the skin, 20 P cent ad val. Produce of the British
Cadiz.  Liverpool, ground	Gunpow. & Imper., Canton made, nominal.	North American Provinces, free.  The market is more steady and moderately active.
	do do Com. to fair 1 20 @ 1 30 do Sup to fine. 1 40 @ 1 55	American, Saxony fleece   D   D   70   6   75
Onndaga com. fine. Marshall's   240 6 8 8 9 0 do do 210 b bes   1 90 6 2 00 do do 30 b bush   40 6 42 0 0 do do 30 b bush   40 6 43 6 0 0 do do do 30 b bush   40 6 43 6 0 do do do do 30 bush   40 6 43 6 0 do do do do do 30 bush   40 6 43 6 0 do	H. Skin & Twankay, Canton made nominal.	Extra, pulled 67 @ 70
Bolar coarse.       @         Fine screened.       48 @ 50         ado       \$\partial \text{pkg}\$.         3 00 @	do do Ex f. to finest, 80 @ 85	No. 1, pulled. 45 6 50 California, unwashed 83 6 40 do native. 20 6 25 do pulled. 35 6 60
F. F 240 b bgs. 8 00 @ 8 25	do do Sup'r to fine . 1 15 @ 1 20 do do bx f. to finest , 1 25 @ 1 80	Texas unwashed 80 @ 40
Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2; cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, I cent # D.	Oolong, Common to fair	Peruvian, unwashed       85       45         Valparaiso, unwashed       26       27         S. American Mestizo, unwashed       32       37
Refined, pure	do do Sup'r to fine. 80 @ 70	do common, unwashed 18 & 23 Entre Rios, washed nominal. do unwashed 22 @ 24
Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cents; hemp, 1 cent \$\partial \textbf{D}; canary, \$1 \partial \text{bushel of 60 \textbf{D}}; and grass seeds,	Orange Pecco, Common to fine nominal.	Donskoi, washed
30 P cent ad val. P b 131 @ 141 Timothy, reaped Plaxeed, Amer. rough 2 80 @ 2 90	Tin -Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 % cent ad val. Plate and sheets and terne plates, 21 cents % b. Banca (gold) % b 27 4 6	Persian.       25       30         African, unwashed       15       25         do       washed       85       45
Linseed, American, clean # tce (6) 21 50	English(gold) 26 @	Mexican, unwashed       20       25         Smyrna, unwashed       22       25         do washed       85       45
do         American, rough. P bush	do Terne Charcoal	Zinc-Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 \$2 100 fb: sheet
Shot-Duty: 21 cents B D.	do Terne Coke	21 cents 19 1b. Sheet
Drop and Buck	factured, 50 cents \$\pi\$ 10.  The market is moderate and prices are a littler lower for leaf.	Freights- To Livespool:
Tsatlees, No. 1 @ 3	Lugs (light and heavy) \$2 39 (gold) 5 @ 8	To LIVERPOOL: 8. d. 8. d. Cotton 9 lb 10 7-16 Flour. 9 bbl 2 2 0
Canton, re-reeled, No. 1 @ 2 11 25 @ 11 50	Common leaf do	Heavy goods
Japan, superior       10 75	Conn. selected wrappers 40 21 55	Wheat, bulk and bags p bush.
Italian thrown	do prime wrappers	Beef
Skins-Duty: 10 P cent ad val. Product of the British North American Provinces, Farr.  —Gold.—	New York running lots	Heavy goods
Goat, Curacos	Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers 5 @ 6	Petroleum 56 @
do Vera Cruz		Wheat
do Payta	do Medium 65 @ 70	Corn 5 0 To Glassow: Flour 9 bbl @ 2 0
do Cape       40 @ 421         Deer, San Juan       P D 60 @ 621         do Bolivar       371 @ 40	do Common	Wheat B bush. 6 6 Corn, bulk and bags 6 6
do Bonvar	los (Western.)—Ex. tine, bright	Petroleum
do Para 57‡ @ 60 do Vera Cruz 65 @ 67‡ do Chagres @ 65	do do Medium	Beef
do Port C. and Barcelona @ 5)	do do Fine 105 @ 110	Cotton
Son p—Duty: 1 cent \$ D, and 25 \$ cent ad val.  Castile \$ D. 17 @ 19	do         do         Medium         60         70           do         do         Common         50         60           Navy Ibs—Best         75         6         80           do         Medium         68         6         70           do         Copumon         65         6         65	Measurement goods to ton 10
Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$150 \$ 10 Plates, foreign	do Common 65 6 66 Navy 1 Ds—Best	
Plates, foreign	do Medium	Lard, tallow, cut meats, etc \$\psi\$ ton Ashes, pot and pearl \$\psi\$ 16

## The Railway Monitor.

SAN PEDRO II. RAILROAD, BRAZIL.-The formal opening to transit of the grand tunnel, the iron bridge upon the Parahyba, at Desengano, and the section of road between Vassomas and Desengano, took place on Sunday Dec. 17, on which occasion were present the Emperor and principal ministers of State, and a number of distinguished persons, who passed over the line in a special train. The ordinary trains commenced on the same day to make trips to and from Rio and Desengano, occupying about five hours in performing the distance (85 miles), and thus the great enterprise of traversing the Serra do Mars by steam is now in daily accomplishment. This road in crossing the mountains passes through no less than fifteen tunnels, including the grand tunnel just completed, which is 7,341 feet long, 14 feet wide, and 19 feet high, and for one half its length is lined with cut masonery. The other railroads of Brazil are the Pernambucco, 80 miles; the Bahia, 80 miles; the San Pablo (not in full operation), 80 miles; the Maua, the oldest in the country, 12 miles from a point on the Bay of Rio six miles from Petropolis.

THE RAILROAD AND TELEGRAPH IN AUSTRALIA.-This fifth continent has a total length of railroad measuring 478 miles, viz. : In New South Wales 139 miles, in Victoria 256 miles; in South Australia 58 miles, and in the New Province, Queensland 25 miles. Besides these, New South Wales has 158 miles, and Queensland 40 miles in course of construction. Sidney and Melbourne have street and neighborhood railroads on the American principle. Of telegraph lines there are about 10,000 miles, including those projected; and in a short time the Australian system will be connected with the Asiatic lines, and via the Indian and Russian lines westward, and the Amoor and American lines eastward.

WESTERN UNION RAILROAD .- At Freeport, Ill., on the 17th of January, 1866, The Western Union Railroad Company, (organized under title acquired by purchase at foreclosure sales of the Racine ond Mississippi Railroad, in the States of Wisconsin and Illinois,) was consolidated with the Northern Illinois Railroad Company, and the new consolidated corporation was organized with the name of the Western Union Railroad Company, covering the whole line of railroad from Racine, in the State of Wisconsin, to Savannah in Illinois; and from Savanna to Rock Island, and Savanna to

CINCINNATI AND COVINGTON BRIDGE.—In relation to the purposes of this great work which is to connect the railroad systems of the Northwest and Southwest, the Cincinnati Enquirer of the 19th ult., has the following :

"The number of wires taken across daily is about 80, being 40 to each strand. The fourth strand will be completed during the present each strand. The fourth strand will be competed during the present month. The two great cables will be composed of seven strands each. The work on the superstructure, in the various shops of the company, is being pushed forward with great vigor, and the prospects now a re that the bridge will be completed and thrown open for travel by the lat of November next. This, however, will depend altogether on the weather. Cold does not now interfere with the work as formerly, but wind instantly puts a stop to operations, as it is impossible to carry the wire across when a stiff breeze is prevailing. Three fourths of the wire for the cables have been received from England, and most of it oiled and prepared. and prepared.

and prepared.

The remainder will arrive in good time. The wrought iron floor-beams—between 600 and 700 in number—have also been received. They were manufactured in Buffalo, N. Y., and are 19 feet 6 inches in length, and when spliced will be 39 feet long—the width of the bridge. A planing mill has been erected by the company on the wharf on this side of the river, where the joists for the flooring will be jointed and brought to a uniform thickness. Nearly all the lumber for the flooring is on hand, and a drying-house for seasoning it is in operation. The floor will be laid double, and in pitch, like the deck of a vessel. It will be about five inches in thickness, insuring increased strength, stiffness and steadiness to the bridge."

### COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

-Chica	go and A	lton.		-Chicago	& Northw	estern.			and Rock	Island.		-Cleveland	and Pit	tsburg.
1863.	1864.	1865.		1863.	1864.	1865.		1863.	1864.	1865.		1863.	1864.	1865.
(281 m.)	$(281 \ m.)$	(281 m.)	T	$(609 \ m.)$	$(609 \ m.)$	(679 m.)		(182 m.)	(182 m.)	(182 m.)		$(204 \ m.)$	$(204 \ m.)$	(204 m.)
\$109,850	\$100,991	\$201,900	Jan	\$232,208	\$273,875	\$541,005	Jan	\$140,024	\$158,735	\$305,554	. Jan	\$123,808	\$139,414	4100.0
101,355	154,418	900 150	Feb Mar	202,321	317,839	482,164	Feb		175,482	246,331	Feb	115,394	170,879	\$180,048
104,372 122,084	195,808 162,723	962 140	A must	221,709	390,355	499,296	Mar	122,512	243,150	289,403	Mar	185 211	202,857	_
132,301	178,786	200,148	April May	240,051 280,209	421,363	468,358	April	126,798	185,013	186,172	April	140,952	193,919	017 7
145,542	206,090	942 085	June	260,209	466,830	080,628	.May	144,995	198,679	227,260	May	152,662	203,514	215,568
149,137	224,257	215 044	July	366,100 281,334	565,145 480,710	791.942	June	170,937	243,178	311,100	June	160,569 182,655	210,314 214,583	0.800
157,948	296,546	201 574	Aug	296,169	519,306	702,092	July .	139,142	224,980	202,120	July	182,085	264,637	949 447
170,044	320,381	399 602	Sep	473,186	669,605	046 707	Son.	160,306	271,140	200,090	Sep		242,171	948 417
170,910	320,879	855 077	Oct	551,122	729,759	009 006	Sep	210,729 216,030	331,494 324,865	900,707	Oct		248,292	999 813
156,869	307,803	294.804	Nov	435,945	716,378	740:101	.Nov	196,435	336,617	961 141	Nov	181,175	220,062	220,146
153,294	241,582	224,022.	Dec	407,688	563,401		Dec	201,134	321,087	190, 227	Dec	180,408	201,169	226,047 243,417 243,417 223,813 220,146
4 000 000		0.700.110	W7											
1,673,706	2,543,416		. Year		6,114,566	7,960,981	Year				Year		2,512,315	
Er	ie Railwa	ly.—		Hud	lson Rive 1864.	r	-	Illin	iois Centra	1.		- Marietta		nnati.
1863.	1864.	1865.		1863.	1864.	1865.		1863.	1864.	1865.		1863.	1864.	1865.
(724 m.)	(724 m.)	(724 m.)	*	$(150 \ m.)$	(150 m.)	(150 m.)	_	$(708 \ m.)$	$(708 \ m.)$	$(708 \ m.)$	-	(251 m.)	(251 m.)	$(251 \ m1)$
\$845,695	\$984,837	\$908,341	Jan	\$458,953 425,047	\$501,231	\$525,936	Jan	\$299,944	\$327,900	\$546,410	Jan.	\$38,203	\$77,010	\$98,112
839,949	934,133	1 040 000	Feb	425,047	472,240	418,711	.Feb	271,085	416,588	522,555	Feb.	53,778	74,409	86,626
956,445	1,114,508	1,240,020	Mar	366,802	856,626	424,870	.Mar	275,643	459,762	592,276	Mar	60,540	89,901	93,503
948,059	1,099,507	1,472,120	.April	270,676	278,540	811,540	April	289,224	423,797	491,297	April	64,306	72,389	82,186
848,783 770,148	1,072,293 1,041,975	1 995 599	May	244,771	281,759	801,709	May	334,687	406,373	404,004	May	85,326	83,993	73,842
731,243	994,317	1 159 909	June	202,392 190,364	253,049 273,726		June	407,992	510,100	090,001	June	40,706	78,697	110,186 100,652 112,166
687,092	1,105,364	1 964 198	July	219,561	306,595	= ::	July	343,929	423,578	021,888	July	58,704	91,809	110,002
816,801	1,301,005	1 915 456	Sep.:	268,100			Aug	511 305	586,964	001,048	Aug	52,864	94,375	100 051
965,294	1,222,568	1 406 905	Oct	302,174	361,600 340,900		Sep	478,576	799,236	700,759	Sep	77,112	90,576	120,051 117,604
1,024,649	1,224,909	1 451 917	Nov	295,750	340,738		Oct	496,433	661,391	604 057	Vet	83,059	96,908	114.512
1,035,321	1,334,217	1,503,003	Dec	484,550			Nov	437,679	657,141	407 400	Nov	76,764		104,587
					507,552		Dec	424,531	608,402	491,402	Dec		95,453	
10,469,481	13,429,643	15,295,913.	.Year	3,726,140	4,274,556	-	Year	4,571,028	6,329,447	6 837,586.	Year	710,225	1,038,165	1,222,017
Mich	higan Cen	tral.		Mich. So. 1	North and	Indiana,		-Mil. and	Prairie du	Chien.	4- 17	-New	York Cen	tral.
1863.	1864.	1865.		Mich. So. 1 1863.	1864.	Indiana. 1865.		1863.	Prairie du	1865.		New :	York Cent 1864.	tral.————————————————————————————————————
1863. (285 m.)	1864. (285 m.)	1865. (285 m)		1863.	1864. (524 m.)	1865. (524 m.)		1863. (234 m.)	1864. (234 m.)	1865. (234 m.)		$(656 \ m.)$	York Cent 1864. (656 m.)	1865. (656 m.)
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073	1864. (285 m.) \$252,435	1865. (285 m)		1863.	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986	Jan	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183	Jan	(656 m.) \$920,272	(656 m.) \$921,831	1865. (656 m.) \$957,869
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 945,858	1864. (285 m.) \$252,435	1865. (285 m)		1863.	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986 366,361	Jan Feb	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,135	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283	Jan Feb	\$920,272 $790,167$	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587	1865. (656 m.) \$957,869 613,881
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 945,858	1864. (285 m.) \$252,435	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324. 279,137 344,228	Jan Feb	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454	1865, (524 m.) \$395,986 366,361 413,322	Jan Feb Mar.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925	1864. (934 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740	Jan Feb Mar	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,028	1865. (656 m.) \$957,869 613,881 955,659
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 945,858	1864. (285 m.) \$252,435	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324. 279,137 344,228	Jan Feb	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 330,651	1865, (524 m.) \$395,986 366,361 413,322	Jan Feb Mar.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740	Jan Feb Mar	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664	\$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,346,734
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,432 238,495 236,453	1864. (285 m.) \$252,435 275,848 348,802 338,276 271,553	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 380,651 267,126	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986 366,361 413,322 366,245 353,194	Jan Feb Mar April . May	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 186,747	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943	Jan Feb Mar April May	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435	\$957,869 \$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,846,734
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,432 238,495 236,453	1864. (285 m.) \$252,435 275,848 348,802 338,276 271,553	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324. 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 365,663	JanFebMarAprilMayJune.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,257 268,613 264,835 241,236	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 380,651 267,126 315,258	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986. 366,361. 413,322. 366,245. 353,194	Jan. Feb Mar April May June	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,209	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 224,838	Jan Feb Mar April May June	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736	\$957,869 \$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,846,734
1863. (285 m.) \$242,078 245,858 286,432 238,495 236,453 906,221 193,328	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273,848 348,802 338,276 271,553 265,780 263,244	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324. 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 365,663	JanFebMarAprilMayJune.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,257 268,613 264,835 241,236	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 380,651 267,126 315,258 278,891	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986. 366,361. 413,322. 366,245. 353,194. 402,122. 309,083.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 186,747 212,209 189,547	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,838 177,159	JanFebMarAprilMayJuneJuly	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 899,126 841,165 818,512	(656 m.) \$921,881 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793	\$957,869 \$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,846,734
1863. (285 m.) \$42,073 245,858 286,432 238,495 236,453 906,221 193,328 215,449	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273.848 348,802 338,276 271,553 265,780 263,244 346,781	1865, (285 m.) \$306,824 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 865,663 829,105 413,501	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 380,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 358,862	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986. 366,361. 413,322. 366,245. 353,194. 402,122. 309,083. 474,706.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,853	1864. (934 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,209 139,547 113,399	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,838 177,159 170,554	JanFebMarAprilMayJuneJulyAug.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793 1,273,117	\$957,869 \$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,846,734
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 986,432 238,495 296,221 193,328 215,449 308,168	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273,848 348,802 338,276 271,553 265,780 263,244 346,781 408,445	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324 279,137 344,228 387,240 401,456 865,663 329,105 413,501 476,661	JanFebMarAprilMayJuneJulyAugSep.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,142 238,012	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 330,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 358,862 402,219	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986. 366,361. 413,322. 366,245. 353,194. 402,122. 309,083. 474,706. 484,173.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July Aug.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417	1864. (934 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,209 139,547 113,399	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,838 177,159 170,554 228,025	Jan Feb Mar April May June July Aug	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076	\$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,346,734
1863 (285 m.) \$442.073 245,858 286,432 238,495 296,221 193,328 215,449 308,168 375,488	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273,848 348,802 338,276 271,553 265,780 263,244 346,781 408,445 410,802	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 865,663 329,105 413,501. 476,661 490,693	JanFebMarAprilMayJuneJulyAugSepOct	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 330,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 358,862 402,219 404,568	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986. 366,361. 413,322. 366,245. 353,194. 402,122. 309,083. 474,706. 484,173. 521,636.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 136,747 212,209 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,838 177,159 170,554 228,025 310,594	Jan Feb Mar April May June July Aug Sep Oct	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522	(656 m.) \$921,881 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113	\$957,869 \$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,846,734
1863. (285 m.) \$442,073 245,858 286,432 236,453 906,221 193,328 215,449 308,168 375,488 339,794	1864. (285 m.) \$252,435 273,848 348,802 338,276 271,553 265,780 263,244 346,781 408,445 410,802 405,510	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 865,663 329,105 413,501 476,661 490,693 447,669	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567 332,360	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 330,651 267,125 278,891 358,862 402,219 404,568 448,984	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986. 366,361. 413,322. 366,245. 353,194. 402,122. 309,083. 474,706. 484,173. 521,636. 498,421.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,17 205,055 138,342	1864. (934 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,209 189,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 224,838 177,159 170,554 228,025 310,594 226,840	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,505	\$957,869 \$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,846,734
1863 m., \$242,073 \$45,658 \$96,432 285,495 \$96,221 193,528 215,449 308,168 375,488 333,794 306,186	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273.848 348.802 338,276 271,553 265,780 265,344 346,781 408,445 405,510 876,470	1865. (285 m.) \$396,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 365,663 329,105 413,501 476,661 490,693 447,669 328,869	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 330,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 358,862 402,219 404,568	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986. 366,361. 413,322. 366,245. 353,194. 402,122. 309,083. 474,706. 484,173. 521,636. 498,421.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 136,747 212,209 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 224,838 177,159 170,554 228,025 310,594 226,840	Jan Feb Mar April May June July Aug Sep Oct	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522	(656 m.) \$921,881 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113	\$957,869 \$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,846,734
1863. (295 m.) \$242,073 243,858 296,452 233,495 296,453 296,221 183,328 215,449 308,168 375,488 339,794 306,186	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273.848 348.802 339.276 271,553 265,784 346,781 408,445 410,802 405,510 876,470	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 365,663 329,105 413,501 476,661 490,693 447,669 328,869	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567 332,360	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 330,651 267,125 278,891 358,862 402,219 404,568 448,984	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986. 366,361. 413,322. 366,245. 353,194. 402,122. 309,083. 474,706. 484,173. 521,636. 498,421.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,17 205,055 138,342	1864. (934 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,209 189,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099	1865. (284 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,838 177,159 170,554 228,025 310,594 226,840	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401	(66 m.) \$921,881 936,587 1,050,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,5+5 1,116,829	\$957,869 \$957,869 613,881 955,659 1,846,734
1863. (295 m.) \$242,073 243,858 296,452 233,495 296,453 296,221 183,328 215,449 308,168 375,488 339,794 306,186	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273.848 348.802 339.276 271,553 265,784 346,781 408,445 410,802 405,510 876,470	1865. (285 m.) \$306,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 365,663 329,105 413,501 476,661 490,693 447,669 328,869	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 180,145 238,012 308,106 375,567 332,360 348,048 3,302,541	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 330,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 358,862 402,219 404,568 448,934 411,806	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986 .366,391 .413,322 .366,245 .353,194 .402,122 .309,083 .474,706 .484,173 .521,658 .498,421 .366,192 .4,951,441	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,125 88,221 140,418 136,747 212,209 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099 117,013	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,838 177,159 170,554 226,025 210,594 226,840	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853	(66 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,545 1,116,829 13,367,714	(656 m.) \$967,869 613,881 955,659 1,346,734 1,225,521 1,122,701 1,162,024 1,495,751 1,524,434
1863. (285 m.) \$442,073 245,558 280,432 233,495 296,433 906,231 193,338 215,449 303,168 375,458 339,794 48,143,945 Pritaburg	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273.548 348.802 338.276 271.553 265.780 263.244 346.781 410.802 405.510 8,666.946 , Ft. W., 6	1865. (295 m.) \$396,824 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 365,663 329,105 476,661 490,693 447,669 4,521,046. & Chicago. 1865.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567 332,360 348,048 3,302,541 <b>Rome, W</b>	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 380,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 358,862 402,219 404,568 448,934 411,806 4,110,154	1865. (524 m.) \$395,986 .366,391 .413,322 .366,245 .353,194 .402,122 .309,083 .474,706 .484,173 .521,658 .498,421 .366,192 .4,951,441	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,125 88,221 140,418 136,747 212,209 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099 117,013	1865. (234 m.) \$98,183 74,283 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,838 177,159 170,554 226,025 210,594 226,840	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 Toledo, W	(66 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,005,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,545 1,116,829 13,367,714 Vabash & 1864.	(656 m.) \$967,869 613,881 985,659 1,346,734 1,295,521 1,182,701 1,162,024 1,495,751 1,524,434 Western 1865,
1863. (295 m.) \$442.073 \$45,858 996,432 295,495 290,523 1193,328 215,449 395,168 375,488 339,794 396,186 48,143,945 Prittaburg, 1863. (468 m.)	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273.848 348,802 338,276 271,553 265,780 265,780 406,445 410,802 405,510 8,966,946 , Ft. W., &	1865. (295 m.) \$306,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 305,663 329,105 476,661 490,693 447,669 328,869 4,521,046. \$4,521,046.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (288 m.) 1863. (288 m.)	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 380,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 404,568 448,934 411,806 4,110,154 /atert'n & 1864. (238 m.)	1865. (524 m.) \$395, 986. 366, 391. 413, 322. 369, 245. 353, 194. 402, 122. 309, 083. 474, 706. 484, 173. 521, 636. 488, 421. 366, 192. 4,951, 441. <b>Ogdensb.</b> 1865. (238 m.)	Jan. Feb. Mar. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (294 m.) \$67,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>St. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.)	1864. (294 m.) \$102,749 115,125 88,221 140,418 136,747 212,209 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099 117,013 1,711,281 Alton & T 1884. (210 m.)	1865. (234 m.) \$98.183 74.283 70,740 106,689 146,943 224,838 177,159 228,025 810,594 226,840 	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,385 839,126 841,165 818,512 \$40,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,455,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 Toledo, W 1893.	(66 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,056,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,022,786 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,277,113 1,187,545 1,116,829 13,367,714 Vabash & 1864. (242 m.)	(656 m.) \$967,869 613,881 985,659 1,346,734 1,295,521 1,182,701 1,162,024 1,495,751 1,524,434 Western 1865,
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,453 296,453 396,521 193,328 215,449 395,168 375,488 333,794 306,186 48,143,945 Pittaburg, 1863. (465 m.) \$837,350	1864. (285 m.) \$252.435 273.848 348.802 338.276 271,553 265.780 263.244 346.731 408.445 410.802 405.510 8,966.946 , Ft. W., & (468 m.) \$280.676	1865. (295 m.) \$396,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 365,663 329,105 476,661 490,693 447,669 4,521,046. & Chicago. 1865. (468 m.) \$654,390	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567 332,360 348,048 3,302,541 <b>Rome, W</b> 1863. (238 m.)	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 830,651 267,126 815,258 278,891 404,568 448,934 411,806 4,110,154 (238 m.) \$38,778	1865. (524 m.) \$395.986. 366.381. 418.392. 366.245. 353,194. 402.122. 309.083. 474.706. 484.173. 521.696. 498.421. 366.192. 4,951,441. Ogdensb. 1865. (238 m.)	Jan. Feb Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,133 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>St. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.)	1864. (294 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 136,747 212,209 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099 117,013 1,711,281 Alton & T 1864. (210 m.) \$100,872	1865. (234 m.) \$98.183 74.283 70,740 106,689 146,943 224,838 177,159 170,554 226,840 226,840  1865. (210 m.) \$170,078.	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 Toledo, W 1853. (242 m.) \$6,321	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,050,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,545 1,116,529 13,367,714 Vabash & (242 m.) \$79,735	(656 m.) \$967,869 613,881 955,659 1,346,734 1,295,521 1,182,701 1,162,024 1,495,751 1,524,434 Western 1865. (242 m.) \$144,084
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,558 286,452 283,495 296,521 196,328 215,449 308,168 333,794 306,154 48,143,945 Pritaburg 1863, (468 m.) \$37,350	1864. (285 m.) \$285.435 273.548 348.802 338.276 271.553 265.780 406.445 410.802 405.510 8,966,946 Ft. W., 6 1864. (468 m.) \$200,676 477.227	1865. (295 m.) \$396,324 279,137 344,228 337,240 401,456 365,663 329,105 476,661 490,693 447,669 4,521,046. & Chicago. 1865. (468 m.) \$654,390	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (524 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567 332,360 348,048 3,302,541 <b>Rome, W</b> 1863. (238 m.)	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 330,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 358,862 402,219 404,568 448,934 411,806 4,110,154 /atert'n & 1864. (238 m.) \$38,778 54,735	1865. (524 m.) \$395.986. 366.381. 418.392. 366.245. 353,194. 402.122. 309.083. 474.706. 484.173. 521.696. 498.421. 366.192. 4,951,441. Ogdensb. 1865. (238 m.)	Jan. Feb Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,133 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>St. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.)	1864. (294 m.) \$102,749 115,125 88,221 140,418 136,747 212,209 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099 117,013 1,711,281 Alton & T 1864. (210 m.) \$100,872 147,485	1865. (334 m.) \$98.183 74, 253 70, 740 106, 689 146, 943 224, 838 177, 159 170, 554 228, 025 310, 579 226, 840 28, 640	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 Toledo, W 1868,321 91,971	(656 m.) \$921,831 996,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,029,736 1,029,736 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,5+5 1,116,829 13,367,714 Vabash & 1864. (242 m.) \$79,735 95,843	(656 m.) \$957,889 613,881 955,659 1,346,734 1,225,521 1,122,701 1,162,024 1,495,751 1,524,434 Western 1865, (242 m.) \$144,084 139,171
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,452 283,495 295,453 196,521 193,388 215,449 395,168 375,488 333,794 306,186 48,143,945 Pittaburg, 1863. (465 m.) 387,350 366,598 461,965	1864. (285 m.). (285 m.). (387 m.).	1865. (295 m.). \$306, 324 (295 m.). \$306, 324 (279, 137 344, 228 337, 244) 401, 456 305, 663 329, 106 413, 501 476, 663 447, 669 388, 669 4,521, 668 4, 200, 666, 738 664, 320, 666, 738 866, 131	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	1863. (524 m.) \$245,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567 348,048 3,302,541 <b>Rome, W</b> 1863. (238 m.) 316,19 316,912	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,455 388,454 380,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 404,508 441,506 411,506 4,110,154 7stort'n & (238 m.) \$38,778 54,735 60,006	1865. (524 m.) \$395.986. 366.381. 418.392. 366.245. 353,194. 402.122. 309.083. 474.706. 484.173. 521.696. 498.421. 366.192. 4,951,441. Ogdensb. 1865. (238 m.)	Jan. Feb Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,133 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>St. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.)	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 186,747 212,200 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099 117,013 Alton & T 1864. (210 m.) \$100,872 147,485 160,497	1865. (334 m.) \$98,183 74,253 70,740 106,659 146,943 224,838 177,159 170,554 228,025 310,554 226,840 1855. (210 m.) 1870,078 153,903	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,669,853 <b>Toledo, W</b> 1863. (242 m.) \$86,321 91,971 103,056	(656 m.) \$921,881 936,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,738 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,5+5 1,116,829 13,367,714 Vabash & 1864. (242 m.) \$79,735 90,843 132,896	(656 m.) \$957,889 613,881 955,659 1,346,734 1,295,751 1,182,701 1,162,024 1,495,751 1,524,434 Western 1865. (242 m.) \$144,084 139,171 155,753
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,452 283,405 296,521 196,328 215,449 308,168 339,794 306,186 48,143,945 Pritaburg 18638,(468 m.) \$373,540 \$461,965	1864. (285 m.) 4892. 435 273. 848 273. 848 802 373. 848 802 373. 275 271. 553 245. 780 271. 553 245. 780 476. 476. 476. 476. 476. 477. 227. 611. 297 588.066	1865. (295 m.). \$306, 324 (295 m.). \$306, 324 (279, 137 344, 228 337, 244) 401, 456 305, 663 329, 106 413, 501 476, 663 447, 669 388, 669 4,521, 668 4, 200, 666, 738 664, 320, 666, 738 866, 131	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	1863. (524 m.) \$245,784 230,508 257,227 268,613 264,835 241,236 189,145 238,012 308,106 375,567 348,048 3,302,541 <b>Rome, W</b> 1863. (238 m.) 316,19 316,912	1864) \$256,600 \$348,445 \$380,451 \$380,451 \$380,451 \$380,451 \$380,671 \$267,126 \$316,238 \$278,831 \$492,219 \$404,578 \$411,806 \$411,806 \$411,806 \$411,806 \$411,806 \$438,778 \$408,778 \$54,735 \$60,006 \$60,361	1865. (524 m.) \$395.986. 366.381. 418.392. 366.245. 353,194. 402.122. 309.083. 474.706. 484.173. 521.696. 498.421. 366.192. 4,951,441. Ogdensb. 1865. (238 m.)	Jan. Feb Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	1863. (234 m.) \$67,130 76,133 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,260 71,587 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>St. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.)	1864. (284 m.) \$102,749 115,125 88,221 140,418 136,747 212,209 139,547 113,399 168,218 178,526 149,099 117,013 1,711,281 Alton & T 1864. (210 m.) \$100,872 147,485 160,497 157,786	(394 m.) \$98, 163 74, 253 70, 740 106, 659 146, 943 177, 159 170, 554 228, 935 310, 594 226, 840 226, 840 210 m.) \$170, 678 153, 903 202, 771 168, 299	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 \$18,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 Toledo, W 1893. (242 m.) \$86,321 191,971 103,056 132,111	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,050,038 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,055,793 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,277,113 1,277,113 1,387,714 7abash & 1364 (342 m.) \$79,738 182,896	(656 m.), \$907.869 613.84 955.669 613.84 1.955.659 1.346.784 1.295.521 1.128.701 1.162.024 1.162.024 1.162.024 1.295.781 1.524.484 1.295.791 1.1625.783 1.
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,452 283,405 296,521 196,328 215,449 308,168 339,794 306,186 48,143,945 Pritaburg 18638,(468 m.) \$373,540 \$461,965	1864. (285 m.)	1865. (295 m.) \$306, 324 (295 m.) \$306, 324 (279, 137 344, 228 387, 244) 401, 456 395, 669 395, 669 395, 669 388, 669 47, 621, 626 47, 621, 621, 621, 621, 621, 621, 621, 621	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year.	1868. (624 m.) \$248,764 220,508 257,227 298,613 294,835 241,835 241,835 248,105 308,106 375,567 382,360 348,048 3,302,64 1863. (288 m.) \$1,619 36,104 44,835 44,835 44,836	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,455 388,454 380,651 267,126 315,258 278,891 404,508 441,506 411,506 4,110,154 7stort'n & (238 m.) \$38,778 54,735 60,006	1865. (524 m.) \$395,996. 366,391 413,392 366,245. 353,194 402,192 309,083 474,706 484,173 521,696. 366,192 4,951,441 Ogdensb. 1865. (338 m.) \$	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year.  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May.	1863. (294 m.) (867,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,250 69,63 15,417 205,065 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 8t. Louis 1863. (210 m.) \$100,603 110,603 120,310 123,115	1864. (234 m.) \$192,749 115,135 188,221 140,418 186,747 212,290 1189,547 116,389 117,013 1,711,2 31 1,711,2 1,715,13 1,717,756 160,497 157,756 149,959 160,497 157,756 149,955 160,497 157,756	[865.] [898.168] 74.253 70.740 106.689 146.943 224.825 177.159 170.504 228.025 310.504 226.840  P. Haute. 1805. (210 m.) 153.903. 292.771 169,299. 177.625	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 211,395 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 <b>Toledo, W</b> 1863. (242 m.) 91,971 103,056 132,111 130,056 132,111	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,059,038 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,004,435 1,004,57 1,202,138 1,187,595 1,187,595 1,116,529 13,387,714  Vabash & 1874, (342 m.) 1879,735 95,813 132,896 123,987	(656 m.), \$907.869 613.84 955.669 613.84 1.955.659 1.346.784 1.295.521 1.192.701 1.162.024 1.162.024 1.162.024 1.295.781 1.524.484 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.795 613.995 613.9
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,452 283,495 296,521 196,323 215,449 290,121 397,458 333,794 396,136 48,143,945 Prittaburg, 1863. (468 m.) \$373,550 461,965 462,967 427,094	1864. (285 m.) (285 m	1865. (285 m.) \$306, 324 (285 m.) \$306, 324 (279, 137 344, 228 387, 240 401, 456 382, 910 476, 661 478, 501 476, 661 478, 501 476, 661 1895. (468 m.) \$684, 320 (468 m.) \$684, 320 (468 m.) \$686, 738 886, 511 733, 107 601, 238 669, 318 669	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June	1863. (624 m.). \$448,784 230,508 257,227 298,613 294,4835 241,296 189,145 298,012 308,106 375,567 332,360 375,567 332,360 375,567 332,360 375,567 332,360 474,835,047 31,663.	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 339,651 267,126 315,238 278,891 358,962 402,219 404,578 441,594 411,596 4,110,154 4,110,154 4,110,154 1,100,154 1,	1865. (524 m.) \$395, 986. 366. 361. 413. 322. 366. 345. 456. 365. 3194. 402.122. 309.083. 474.706. 484.173. 521. 636. 192. 4.951, 441 Ogdensb. 1865. (238 m.) \$	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Nov. Nov. Year. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June.	1863. (294 m.) (867,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 110,600 711,597 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>8t. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.) \$100,603 120,130 123,115 113,798	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115.135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,909 139,547 113,899 168,218 178,558 149,099 117,013 1,711,281 Alton & T.1864. (210 m.) \$100,572 147,485 160,497 157,756 149,855 145,5730	(394 m.) \$98, 163 74, 253 70, 740 106, 659 146, 943 177, 169 177, 159 170, 554 226, 840 226, 840 226, 840 21, 175, 175, 175, 175, 175, 175, 175, 17	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year.  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 7867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 Toledo, W 1863 1863 191,971 103,056 132,111 134,272	(656 m.) \$921,831 996,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,738 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,257,713 1,116,529 13,867,714  Vabash & 1894. \$79,735 99,735 182,896 123,887 127,010	(656 m.), \$907.869 613.84 955.669 613.84 1.955.659 1.346.784 1.295.521 1.192.701 1.162.024 1.162.024 1.162.024 1.295.781 1.524.484 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.795 613.995 613.9
1863. (285 m.) \$492,073 245,858 286,452 283,495 295,453 1163,358 375,489 375,489 375,488	1864. (285 m.).	1865. (285 m.) \$306, 324 (285 m.) \$306, 324 (279, 137 344, 228 387, 240 401, 456 3829, 105 433,501 447,661 490,633 447,669 3828,669 4,521,666,738 \$654, 320 696,738 \$654, 300 696,738 \$650, 311 733,107 601, 238 660, 311 612, 128	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year.  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July	1863. (524 m.) \$248,754 230,508 257,227 298,613 294,835 180,145 298,012 298,012 318,106 345,048 3,302,541 <b>Rome, W</b> 1863. (289 m.) 36,012 43,058 44,835 44,835 44,673	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 338,454 330,451 351,5238 315,238 315,238 315,238 328,891 358,892 411,506 411,506 411,506 411,506 411,506 411,706 60,361 72,452 71,735 60,006 60,361 72,452 71,735 71,735	1865. (524 m.) \$395,996. 366.391 413.322 366,245. 353.194 402.122 309,083 474,706 494,173 521,696 494,173 521,696 192. 4,951,441 00gdensb 1865. (338 m.) \$ 91,172 89,978	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.  Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. June. June.	1863. (294 m.) (867,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 110,600 711,597 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>8t. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.) \$100,603 120,130 123,115 113,798	1864. (294 m.) \$192,749 115,135 188,221 140,418 186,747 212,90 212,90 118,269 117,013 1,711,809 117,013 1,711,80 168,218 1,72,026 117,013 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,80 1,711,766 1,7	1865. (394 m.) \$98,163 74,253 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,888 294,888 294,71,159 170,554 226,025 310,594 226,840 246,840 246,840 246,840 246,840 276,164 276,16	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 211,395 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 <b>Toledo, W</b> 1863, (242 m.) 91,971 103,056 132,111 103,056 132,111 103,056 132,111 105,554	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,069,028 1,105,664 1,094,435 1,092,736 1,095,738 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,187,515 1,116,529 13,287,714 7abash & 1842 242 m.) \$795,332 139,286 123,387 127,010 156,338	(656 m.), \$907.869 613.84 955.669 613.84 1.955.659 1.346.784 1.295.521 1.192.701 1.162.024 1.162.024 1.162.024 1.295.781 1.524.484 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.024 1.295.791 1.162.795 613.995 613.9
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 \$45,558 936,452 936,452 936,453 906,221 189,328 215,449 908,188 333,794 306,186 48,143,945 Pritaburg, 1863. (466 m.) \$373,550 461,965 462,967 427,094 355,845 360,753 467,077	1864. (285 m.)	1865. (285 m.) \$306, 324 279, 137 344, 228 387, 240 401, 456 329, 105 443, 501 476, 661 430, 633 447, 669 388, 869 4, 521, 046. 4 Chicago. 1865. (468 m.) \$654, 320 666, 738 866, 511 733, 107 601, 238 669, 311 612, 128	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. April. May. June July Aug.	1863. (624 m.). \$448,784 230,508 257,227 298,613 294,4835 241,296 189,145 298,012 308,106 375,567 332,360 375,567 332,360 375,567 332,360 375,567 332,360 47,355,047 31,4835,047 34,3088 44,835	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,445 339,651 267,126 315,238 278,891 358,962 402,219 404,578 441,894 411,894 411,015 4,110,154 7,110,154 (28 m.) \$28,778 54,735 60,006 60,361 72,452 71,352 84,483	1865. (524 m.) \$395, 986. 366. 361. 413. 322. 366. 341. 412. 326. 353. 194. 402. 122. 309. 083. 474. 706. 484. 173. 521. 636. 192. 4.951, 441. 50 gdensb. 1865. (238 m.) \$	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Nov. Dec. Year. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Aug. Aug. April. May. June. July. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug	1863. (294 m.) (867,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 110,60 711,597 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>St. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.) \$100,506 110,603 120,310 123,115 113,798 123,499 118,193	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115.135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,209 139,547 113,899 168,218 178,558 149,099 117,013 1,711,281 Alton & T.1864. (210 m.) \$100,572 147,485 160,497 157,756 149,855 160,497 157,756 149,855 149,952 218,236 218,236 1288,236 12888,236 12888,236 12888,236 12888,236 12888,236 12888,236 128888,236 128888,236 128888,236 1288888,236 12888888888888888888888	1865. (334 m.) \$98,163 74,253 70,740 106,689 146,943 224,888 177,159 170,554 228,025 310,594 226,840 28,025 310,794 226,840 1865. (210 m.) \$170,078. 153,093 202,771 168,299 177,625 178,722 162,570 218,553	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July April. May. June July Aug.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 7867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,420 11,157,818 11,069,853  Toledo, W 1953,321 91,971 103,066 132,111 134,272 152,586 105,554	(656 m.) \$921,831 996,587 1,059,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,738 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,450,076 1,116,529 13,867,714  Vabash & 1864. \$79,735 182,896 123,897 127,010 156,338 139,896	(656 m.), \$907,869 613,381 95,669 95,669 613,381 95,669 1,346,784 1,126,052 1,128,701 1,162,024 1,162,034 1,495,781 1,524,434 1,495,781 1,524,434 1,39,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1
1843. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,453 296,6231 193,328 215,449 305,168 375,488	1864. (285 m.)	1865. (295 m.) \$306, 324 (295 m.) \$306, 324 (270, 137 344, 228 387, 240 401, 456 3829, 105 435, 501 445, 661 440, 663 3828, 669 447, 660 388, 669 566, 738 466, 738 466, 738 466 758 466 758 466 758 467 759, 466 759, 467 750, 467	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. June July Aug. Sep.	1863. (624 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 298,613 294,835 189,145 298,012 298,012 318,106 315,048 3,302,541 <b>Rome, W</b> 1863. (288 m.) 36,012 43,058 44,835 44,835 44,673 51,189	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,415 338,454 330,651 267,126 358,582 402,219 404,583 411,506 4,110,150 4,110,150 60,361 72,452 71,352 84,433 87,515	1865. (524 m.) \$395. 996. 366. 391. 413. 322. 366. 245. 353. 194. 402. 122. 309. 088. 474. 706. 484. 173. 521. 536. 192. 4.951. 441. 366. 192. 4.951. 441. 366. 192. 369. 389. 389. 389. 389. 389. 389. 389. 38	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. June. Oct. Nov. Dec. Vear  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. June. June. June. June. June. July.	1863. (294 m.) (867,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 111,269 69,363 155,417 205,542 112,913 1,247,26 116,603 110,603 1	1864. (294 m.) \$192,749 115,135 188,221 140,418 186,747 218,296 128,297 118,399 117,013 1,711,891 1,711,881 1,714,827 1,717,786 144,497 157,786 149,985 155,730 144,497 144,925 144,925 144,925 155,730 144,925 144,925 216,236	1865. (394 m.) (998,163 74,253 70,740 106,689 146,943 294,888 127,7,159 170,554 228,025 310,594 226,840 226,840 177,625 177,62	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Sep. Sep. Jan. Feb. Sep. Sep. Sep. Sep. Sep. Sep. Sep.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 867,590 211,395 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 <b>Toledo, W</b> 1863. (242 m.) 86,321 103,056 132,111 134,272 155,554 116,379 120,885	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,069,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,092,736 1,095,738 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,187,575 1,116,529 13,267,714 7/abash 4 1284,174 1284,174 1284,174 1284,174 1284,174 1384,174 1	(656 m.), \$907,869 613,381 95,669 95,669 613,381 95,669 1,346,784 1,126,052 1,128,701 1,162,024 1,162,034 1,495,781 1,524,434 1,495,781 1,524,434 1,39,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1,55,763 1,44,004 1,59,171 1
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,558 296,452 238,495 296,521 193,328 215,449 308,126 337,744 308,136 48,142,945 Pittaburg, 1863. (485 m.) \$373,350 461,965 462,967 427,094 305,845 305,753 407,077 465,509 505,815	1864. (285 m.)	1865. (285 m.) \$306, 324 (285 m.) \$306, 324 (279, 137 344, 228 337, 240 401, 456 3229, 105 443,501 447,669 328,869 4,521,046. \$\$\$\$ Chicago. 1895. \$\$\$\$ (468 m.) \$\$\$\$ (468 m.) \$\$\$\$\$ (468 m.) \$\$\$\$\$\$ (569, 738, 266, 511 612, 128 507, 382, 699, 311 612, 128 509, 311 612, 128 507, 382, 405 507, 405	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Sep. Oct. Oct. Sep. Oct. Oct. Sep. Oct. Oct. Sep. Oct. Sep. Oct.	1883. (524 m.)  \$248,784 230,508 257,227 298,613 294,835 241,236 189,145 298,012 398,106 375,567 332,390 375,567 332,390 34,835,047 316,612 43,058 44,835 51,281 76,138	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,415 339,451 339,451 356,562 402,219 404,578 441,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 54,735 60,006 60,261 71,352 84,483 87,615 88,484 81,515 81	1865. (524 m.) \$395. 996. 366. 391. 413. 322. 366. 245. 353. 194. 402. 122. 309. 088. 474. 706. 484. 173. 521. 536. 192. 4.951. 441. 366. 192. 4.951. 441. 366. 192. 369. 389. 389. 389. 389. 389. 389. 389. 38	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. June. Oct. Nov. Dec. Vear  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. June. June. June. June. June. July.	1863. (294 m.) (867,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 110,60 711,597 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>St. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.) \$100,508 110,603 120,310 123,115 113,798 123,447 130,378 151,798 151,	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115.135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,209 139,547 113,899 168,218 178,556 149,099 117,013 1,711,281 Alton & T.1864. (210 m.) \$100,872 147,485 160,497 157,756 149,855 160,497 157,756 224,194 202,735 234,194 202,735 234,194	1865. (334 m.) \$99,163 74,253 70,740 106,689 146,943 224,888 177,159 170,554 228,025 310,594 226,840 28,025 310,594 226,840 1865. (210 m.) \$170,078. 153,093 202,771 168,299 177,625 178,722 162,570 218,553 269,459,	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 7867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,491 1,157,818 11,069,853  Toledo, W \$1,951 103,066 132,111 134,272 152,585 105,554	(656 m.) \$921,831 996,587 1,009,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,025,738 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,59-6 1,387,714 7abash & 1864 (342 m.) \$1,004,435 132,896 132,896 132,897 127,010 136,5338 139,626 244,114 875,534	(656 m.), \$677.86 656 m.), \$677.86 658, \$677.86 6595, \$695, \$695, \$695, \$675, \$675, \$755,
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,453 286,453 296,6231 193,328 215,449 303,168 375,488 339,794 306,186 48,143,945 Pitsburg 1863. (465 m.) \$837,350 366,598 461,965 462,967 427,094 385,845 4407,077 465,509 560,518	1864. (285 m.)	1865. (285 m.) \$306, 324 4.288 279, 137 344, 228 387, 240 401, 456 3829, 105 435, 501 445, 661 440, 663 3829, 105 447, 660 382, 669 4.521, 046 8 m.) \$684, 250 660, 331 612, 128 630, 331 612, 128 630, 331 632, 128 632, 1	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.  Year  Jan. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1863. (624 m.) \$248,784 230,508 257,227 298,613 264,835 189,145 238,012 238,102 341,236 348,048 3,302,541 <b>Rome, W</b> 1863. (288 m.) 3,619 3,619 44,835 44,835 49,673 51,281 76,198	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,415 339,451 339,451 356,562 402,219 404,578 441,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 411,506 4,110,154 54,735 60,006 60,261 71,352 84,483 87,615 88,484 81,515 81	1865. (524 m.) \$395.996. 366.391 413.322 366.245. 353.194 402.122 309.985 474.706 484.173 521.636. 192. 4,951.441. 366.192. 4,951.441. 1865. (238 m.) \$	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. July. Oct. Nov. Dec.  Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. July. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Doc.	1863. (294 m.) (867,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 106,967 11,257 69,363 155,417 205,065 112,913 112,913 11,247,25 110,603 1	1864. (294 m.) \$192,749 115,135 88,221 140,418 186,747 218,547 113,899 118,547 113,899 117,013 1,711,88 149,099 117,013 1,711,88 141,487 166,417 167,786 144,487 144,487 144,827 144,287 144,287 144,287 144,287 144,287 144,287 144,287	1865. (394 m.) (998, 163 74, 253 70, 740 106, 689 146, 943 294, 838 177, 159 170, 554 226, 840 170, 678 130, 103 170, 678 177, 67	Jan. Feb. Mar. A pril. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Nov. Nov. Dec.	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 790,167 867,590 911,395 819,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,401 1,157,818 11,069,853 <b>Toledo, W</b> 1863. (242 m.) 1863. (242 m.) 191,971 103,056 132,111 134,272 152,585 116,379 120,695 151,052	(656 m.) \$921,831 936,587 1,050,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,029,736 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,127,113 1,187,5-5 1,116,529 13,287,714 7abash 4 (242 m.) 1564,328 123,987 127,010 156,328 124,935 125,036 124,114 155,338 124,134 135,348 121,570 1220,309	(656 m.), 656 m.), 657 m.), 65
1863. (285 m.) \$242,073 245,858 286,453 286,453 296,6231 193,328 215,449 305,168 375,488 339,794 306,186 48,143,945 Pritsburg 1863. (465 m.) \$837,250 366,593 461,965 462,967 427,094 385,845 407,077 468,509 505,514 466,300 467,642	1864. (285 m.)	1865. (285 m.) \$306, 324 4.288 279, 137 344, 228 387, 240 401, 456 3829, 105 435, 501 445, 661 440, 663 3829, 105 447, 660 382, 669 4.521, 046 8 m.) \$684, 250 660, 331 612, 128 630, 331 612, 128 630, 331 632, 128 632, 1	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.  Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1883. (524 m.)  \$248,784 230,508 257,227 298,613 294,835 241,236 189,145 298,012 398,106 375,567 332,390 375,567 332,390 34,835,047 316,612 43,058 44,835 51,281 76,138	1864. (524 m.) \$256,600 304,415 338,454 330,651 267,126 358,582 402,219 404,583 411,506 4,110,150 4,110,150 60,361 72,452 71,352 84,433 87,515	1865. (524 m.) \$395.996. 366.391 413.322 366.245. 353.194 402.122 309.985 474.706 484.173 521.636. 192. 4,951.441. 366.192. 4,951.441. 1865. (238 m.) \$	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. June. Oct. Nov. Dec. Vear  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June. June. June. June. June. June. July.	1863. (294 m.) (867,130 76,132 44,925 88,177 110,60 711,597 69,353 155,417 205,055 138,342 112,913 1,247,258 <b>St. Louis</b> , 1863. (210 m.) \$100,508 110,603 120,310 123,115 113,798 123,447 130,378 151,798 151,	1864. (234 m.) \$102,749 115.135 88,221 140,418 196,747 212,209 139,547 113,899 168,218 178,556 149,099 117,013 1,711,281 Alton & T.1864. (210 m.) \$100,872 147,485 160,497 157,756 149,855 160,497 157,756 224,194 202,735 234,194 202,735 234,194	1865. (394 m.) (998, 163 74, 253 70, 740 106, 689 146, 943 294, 838 177, 159 170, 554 226, 840 170, 678 130, 103 170, 678 177, 67	Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Year  Jan. Feb. Mar. April. May. June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct	(656 m.) \$920,272 790,167 7867,590 911,395 839,126 841,165 818,512 840,450 1,079,551 1,041,522 1,045,491 1,157,818 11,069,853  Toledo, W \$1,951 103,066 132,111 134,272 152,585 105,554	(656 m.) \$921,831 996,587 1,009,028 1,105,664 1,004,435 1,029,736 1,025,738 1,273,117 1,450,076 1,227,113 1,187,59-6 1,387,714 7abash & 1864 (342 m.) \$1,004,435 132,896 132,896 132,897 127,010 136,5338 139,626 244,114 875,534	(656 m.), \$677.86 656 m.), \$677.86 658, \$677.86 6595, \$695, \$695, \$675, \$675, \$755,

### RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

	Stock	Divider	nd.	Market.			Stock	Divide	Marl	ket	
COMPANIES.	Stock ont- standing.					COMPANIES.	out- standing.			-	
Railroad. Albany and Susquehanna100	1,347.199					New York and Boston Air Line.100 New York Central	788,047 24,386,000	Feb. and Ang	Feb3	87%	87%
Albany and Susquenanna. 100 Alleghany Valley. 50 Alton and St. Louis 100 Atlantic & Great Western, N. Y. 100 do do Pa. 100 do do Ohio.100	1,947,600	Quarterly.	Jan1%			New York Central	5,085,050 1,500,000	Jan. and July	Jan,4	75	
Atlantic & Great Western, N. Y.100 do Pa100	919,153 2,500,000					do preferred 50 Niagara Bridge & Canandaigua.100 New York and New Haven 100	1,000,000 2,980,839	Jan. and July Quarterly.	Jan 4		110
Atlantic & Great Western, N. Y. 100 do do do Pa 100 do do Obio. 100 Baltimore and Obio 100 Washington Branch 100 Bellefontaine Line 100 Berkshire 100 Berkshire 100 Blossburg and Corning	5,000,000 13,188,902	April and Oct	Oct 4		112	New York and New Haven100 New York Providence & Boston100 Ninth Avenue	1,508,000 795,360	Quarterly.	Jan3	117	93
Washington Branch100 Bellefontaine Line100	1,650,000 4,434,250	April and Oct Feb. and Aug	Oct5 Aug3		125	Ninth Avenue 100 Northern of New Hampshire 100 Northern Central 50 North Pennsylvania 55 Norwich and Worcester 100 Ogdensburg & L. Champlain 100 Obio and Missission	3,068,400	June and Dec	Dec 4 Nov 2	8936	90
Belvidere, Delaware	997,112 600,000	Quarterly. June & Dec.	Jan13/			North Pennsylvania	3,150,150 2,338,600	Jan. and July	Jan5		65
		June & Dec.	Dec21/2	****	13	Ordensburg & L. Champlain . 100 Ohio and Missispipi 100 do Old Colony and Newport 100 Old Colony and Newport 100 Oswego and Syracuse . 55 Panama (and Steamship) . 100 Pennsylvania . 100 Pennsylvania . 50 Philadelphia and BaltimoreCentiO Philadelphia and Brie . 55 Philadelphia and Erie . 55 Philadelphia and Erie . 55 Philadelphia and Baltimore 55 Philadelphia and Erie . 55 Philadelphia an	3,077,000			25%	42 25%
Boston and Lowell   500	1,830,000 4,076,974	Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan4		96 116	do preferred. 100	2,979,000	January. Jan. and July	Jan 7 Jan 4	50	70 100
Boston and Providence100 Boston and Worcester100	3,160,000 4,500,000	Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan5		127	Oswego and Syracuse 50 Panama (and Steamship) 100	482,400	Feb. and Aug	Aug4 Jan6		242
Brooklyn Central	492,150 1,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Ang. 3%	200	225	Peninsula	20,000,000	May and Nov	May5	109	110
Brooklyn City. 10 Brooklyn City and Newtown. 100 Buffalo, New York, and Erie. 100 Buffalo and State Line. 100 Burlington and Missouri River. 100	366,000 850,000	Jan. and July	Jan 31/			Philadelphia and BaltimoreCent10	218,100	Ja and July	Jan3	60	65
Buffalo and State Line100 Burlington and Missouri River 100	2,200,000 1,000,000	Feb. & Aug.	Aug5			Philadelphia and Reading 50	20,072,32	Apr. and Oct	De. 65 10	99%	993
Camden and Amboy	4,174,400	Feb. and Aug		114	116	Phila., Wilmington & Baltimore 50	8,657,300	Apr. and Oct	Oct5		120
Camden and Amboy 100 Camden and Atlantic 50 do do preferred 50 Cape Cod 60	682,600	Ion and Inly	Top 93			Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago 100	8,181,126	Quarterly.	Jan2%	9234	93
Catawissa 50 do preferred 50 Central of New Jersey 100 Central Ohio. Cheshire (preferred) 100	1,150.000	Fob & Ang	Ang 91/	54	59	Providence and Worcester100	1,700,000	Jan. and July	Jan4		
Central of New Jersey100	6,500,000	Quarterly.	Jan2%	112	115	Racine and Mississippi	2,360,700	April and Oct			
Cheshire (preferred)	2,085,925	Jan, and July	Jan21/2		45	Saratoga and Whitehall 100	500,000	April and Oct	Oct 3		
Chicago and Alton	1,783,100	Feb. & Aug.	Aug3%	111	112	Troy, Salem & Rutland 100 Rome, Watertown & Ogdensb'g100	1,774,173	Jan, and July	Jan5		
Chester Valley	8,376,510	May & Nov.	N.5c& 208	110%	112	Rutland and Burlington 100 St. Louis, Alton, & Terre Haute 100	2.300,000	Annually		30 58	32 58
Chicago Burlington and Quincy.100 Chicago and Great Eastern	1,000,000				65	do do pref.100 Sandusky, Dayton, and Cincin. 100 do do pref.100 Sandusky, Mansfield & Newark100 Sandusky, Wansfield & Newark100	1,700,000	Annually.			
Chicago and Northwestern 100	13,160,927			28	281/8	Sandusky, Mansfield & Newark100	354,860 862,571	Feb. and Aug Jan. and July	Tan E		
Chicago and Rock Island100	6,000.000	April and Oct	Oct5	54 100¼		Second Avenue (N. Y.)	650,000	Apr. and Oct		65	
Cincinnati and Chicago Air Line100 Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton.100	1,106,125	May and Nov.	Nov5	****	100	Schuylkill Valley 5 Second Avenue (N. Y.) 100 Shamokin Valley & Pottsville 5 Sixth Avenue (N. Y.) 10 Syracuse, Binghamton & N. Y. 10	869,450	Feb. and Aug Quarterly.		135	136
Cleveland, Columbus, & Cincin.100	2,000,000 6,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb5	112	115	Terre maute and Mchmond 5		Jan. and July	Jan6		
Cleveland, Painesville & Ashta. 100 Cleveland and Pittsburg 50	4,000,000 5,253,625	Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan. '66 4	811/2	8134	Third Avenue (N. Y.)	$0   1,170,000 \\ 0   1,700,000$	Quarterly.	J n		210
Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton.100 Cincinnati and Zanesville. 100 Cleveland, Columbus, & Cincin.100 Cleveland, Painesville & Ashta.100 Cleveland and Pittsburg. 50 Cleveland and Toledo. 50 Columbus & Indianapolis Cent.100 Columbus & Indianapolis Cent.100 Columbus and Yonia 50	4,654,800	April and Oct	Oct5	1041/2	106½ 125	do do 1st pref.100	1,700,000				
						Toledo, Wabash and Western 50	2,442,350	June and Dec	June.3 Dec3%	30	40
Concord and Portsmouth 100 Coney Island and Brooklyn 100	350,000 500,000	Jan. and July	Jan336			Tioga	125,000	Jan, and July	Jan31/2		
Connecticut and Passumpsic 100	900 000	Jan. and July	Jan 3			do do 2d pref.10 Toledo, Wabash and Western. 5 do do preferred. 5 Tioga. Troy and Boston. 10 Troy and Greenbush. 10 Utica and Black River. 10 Vermont and Canada. 10 Vermont and Massachusetts. 10 Warren. 10 Warren. 10	274,400	June and Dec	Dec3		
do do pref.100 Connecticut River	1,591,100	Jan. and July	Jan4		100	Vermont and Canada10	2,860,000	Jan. and July June and Dec	Dec4		95 40
		Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan 3	20		Warren 5	1,408,300	Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan3		95 128
Delaware 50 Delaware, Lacka., & Western 50 Des Moines Valley 100	6,832,950	Jan. and July	Jan3	140	145	Warren 5 Western (Mass) 10 Worcester and Nashua 7 Wrightsville, York & Gettysb'g 5	5 1,141,650	Jan. and July Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan51		100
Detroit and Milwaukee 100	952,350					Character and Delaware	1 949 500				
Dubuque and Sioux City100	1,751,577					Chesapeake and Ohio 2	5 8,228,59	Fob and And	Ang 2	61	63
Des Moines Valley	3,155,000	Jan. and July	Jan4	****	100	Chesapeake and Delaware. 2 Chesapeake and Ohio 2 Delaware Division. 5 Delaware and Hudson. 10 Delaware and Raritan. 10 Lancaster and Susquehanna 5 Labiah, Varienticas	0 10,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug.10		135
Elmira, Jefferson, & Canandagua100	500,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb21/2			Lancaster and Susquehanna 5	200,000	May and Nov	Nor E		110
do do pref 50	500,000	Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan336	****	7014	Monongahela Navigation	$\frac{4,282,950}{726,800}$	May and Nov	Fob e		110
do preferred	16,400,100 8,535,700	Feb. & Aug.	Feb3%	78½ 80	78¼ 80	Lancaster and Susquehanna 51 Lehigh Navigation 55 Monongahela Navigation 55 Morris (consolidated) 10 do preferred 10 North Branch 58 Schuylkill Navigation (consol.) 5 Schuylkill Navigation (consol.) 5 Susquehanna and Tide-Water 51 Union 58	0   1,025,000 0   1,175,000	Feb. and Aug Feb. and Aug	Feb5		120
Fitchburg. 100	3,540,000	Jan. and July	Jan4		105	Schuylkill Navigation (consol.), 5	138,080	Feb. and Aug	Feb68.		121 58
Hannibal and St. Joseph100	1,900,000	April and Oct	Oct5	22		do preferred. 5 Susquehanna and Tide-Water 5	0 = 2,888,800 0 = 2,050,070	Feb. and Aug	g eb6	18	60 20
Hartford and New Haven100	5,253,836 2,350,000	Quarterly.	Jan3	40 166	175	Union	2,750,000			8	6 9
do preferred	820,000 1,180,000	Jan. and July	Jan4			West Branch and Susquehanna.10 Wyoming Valley	0 1,000,000	Jan. and July	Feb5		116
do preferred 100 Hudson River 100 Huntingdon and Broad Top 50 do do pref 50	6,218,042	April and Oct	Oct4	9978	100	Wiscellaneous.	1,500,00	Feb. and Aug	Aug4	6434	66
do do pref. 50 Illinois Central	190,750 22,888,900	Jan. and July Feb. and Aug	Jan31/2 Feb5	:15	115%	American Coal 2 American Telegraph 10 Ashburton Coal 5	0.12,500,00		1		
Indianapolis and Cincinnati 50 Indianapolis and Madison100	1,689,900	April and Oct	Oct4 Jan3			Atlantic Mail		U Quarterry.	oury	105	112
Indianapolis and Madison 100 do do pref. 100 Jeffersonville 50	407,900	Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan4			Brunswick City	5 200,00 5 2,000,00	0 Feb. and Au	Feb		1
Kennebec and Portland (new) 100	1,500,000	Quarterly.	Jan134	90	90	Brooklyn Gas	0 5,000,00	ni .		431/2	44
Lackawanna and Bloomsburg 50	835,000	1				Cary Improvement10	0 3,214,30	0 0 0 Jan. and Jul	y Jan K		25
do do pref. 50 Lehigh Valley	6,627,050	Quarterly. Feb. and Aug	J216c-108	123		Central Coal	01 1 000 00	O Jan, and July	v Jan4	1	120
Little Maini	2,981,267	Jan. and July Jan. and July	Jan5	65	118 68	Consolidation Coal, Md. 10 Cumberland Coal, preferred 10 Farmers Loan and Trust 2	0 5,000,00	0 0 Jan. and Jul	Ton A	44%	
Long Island. 50 Louisville and Frankfort. 50	1,852,715	Quarterly. Feb. and Aug	Nov2			Harlem Gas	0 644,00	0	y Jan4		1:::
Louisville and Nashville	E 5.527.871	Feb. and Aug	Aug3%				0 1,000,00	0			
Louisville, New Albany & Chic. 100 McGregor Western	2,800,000					Jersey City and Hoboken Gas. 2 Manhattan Gas	$0   1,000,00 \\ 0   4,000,00$	o Jan. and Jul	y Jan5	150	175
Marietta and Cincinnati 50	2,022,48					Mariposa Gold	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 12,000,00 \\ 0 & 2,800,00 \end{array}$	0		. 12	123
Marietta and Cincinnati	6,205,404	Feb. and Aug Feb. and Aug	Feb .3s	45	50	Minnesota	01,000,00 $01,000,00$	0			
do do 2d pref. 50 Manchester and Lawrence 100 Michigae Central 100 Michigae Southern and N. Ind. 100	6.315.906	Jan, and July	Jan 5	10036	106 101%	Acceptance   Acc	01,200,00 $01,000,00$	0 May and No	v Nov		: :::
Michigan Southern and N. Ind100 do do guaran.100	7,539,600			6938	69%	New York Life and Trust 10 Nicaragua Transit	00 1,000,00	0 Feb. and Au	g Aug5		
do do guaran.100 Milwauke and Prairie Du Chien100 do do 1st pref.100 do 2d pref.100 Milwaukee and St. Paul. 100	2,988,073	May and Nov	Feb 4	95	95	New York Inte and Trust   11	0 4,000,00	O Quarterly.	Nov 5	181	190
Milwaukee and St. Paul	1,014,000	May and Nov	Feb 33		92	Pennsylvania Coal	50 3,200,00	o Feb. and Au	g Aug5	150	163
Mine Hill & Schuvikill Haven 50	2 400 000	Feb. and Aug	Aug3%		75	Quicksilver	00 10,000,00	O Jan. and Jul	y Jan. '65.	5 39%	39
Mississippi and Missonri100	9 700 00			109	110	Rutand Marble 2	5 1,000,00	o Jan. and Jul	y		
					1000	Saginaw Land, Salt and Mm	2,500,0	0			
Morris and Essex	3,452,300	Feb. and Aug	Aug38		103½ 116	Saginaw Land, Salt and Mm	25 2,500,00 00 2,500,00 00 1,000.00	Jan and Jul	y Jan5		
Morris and Essex	3,452,500 3,000,000 600,000 1,100,000 500,000	Feb. and Aug Feb. and Aug June and Dec	Aug38 Aug5 Dec4		. 116	Union Trust	00 1,000,00 00 3,000,00 00 1,000,00	00 Feb. and Au 00 Jan. and Jul	g Aug. 4		
Morris and Essex	5,452,300 0,000,000 0,000,000 0,1,100,000 0,500,000 0,738,53	Feb. and Aug Feb. and Aug June and Dec	Aug. 38 Aug. 5 Dec. 4		. 116	Union Trust	00 1,000.00 00 3,000,00 00 1,000,00 00 2,175.00	00 Feb. and Au	g Aug. 4 ly Jan 5 Oct et Oct	553	

### RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

	Amount		INTEREST.	pal le.	MAR	KET.	The state of the s	Amount		INTEREST.	pal ble.	MARKET	
DESCRIPTION.	outstand- ing.	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.	Ask'd	DESCRIPTION.	ontstand- ing.	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.	Ask'd
· Railroad:		K	17-16-17-1	- A	B		Railroad:	-	-	12 4000	-	E	A
Atlantic and Great Western: 1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Pa.)	\$9 500 000	7	An'l & Oct	1879		97	Des Moines Valley : Mortgage Bonds	\$1,740,000	S	Feb. & Ang	1887	881/9	
2d do do Eastern Coal Fields Branchdo	2,000,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1882 1882			Income Bonds.  Detroit and Milwaukee:	348,000	7	J'ne & Dec.	1874		
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (N. Y.)	1,000,000	7	do	1879		97	1st Mortgage, convertible		7	May & Nov.			
2d dodo 1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Ohio)	4,000,000	7	do	1876		97	Detroit, Monroe and Toledo:	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	1	2000	1000		
Atlantic and St. Laurnence			Jan. & July				1st Mortgage Dubuque and Sioux City:		10	Feb. & Aug	1.1	1.077	1
Dollar Bonds		6	Ap'l & Oct. May & Nov.	1866 1878	85	86	1st Mortgage, 1st section	300,000	7	Jan. & July do	1863 1894		77
Baltimore and Ohio: Mortgage (S. F.) of 1834.  do do 1855.	1.000,000	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc	1867		100	Mortgage, convertibledo do do	590,000	5	Jan. & July	1872		
do do 1855	1,128,500	6	Jan. & July do	1875		100	Rast Pennsulvania	672,600	6	Feb. & Aug	1874		95
do do 1850 do do 1853 Bellefontaine Line:	2,500,000	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1885		100	East Pennsylvania : Sinking Fund Bonds. Elmira and Williamsport :	598,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1888		
1st Mortgage (B. & L.) convertible.	368,000	7	Jan. & July	1866			1st Mortgage Erie Railway:	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1873		95
1st do do extended 2d do do	422,000 116,000	7	do	'70-'79 1870			1st Mortgage2d do convertible	3,000,00	7	May & Nov.	1868	99	100
20 00 00	650,000 347,000		do	1870			30 00	6,000,000	1 7	M'ch & Sep	1883	1011/6 97%	98
Belvidere Detaware: 1st Mort. (guar. C. and A.)	1,000,000	6	J'ne & Dec.	1867			5th do do	1,002,500	7	April & Oct June & Dec	1888	94 92	943
2d Mort. do	500,000 589,500	6	M'ch & Sep Feb. & Aug	1885			Erie and Northeast : Mortgage.	149,000	7	Jan. & July	1870		
Rlossburg and Corning .			May & Nov.				Galena and Chicago Union: 1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1	1	Feb. & Aug	1	97%	99
Mortgage Bonds.  Boston, Concord and Montreal: 1st Mortgage.	1		Feb. & Aug			100	Grand Junction	1,086,000	7	May & Nov.	1875		
1st do	900 000	6	do	1865		98	Mortgage	927,000	0 6	Jan. & July	1870		
2d do 2d do Sinking Fund Bonds	100,000	6	Jan. & July	1870			Mortgage.  Great Weslern, (Ill.):  1st Mortgage West, Division	1,000,00	0 10	April & Oct Jan. & July	1868		
Boston and Lowett:	1			1889			Hannibal and St. Joseph:		1				
Mertgage Bonds Buffalo, New York and Erie;	400,000	1	Jan. & July			98	Land Grant Mortgage	633,60	0 7	April & Oct Jan. & July	1883	::::	1::
Buffolo, New York and Erie: 1st Mortgage. 2d Mortgage.	2,000,000	7	J'ne & Dec. May & Nov	1877 1872	91		Harrisburg and Lancaster: New Dollar Bonds. Hartford and New Haven:	700,00	0 6	Jan. & July	1883		
Buffalo and State Line: 1st Mortgage.	1						Hartford and New Haven: 1st Mortgage.	1	1	Feb. & Ang			
Income. Erie and Northeast.	200,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. Jan. & July do	1870			1st Mortgage	1		Jan. & July	1		
Camaen and Ambou:							1st Mortgage	1,000,00	0 6	do	1876		
Dollar Loans	1,700,000	6	Feb. & Aug May & Nov.	1889	1	98	1st Mortgage	191,00	0 6	Jan. & July	1877		
Dollar Loan Consoldated (\$5,000,000) Loan Camden and Allantic;	4,269,400		J'ne & Dec.			90	Hudson River: 1st Mortgage	3,890,00	0 7	Feb. & Aug	1870	9934	
1st Mortgage 2d do	490,000	7	Jan. & July Ap'l & Oct.	1873 1879			1st do	110 00	$\alpha = \epsilon$	do	1869	10034	
			Feb. & Aug				3d do	1,840,00	0 7	J'ne & Dec May & Nov do	1875 1867	95 95	1::
1st Mortgage	000,000		1				Convertible.  Huntington and Broad Top; 1st Mortgage.	500.00	1.	May & Nov		1	
2d do	600,000	7	Feb. & Aug May & Nov.	1875	99		2d do	500,00	0 6	Feb. & Aug	1875		
1st Mortgage W. Div		7	Feb. & Aug	1890		90	1st Mortgage, convertible	7,975,50	0 7	April & Oc	1875	108	108
1st do E. Dív	800,000 800,000	7	Feb. & Aug May & Nov M'ch & Sep Ap'l & Oct.	1890 1865			1st Mortgage, convertible	2,896,50 2,086,00	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 6 \end{array}$	do do	1875 1890		
2d do 3d do (Sink. Fund)	950,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. Jan. & July	1885		55	Indiana Central: 1st Mortgage, convertible	1	1	Jan. & July	1866		1
Income	1,192,200	7	do	'57-'6		37	2d do Indianapolis and Cincinnati:	364,00			1870		
Mortgage Bonds	600,000	6	Jan. & July	'75-'80		90	1st Mortgage		0 7	Jan. & July	1866 1862		
Chicago and Alton: 1st Mortgage (Skg Fund), pref	536,000	7	May & Nov. Jan. & July	1877			Real Estate Mortgage	200,00			1858		
ad do incomo		7	Jan. & July Ap'l & Oct.	1892 1882	90		1st Mortgage	685,00	0 7	May & Nov	1881		
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy: Trust Mortgage (S. F.) convert do inconvert. Bonds, (dated Sept. 20, 1860).	467,000		Jan. & July			111	Jeffersonville ; 1st Mortgage	187,00	0 7	Mch & Sep	t 1861		
do do inconvert.	3,167,000	8	do M'ch & Sep	1883			Tollist and Chicago	. 392,00	0 7	April & Oc	t 1873		
Chicago and Great Eastern: 1st Mortgage Chicago and Milwaukee:	1				4.4.		1st Mortgage, sinking fund Kennebec and Portland: 1st Mortgage.	500,00	0 8	April & Oc	1 1883	90	
Chicago and Milwaukee :	1		Ap'l & Oct.				1st Mortgage	800,00	0 6	April & Oc	1870 1861		. 98
1st Mortgage (consolidated) Chicago and Northwestern:		1	Jan. & July	1		86	3d do	250,00			1862		
Preferred Sinking Fund		7	Feb. & Ang	1885 1885	90	85	La Crosse and Milwaukee: 1st Mortgage, Eastern Division	903,00	0 7	May & Nov	1872		
Consol. Sinking Fund Bonds	756,000 948,000	7	May & Nov.	1863	80	85	Lehigh Valley:		0 7	Jan. & July	y 1869		
Extension Bonds. Chicago and Rock Island:	484,000	7	Quarterly. Feb. & Aug	1885	1		1st Mortgage	. 1,465,00	0 6	May & Nov	. 1873		. 92
1st Mortgage	1,397,000	7	Jan. & July	1870	96	983	Little Miami: 1st Mortgage. Little Schaylkill:	. 1,300,00	0 6	May & No	1883		. 95
18t Mortgage	379,000	7	do	1867		102	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	. 960,00	0 7	April & Oc	1877	93	
2d do Cincinnati and Zanesville :	1,249,000	7	May & Nov.			100	Long Island: Mortgage	500,00	0 6	Jan. & July	1870		
Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati	1,300,000	7	May & Nov	1893			Mortgage. Extension Bonds. Louisville and Nashville:	. 225,00		May & Nov	1		
Sleveland and Mahaning		7	Jan. & July	1890			1st Mortgage 1st Lebanon Branch Mortgage	1,804,00	0 7	Feb. & Aug	1883		
1st Mortgage	850,000 244,200	7	Feb. & Aug M'ch & Sep	1873			1st Memphis Branch Mortgage Marietta and Cincinnati:	300,56			1883		
2d do 3d do Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula.	648,200	8	do Sep	1875			1st Mortgage, dollar	2,691,29	3 7	Feb. & Aug	1892		. 86
		7	Feb. & Ang	1880		98	Michigan Central:			May & Nov	1		
Cleveland and Pittsburg	500,000	7	do	1874		98	Dolfar, convertible	. 215,00	0 8	Feb. & Ang April & Oc	1882	110	1::
2d Mortgage 2d do convertible	1,157,000 1,728,500		M'ch & Sep	1873 1875	91 86	88	Michigan South, & North, Indiana:	4,328,00			1882	110	
An eland and Toledo:	1,108,740			1892	70	73%	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	4.822,00	0 7	May & Nov	1885	92	95
Sinking Fund Mortgage	1,802,000	7	Jan. & July	1885	96	97	2d do Goshen Air Line Bonds	682,00	0 7	Feb. & Ang	1868		
1st Mortgage. Connecticut and Passumpsic River:	250,000		M'ch & Sep	1878			1st Mortgage, sinking fund Milwaukee and St. Paul:	443,00	0 7	Jan. & July	1891	99	100
	800,000		J'ne & Dec.	N-Mary	177	92	1st Mortgage	4,600,00	0 7	Feb. & Aug	1893	75	82
Cumberland Valley:	404.000			1000	1		Mississimi and Missouri Piner	1,000,00	0 7	April & Oc	t 1893		
2d do do	109,500		do	1904			1st Mortgage, convertible	1,000,00	0 7	Jan. & Jul			
1st Mortgage 2i do	283,000	8					1st do Oskaloosa	590,00	0 7	do	1876	AR	50
3d do	642,000	7	do do	1881		85	1st Land Grant Mortgage 2d do do do	3,612,00 695,00	0 7	May & Nov	1877	46	
Toledo Depot Bonds	162,500	7		18-			1st Mortgage, sinking fund	A Second			1915		
1ª Mortgage, guaranteed Desaware, Lackawanna and Western		100	Jan. & July				Naugatuck: 1st Mortgage (convertible)	300,00	1		1		
1st Mortgage, sinking fund 2d d o Lackawanna and Western	1,500,000	7	Jan. & July M'ch & Sep	1875	102			andin	T			1	100
UU	OUNT, INC	1 7	Jan. & July	1881	1		1st Mortgage	450,00	0 1	M'ch & Sey	1861		1

## RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).

D	Amount	-	INTEREST.	ipa.		KET.		Amount	_	INTEREST.	pal	MAI
DESCRIPTION.	outstand- ing.	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.	Ask'd	Description.	outstand- ing.	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.
Railroad:		-			-	-	Railroad:		_		-	-
w Haven and Northampton:	\$500,000	7	Jan. & July	1000	11		Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark:	1 900 000	7	Jan. & July	197K	
st Mortgagest do (Hamp. and Hamp.)	103,000	6	do do	1869	::::		1st Mortgage					
w Jersey: Ferry Bonds of 1853	485,000	6	Feb. & Aug				1st Mortgage	500,000	7	June & Dec	1867	• • • • •
on London Northern:							Istmortgage	700,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1872	
st Mortgagew York Central:			Jan. & July				Staten Island:	200,000	7	Jan. & July	1871	
remium Sinking Fund Bonds Sonds of October, 1863 (renewal)	6,917,598	6	May & Nov	1883	98	00	1st Mortgage	1 100 000				
Real Estate Bonds	2,925,000 165,000	6	June & Dec May & Nov.	1887	92	92	1st Mortgage	1,400,000	7	April & Oct	1876	
inhacrin Bonda (assumed stocks).	663 000	6	do	1999			1st Mortgage, convertible	94,000	7	Mch & Sept	1866	
Nink. Fund B'ds (assumed debts) Sonds of August, 1859, convert w York and Harlem:	604,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1876 1876		100	1st Mortgage	1,180,000	7	Jan. & July	1870	
w York and Harlem:	0 000 000						1st Mortgage					
st Mortgageonsolidated Mortgage	1,000,000	7	May & Nov. Feb. & Aug	1872	98	100	1st Mortgage Toledo and Wabash:	1,391,000	7	June & Dec	1894	
d Mortgage	1,000,000	7	do	1868	933		1st Mort (Toledo & Wahash)	900,000	7	Feb. & Ang	1865	
lain Bonds	912,000	7	June & Dec	1866			1st do (extended)	2,500,000	7	May & Nov.	1884 1875	72
fortgage Bonds	1,088,000	6	April & Oct	1875			2d do (Wabash and Western)	1,500,000	7	do	1875	
o York, Providence and Boston:	232,000	6	Feb. & Aug	172,178			2d do (Wabash and Western) Sinking Fund Bonds Equipment bonds	152,355	7	Jan. & July	1865	::::
st Mortgagethern Central: inking Fund Bonds												
ork and Cumberl'd Guar. Bonds.	500,000	6	Jan. & July Ja Ap Ju Oc	1885			1st Mortgage 2d do 8d do Convertible	300,000 300,000	7	Jan. & July	1887	****
alt. and Susq. S'k'g Fund Bonds thern New Hampshire;	150,000	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc do	1866			8d do	650,000	ż	May & Nov.	1875	
lain Honds			April & Oct					200,000	7	Mar. & Sep.	1882	• • • • •
th Pennsylvania;							Troy Union : Mortgage Bonds	500,000	6	Jan. & July	1863	
th Pennsylvania ; Iortgag Bondshattel Mortgage .	2,500,000 860,000	10	April & Oct				do do	180,000	6	do	1867	
				1887	••••	••••	Union Pacific: 1st Mort. (conv. into U. S. 6s, 30 yr.)		6	Jan. & July	1895	
Mortgage (oner by Raltimore)	1,500,000 1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	1873		• • • • •	Land Grant Mortgage		7	April & Oct		
do (do do do h	500,000	6	do	1873 1885			Vermont Central: 1st Mortgage	2,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1861	
d do (not guaranteed)	500,000	6	do	1885			2d do			Jan. & July		
eneral Mortgage	100,000	7	Jan. & July	1874			Vermont and Massachusetts:	550,600	В	Jan. & July	1883	
teamboat Mortoage	300,000	7	Jan. & July Feb. & Aug	1870			Warren:					
lensburg and L. Champlain; st Mortgage	1,494,000	7	April & Oct	1880			1st Mortgage (guaranteed)	600,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1875	
do (now stock)							1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon	399,300	7	Jan. & July	1873	
o and Mississippi;	9.050.000	7	Jan. & July	1872	75		2d do , registered Western (Mass.):	554,908	8	April & Oct	1878	••••
t do (West. Div.)	850,000	7	do	1875	75		Sterling (£899,900) Bonds	4,319,520	5	April & Oct	'68-'71	
do (do do)	750,000	7	do	1870			Dollar Bonds	850,000	6	Jan. & July	1875	
nego and Syracuse :	311,500	7	Jan. & July	'70-'80			Hudson and Boston Mortgage	150,000	6	June & Dec	D'm'd	****
ific: ortgage, guar. by Mo			Jan. & July			77	Western Maryland:	*ne 000		Ton & nlw	1000	
ama:							1st Mortgage	200,000		Jan. & July	1890	
t Mortgage, sterling	416,000	7	April & Oct	1870			1st do , guaranteed York & Cumberland (North. Cent.):			W 6 W		
t do do	1,150,000	7	Feb & Aug.	1875 1872			1st Mortgage 2d do	25,000	6	May & Nov. Jan. & July	1870 1871	
insula :							Guaranteed (Baltimore) Bonds	500,000	6	do	1877	••••
st Mortgage			Mch & Sept	-	70	76	Canal			1		
nsylvania : at Mortgage	4,980,000	6	Jan. & July	1880	94%		Cincinnati and Covington Bridge:		_			
d do , sterling	2,621,000 2,283,840	6	April & Oct	1875 1875			1st Mortgage Bonds		7	Jan. & July	1884	••••
ladelphia and Baltimore Central:							Chesapeake and Desaware:					
t Mortgageladelphia and Erie:			Jan. & July		****		1st Mortgage Bonds	2,657,343	6	Jan. & July	1886	
at mortgage (Sumoury & Erie)	1,000,000	7	April & Oct	1877			Chesapeake and Ohio:					
t do (general)	4.000,000	6	April & Oct April & Oct	1881		****	Maryland Loan	2,000,000 4,375,000	6	Ja Ap Jn Oc do	1870 1890	••••
ladel., Germant. & Norristown:		- 1					Sterling Bonds, guaranteed Preferred Bonds	1,699,500	6		1885	****
onsolidated Loanonvertible Loan	119,800 292,500	6	Jan. & July do	1865 1885			D.I Distates a					
adelphia and Reading:							1st Mortgage	800,000	6	Jan. & July	1878	
do do do	408,000	5	Jan. & July	1867	****			,	_			
ollar Bonds of 1849	182,400 2,856,600	6	do April & Oct	1880 1870	::::		Delaware and Hudson;	600,000	7	June & Dec	1865	
do do 1861	106,000	6	Jan. & July	1871			1st Mortgage, sinking fund 2d do do do	900,000	7	Mch & Sept	1870	
do do 1843-4-8-9 erling Bonds of 1843	1,521,000 976,800		do	1880 1880		****	Erie of Pennsylvania:					
ollar Bonds, convertible	564,000	6	do	1886			1st Mortgage Bonds	752,000	7	Jan. & July	1865	
adelphia and Trenton:	60,000	7	do	1886			Interest Bonds	161,000	6	do	1868	
t Mortgage	258,000	6	May & Nov.	1868			Lehigh Navigation :					
ortgage Loan		- 1	Jan. & July				Unsecured Bonds	2,778,341	6	Mch & Sept	1884	••••
ortgage Loansburg and Connellsville :		i	1				Monongahela Navigation: Mortgage Bonds			- 1		
t Mort. (Turtle Cr. Div.)	400,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1889			Mortgage Bonds	182,000	6	Jan. & July	1876	
t Mortgage	5,200,000	7	Semi an'ally do	1912	96	99	Morris.					
do	5,160,000	7	do April & Oct	1912	92		Mortgage Bonds	750,000	6	April & Oct	1876	
sburg and Steubenville:		- 1			00		North Branch :			1000		
t Mortgage	1,000,000 500,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1881			1st Mortgage	590,000	6	May & Nov.	1876	
ine and Mississippi :			do	1881			Schwilkill Navigation :			11 - 11 -	100	
t Mortgageding and Columbia:	1,438,000	8	Jan. & July	1875			Schuylkill Navigation : 1st Mortgage 2d do Improvement	1,764,330	6	Mch & Sept Jan. & July	1872	
t Mortgage	800,000	7	Mch & Sept	1879			Improvement	3 980,670	6	Jan. & July May & Nov.	1882	
t Mortgage.  itan and Delaware Bay:  t Mortgage, sinking fund  do  onvertible Bonds		1	-		1			0.0,000	U	maj w Mot.	1010	
do	250.000	7	Mch & Sept do	1888 1888		90	Susquehanna and Tide-Water:	906 000	K	Jan. & July	1864	
nvertible Bonds	140,000	7	do	1876			Maryland Loan. do Sterling Loan, converted	200,000	5	do	1865	
sslaer & Saratoga consolidated : Mort. Rensselaer & Saratoga	400,000	7	May & Nov	1890			Mortgage Bonds	993,000 227,569	6	do	1878	
ander & Saratoga consoludada : Mort. Rensselaer & Saratoga . Mort. Saratoga & Whit-hall Mort. Troy, & & Rut. (ganr.) Watertown and Oydensown : Mortgage (Potsdam & Watert.)	840,000	7	d.	1890		****		221,009	0	do	1864	
Watertown and Orden share.	800,000	7	do	1880			Union (Pa.):	0 500 000		Man & W	1000	
Mortgage (Potsdam & Watert.)	800,000	7	Jun. & Dec.	1874			1st Mortgage	2,000,000	0	May & Nov.	1683	•••
do (do do) t do (Watertown & Rome)	200,000	7	Moh & Sort	1862			West Branch and Susquehanna;	400 000			4000	
do ( do do)	800,000	7	Jun. & Dec. do Mch & Sept do	1880			1st Mortgage	400,000	6	Jan. & July	1878	• • • •
and and Burlington:		. (	1		- 1		Wyoming Valley: 1st Mortgage	-				
do	937,500	7	Feb. & Aug	1863				750,000	6	Jan. & July	1878	
do	440,000	7	do	1863			Miscellaneous:			1		
ramento Valley: t Mortgage	400,000	10	Jan & July	197K			Mariposa Mining:	1 800 000		Ton . T.	10	
do Louis, Alton and Terre Haute:	329,000	10	Jan. & July Feb. & Aug	1881			1st Mortgage'	2,000,000	7	Jan. & July April & Oct	18-	***
t Mortgage									•			1
t Mortgage	2,800,000	7	Semi an'ally do May & Nov.	1894	88	92	Pennsylvania Coal; 1st Mortgage	600 000	7	Feb. & Ang	1871	150
do Income	1 700 000	7	May & Nov.	1894		76		200 000		- co. a Aug	3011	
Inteller Dandon and Continued	1,100,000	7.1					Quickeilver Mining:					

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#### Insurance Reports.

#### MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE BUSINESS AND CONDI-TION OF THE

### Metropolitan Insurance COMPANY. OFFICE 108 & 110 BROADWAY

•		
ON THE 81st DAY OF DECEMBER	R, 1865.	
Unearned Premiums, Jan. 1, 1865 Premiums received in 1865, as follows:	\$\$19,661	96
On Marine Risks \$537,380 55 On Fire Risks 844,905 38		

1,382,285 93 Net earned Premiums . 1,295,346 06 Losses paid during the year: On Marine Risks . \$332,997 07 On Fire Risks . . . 373,397 57

275,840 53 1,189,781 16 (less interest received)..

Net Profit ... \$155,614 90

at of Capital and Surplus. \$1,644,148 48

648,700 00

25,150 75

32.550 90

Total amount of Capital an	a surpius D
ASSETS-JANU.	ARY 1, 1866.
Amount of cash on hand and in bank	\$170,535 50
of transmission	78,420 57
1881	107,000 00
Amount of U. S. 10-405 per cent bonds	7,009 00
cent bonds	18,200 00
interest notes	500 00

office...mount due from marine premiums on policies is-sued at office...mount of bills receivable for premiums on marine risks

45,395 85

on the outstanding Certificates of Profits to the holders thereof, or their legal representaties, on and after Monday, the 5th of March next; also a dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.

on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable in Cash on demand; also a dividend of

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT.

in scrip, on the net earned Participating Premiums of the Company for the year 1885, for which Certifi-cates will be issued on and after the 2d day of April next.

DIRECTORS.

James Lorimer Graham,
Robert M. C. Graham,
Roward A. Stansbury,
Joseph B. Varnum,
Bowes R. McIlvaine,
Frederick H. Wolcott,
Wm. K. Strong,
John C. Henderson,
Gustavus A. Conover,
Martin Bates,
Paschal W. Turney,
Franklin H. Delano,

OFFICERS:

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President. ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM, Vice-President. JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, Jr., 2d Vice-Presi-

dent. H. H. PORTER, Secretary. lew York, January 33, 1866.

### Bank Reports.

OFFICE OF

## The Atlantic Mutual

#### INSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW YORK, JANUARY 27TH, 1866,

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1865. Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1865, to 31st De-

1st January. 1865 ..... 2,019,324 73 Total amount of Marine Premiums. . \$8,952,471 53 No Polices have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks discon-nected with Marine Risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1865 to 31st December, 1865.... \$6,764,146 38 Losses paid during the

same period...... \$3.659.178-45 Returns of Premiums and Expenses..... \$992,341 44

The Company has the following Assets, viz.: United States and State of New York

Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks, \$4,828,585 00 Loans secured by Stocks, and other-3,330,350,00

Dividends on Stocks, Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and other Loans, sundry notes, re-insurance and other claims due the Company,

Cash in Bank, Coin....
do do U. S. Treasury Note Cur-80,462 00 rency ..... 810,551 78

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be repaid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Sixth of February next.

Total Amount of Assets..... \$12,199,975 17

Fifty per cent of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1864, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Sixth of February next, from which date interest on the amount, so redeemable, will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled to the extent paid.

A dividend of Thirty-five Per Cent is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1865,

for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Third of April next. By order of the Board,

> J. H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

John D. Jones, Charles Dennis. W. H. H. Moore, Henry Coit, Wm. C. Pickersgill, Lewis Curtis, Charles H. Russell, Lowell Holbrook, R. Warren Weston, Royal Phelps, Caleb Baratow. A. P. Pillot William E. Dodge, Geo. G. Hobson, David Lane. James Bryce, Leroy M. Wiley, Daniel S. Miller.

Wm. Sturgis, Henry K. Bogert Joshua J. Hentry, Dennis Perkins. Joseph Gaillard, Jr. J. Henry Burgy, Cornelius Grinnell, C. A. Hand, B. J. Howland, Benj. Babcock, Fletcher Westray, Robt. B. Minturn, Jr. Gordon W. Burnham. Frederick Chauncey, James Low, George S. Stephenson, William H. Webb.

JOHN D. JONES, President, CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President, W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres't, J. D. HEWLETT, 2d Vice-Pres't,

#### Dividends.

### New York Petroleum COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Office of the Company, 78 Broadway, New York.

Tis Broadway, New York. FIRST DIVIDEND.

The Trustees of this Company have this day declared a dividend of

ONE PER CENT.
on the Capital Stock of the Company (\$500,000), free of Government Tax, payable on and after February 10th, 1886.
Conversion and Transfer Books will be closed from the 5th to the 10th day of February, inclusive.

The Books are now open for subscription at \$3 00 per share.

M. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

### Home Insurance

COMPANY.

NO. 135 BROADWAY.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25, 1866.

A dividend of FIVE PER CENT.

Free of Government Tax,

THIS DAY

Declared by the Board of Directory, payable on de-

JOHN McGEE, Secretary. OFFICE

# Lafayette Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

No. 347 FULTON-ST.,

BROOKLIN, Jan. 9, 1868. {

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this

day declared a semi-annual dividend of five (8) per

cent, free of government tax, payable on and after

the 18th inst.

J. B. THOMPSON.

J. B. THOMPSON, Jr., Secretary.

SEVENTEENTH DIVIDEND.

### Lamar Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

NO. 50 WALL STREET.

A semi-annual dividend of five per cent, free of tax, has been declared by this Company, payable on demand, January 11, 1866.

ISAAC R. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE

# New Amsterdam Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11, 1896.

A dividend of four per cent, free from government tax, has been declared, payable on and after the 18th instant.

W. H. DUSENBERRY, Secretary.

### FIFTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND. North American Fire

INSURANCE COMPANY.
No. 114 BROADWAY.
No. 114 BROADWAY.
The Board of Directors have this day declared an interest dividend of Five Per Cent, free of Government tax, on the capital stock, payable on demand.
R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

### Standard Fire Insurance

No. 11 WALL STREET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9, 1866

Twelfth Dividend.—The usual semi-annual dividend of Five Per Cent has this day been declared, payable on demand, free of tax.

WM. M. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE

# Hoffman Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

No. 161 Broadway,
NEW YORK, Jan. 9, 1868.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent, free of Government tax, payable on the 20th instant.

JOSEPH W. WILDEY, Secretary,

# Niagara Fire Insurance

OFFICE NO. 12 WALL STREET.

THIRTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.

The Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of SIX PER CENT, (reserving all unexpired premiums), payable on and after Monday, the 18th instant.

J. D. STEELE Presi
P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

### Steamship and Express Co's.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

#### THROUGH LINE

#### Τo CALIFORNIA,



TOUCHING AT MEXICAN PORTS, AND CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL,

LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th 3 1st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACA-PULCO.

DECEMBER:

1st—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Captain Gray, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. Farnsworth.

11th-ATLANTIC, Capt. Maury, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. Bradbury.

21st—NEW YORK, Capt. Horner, connecting with COLORADO, Capt. Watkins.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Through Passage Rates, in Currency. First Cabin. Second Cabin. Steerage. \$350 \$250 \$126

discount of one-fourth from steamers' rates allowed to second cabin and steerage passengers with families.

One Hundred Pounds Baggage allowed each adult. Baggage masters accompany baggage through, and attend to ladies and children without male protectors. Baggage received on the dock the day before sailing from steamboats, railroads and passengers who prefer to send down early.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

A s@amer will be placed on the line January 1st, 1866, to run from New Orleans to Aspinwall, via Havana.

vana.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River.

F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

## Empire Line

### FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,



Every Saturday.
The Elegant Side-Wheel Steamships SAN SALVADOR.

Commander, Joshua Atkins, and

SAN JACINTO.

Commander, Winslow Loveland,

1,500 Tons Burthen each.

Have been placed on the route to Savannah by the Atlantic Mail Steamship Company of New York, and are intended to be run by them in a manner to meet the first-class requirements of the trade.

The Cabin accommodations of these ships are not excelled by any Steamers on the coast, and although their carrying capacity is large, their draught of water enables them to insure a passage without determined in the river-

San Salvador, Sat. Jan. 13 San Jacinto, Sat. Feb. 3
San Jacinto, " 20 San Salvador, " 10
San Salvador, " 29 San Jacinto, " 17

San Salvador, "29 | San Jacinto, "17 | Returning, Leave Savannah, every Saturday, at 3 o'clock, P. M.
Bills of Lading furnished and signed on the Pier.
For further particulars, eagagement of Freight or
Passage, apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents.
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.
Agent at Savannah, B. H. HARDEE.

### Miscellaneous.

# MEXICO! MEXICO!

\$30,000,000 LOAN.

# Republic of Mexico.

### TWENTY-YEAR COUPON BONDS,

IN SUMS OF \$50, \$100, \$500 & \$1,000.

Interest 7 per cent, payable semi-annually in the city of New York.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

TEN MILLION DOLLARS in Bonds to be sold at Sixty orns on the dollar in U. S. Currency. The increst thus equaling twelve per cany in Gold, or seve-term per cent in U. S. Currency, at present rate of premium on gold.

The most desirable investment ever offered.

Subscriptions received and full particulars communicated by JOHN W. CORLIES & CO., No. 53 Broadway, New York.

Subscriptions also received by Banks and Bankers enerally throughout the United States.

#### Miscellaneous

### SMITH'S FERRY & BEAVER CREEK Oil and Salt Company.

At the annual Meeting of the Stockholders, held January 16th, the following persons were elected Trustees to serve for one year:

MINARD W. WILSON,
HERRY W. WILSON,
CHARLES R. BRAIN,
CHARLES W. MILLER,
J-MES D. GIBLIN,
WILLIAM S. SMEETON,
M. H. BERGEN,
Subsequently, Minard W. Wilson was elected President: M. H. Berger, Secretary, and Charles R. Braine, Treasure,
Office—78 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Subscription books are now open at \$2 per share,
M. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

### AGRICULTURAL

### I M P L E M E N T S,

## Machinery, & Hardware

SOUTHERN AND FOREIGN TRADE

R. H. ALLEN & CO.,

189 & 191 Water Street.

York. Ne

# Union Trust Company,

OF NEW YORK, 73 BROADWAY, COR. OF RECTOR ST.

TRUSTEES.

ISAAC H. FROTHINGHAM, President.
JOHN V. L. PRUYN,
ANDPEW V. STOUT,

Vice-Presidents.

JOHN V. L. PRUYN, Vice-Presidents.
ANDEW V. STOUT,
A. A. Low, 31 Burling Slip.
Samuel G. Wheeler, Jr., 54 Wall Street.
Edward B. Wesley, 22 William Street.
William R. Travers, 19 William Street.
William R. Travers, 19 William Street.
Horace F. Clark, 65 Wall Street.
J. Boorman Johnson, 91 Broadway.
James K. Waterbury, Brooklyn, E.D.
Freeman Clark, Rochester, N.Y.
Allen Munroe, Syracuse,
Wm. F. Russell, Saugerties,
Wm. F. Russell, Saugerties,
Banh,
Benj, H. Hutton, 145 Duanne Street.
Francis Skiddy, 101 Wall Street.
David Dows, 20 South Street.
David Dows, 20 South Street.
David Dows, 20 South Street.
Lavid Dows, 20 South Street.
Lavid Dows, 20 South Street.
Lavid Dows, 20 South Street.
Henry K. Bogert, 49 William Street.
George W. Culver, Palmyra, N.Y.
Peter Cagger, Albany,
Alfred A. Howlett, Syracuse,
James Forsyth, Troy,
John Mageee, Watkins,
W. F. Aldrich, Secretary,

### The National Land Co., NO. 60 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Buy and sell MINERAL LANDS in Pennsylvania and other States, and improved and unimproved AGRICULTURAL LANDS in the Southern and Western States, on Commission.

European Agencies for the sale of properties and to encourage emigration are being established. A. N. MEYLERT, JOHN BRANNON.

of New York. of West Virginia.

## GEO. FRED. KROLL & Co., UNITED STATES LAND AGENCY, No. 57 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Will purchase and sell REAL ESTATE, of all desns, in different sections of the country, on COM-MISSION, having made extensive arrangements for reliable information in relation to the value, location,

and advantages of different localities. Large and small Tracts of Land, Plantations, Farms and Mineral Lands, will receive particular attention.

Leans negotiated and Emigration facilitated.

Business promptly attended to.

# Crushers and Pulverizers, FOR WET OR DRY WORKING, THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD MANUFACTURED BY THE BOSTON MILLING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

105 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
Miners should not purchase machinery before seing, or sending their friends to examine, the practical working of this series of machinery.

17 The Whirling Table, or Crusher, weighs less than two tons, and crushes from ten to twelve tons of ore per hour to fine gravel, or two hundred and fifty tons in twenty-four hours.

The Pulverizer weighs two tons, and pulverizes to dust infinitely finer than stamp work, thirty-four hundred lbs per hour, or thirty six tons per diem, equal to the yield of forty stamps; and the first cost and wear, as compared to this number of stamps, is about one-tenth—the entire yield being fit for amalgamation without further reduction. The fine dust is not obtained by screening, but by the immediate action of the Pulverizer.

Fifteen borse-power, net, is the maximum power required for one machine.

The cost of wear per ton is less than by any other machine. All wearing parts are now made of Pulvering the cost of wear per ton is less than by any other machine. All wearing parts are now made of Pulvering the cost of wear per ton is less than by any other machine. All wearing parts are now made of Pulvering to the cost of wear per ton is less than by any other machine. All wearing parts are now made of Pulvering the cost of wear per ton is less than by any other machine.

for one machine. cost of wear per ton is less than by any other ne. All wearing parts are now made of Frank-

The cost of wear per ton is less than by any other machine. All wearing parts are now made of Frank-linite iron.

Let miners and their friends carefully study the practical working of all other machines and processes offer ed, and then see ours working in East Boston, Mass. We ask only this.

All our machines are now made in our own shop. No CONTRACT WORK.

Address—

LACOR I STORER.

JACOB J. STORER, General Agent and Treas General Agent and Treasurer, 105 State Street, Boston Or CHARLES H. GARDNER, 16 Courtlandt Street, New York.

#### Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE

### Orient Mutual Insurance

COMPANY, NEW YORK, 27th Jan., 1866.

The following STATEMENT of the affairs of this company, on the 3ist day of December, 1885, is published in conformity with the provisions of its charter: Premiums unearned 31st Dec, 1864... \$43,246 32 Premiums received during the year ending 31st Dec, 1865... 457,374 99

Total premiums.

Earned premiums of the year. \$960,134 68

Losses and expenses. 195,723 98

Re-insurance and return 75,700 24 \$500.621 31

ASSETS. 31st December, 1865.

Cash in banks ... \$106,461 St United States stock ... 150,000 00 Stocks of States, cities & corporations, bonds and mortgages & loans on demand ... 215,148 95

\$471,610,30

623,363 23

Total amount of assets ...... \$1,004,973 33

The Board of Trustees have resolved to pay Six per cent Interest on the outstanding Scrip Certificates, to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on or after 1st of March next.

After allowing for probable losses in the case of vessels out of time, and unsettled claims, they have also declared a dividend free of government tax, of Ten per cent on the net amount of Earned Premiums of the year ending 31st December, 1865, for which Certificates will be issued on or after 1st of March next. next.
The profits of the company, for which certificates have been issued, amount

Additional profits from 1st Jan., 1865, to January, 1865. 98 710 46

Amount remaining with the Company
By order of the Board,
CHARLES IRVING, Secretary.

By order of the Board,
CHARLES IRVING, Secretary.

TRUSTES.
Joseph Gailard, Jr.,
George Mosle,
Edward F. Davison,
A. Le Moyne, Jr.
E. H. R. Lyman,
J. Woodward Haven,
John Auchincloss,
Edward F. Sanderson,
Francis Cottenet,
Alex'r Hamilton, Jr.,
George F. Thomae,
C. H. Sand,
W. F. Cary, Jr.,
Cornelius K. Sutton,
W. A. Sale,
Edward Haight,
Leopold Burwinch,
Samp De Vis et,
John S. Williams,
Alex M. Lawrence,
Fredk. G. Foster,
Richard P. Rundle,
James Brown,
N. D. Carlile,
William Schall,
Leopold Huffer,
Wm. S. Wilson,
Curleius K. Sutton,
Wm. S. Wilson,
Cornelius K. Sutton,
F. Cousinery,
Gustav Schwab,
Edward Haight,
Schall,
CHARLES IRVING, Secretary.
Wm. S. Wilson,
Ottorial Course,
Mr. S. Wilson,
Wilson,
Curleius K. Sutton,
Wm. S. Wilson,
Curleius K. Sutton,
Wm. S. Wilson,
Vice-President.
CHARLES IRVING, Secretary.
Wm. S. Wilson,
Curleius Brown,
No. Carlie,
Wm. S. Wilson,
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Curleius K. Sutton,
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Curleius V. Sutton,
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This Company have made arrangements to is when desired, policies and certificates payable in don and Liverpool, at the Counting Rooms of Me Drake, Kleinwort & Cohon.

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#### Insurance.

### Sun Mutual Insurance COMPANY.

49 WALL STREET. ASSETS,Oct. 4, 1864 - - \$2,383,487 45 DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.

This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks. Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a return premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't. EDWARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't ISAAC H. WALKER, Sec'y.

# Marine & Fire Insurance.

METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO., NO. 108 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

This Company insures at customary rates of premium against all Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Cargo or Freight; also against loss or damage by Fire.

If Premiums are paid in Gold, Losses will be paid in Gold.

The Assured receive twenty-five per cent of the net profits, without incurring any liability, or, in fleu thereof, at their option, a liberal discount upon the premium.

premium.
All losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.
Scrip Dividend declared Jan. 10, 1855,
FIFTY PER CENT.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President,
ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM, Vice President,
JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, JR., 2d V. P.
HENRY H. PORTER, Secretary.

### The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

The Company has paid to its Customers, up to the resent time, Losses amounting to over

EIGHTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

For the past nine years the cash dividends paid to Stockholders, made from ONE-THIRD of the net profits, have amounted in the aggregate to:

One Hundred and Twenty-one and a half per cent.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company will hereafter make such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the nett profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most flavorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

### TRUSTEES.

Joseph Walker,
James Freeland,
Samuel Willets,
Robert L. Taylor,
William T. Frost,
William Watt,
Henry Eyre,
Cornelius Grinnell,
E. E. Morgan,
Her. A. Schleicher,
Joseph Slagg,
Jas. D. Fish,
Geo. W. Hennings,
Francis Hathaway,
ELLWOOD WALTER, President,
CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-Prest.

### Niagara Fire Insurance NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL, \$1,000,000 SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1865. 270,353

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent. JONATHAN D. STEELE, President. P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insu-

RANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1865, over \$13,500,000 00
FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.
R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries, ISAAC ABBATT,
THEO. W. MORRIS.

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.

#### Insurance.

### Insure against Accidents

THE NATIONAL LIFE & TRAVEL LERS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

Insurance on above tickets commences at 6 o'clock A. M., 12 o'clock noon, 6 o'clock P. M. REMEMBER THAT 25 CENTS per day insures you for \$5,000. ASHER S. MILLS, Secretary: W. E. PRINCE, Vice-President.

#### REMOVAL.

THE OFFICE OF THE

### Germania Fire Insurance

COMPANY

Has been removed to

THEIR NEW BUILDING,

No. 175 BROADWAY.

#### Banks and Bankers.

# Depew & Potter,

BANKERS, NO. 11 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, Allow interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT PER ANNUM ON DEPOSITS,

which may be checked for at sight. Special attention given to the purchase and sale

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Miscellaneous stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

Collections made promptly on all points.

HENRY W. POTTER.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

(Late Secretary of State.)

# J. C. Morris,

NO. 5 WILLIAM STREET,

Broker in
PETROLEUM AND MINING STOCKS,
RAILWAY SHARES, GOVERNMENTS, &c, At all the Stock Boards.

B. C. Morris, Harbecks & Co.,

REFERENCES: Galwey, Casado & Teller, Caldwell & Morris.

### Lawrence

### **Brothers**

# & Co.,

NO. 16 WALL STREET, N. Y.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AND OTHER STOCKS, BONDS, &c.,
bought and sold on Commission for Cash Only.
DEPOSITS received subject to check at sight, as
with Banks.

ks.
DEWITT C. LAWRENCE,
Member New York Stock Exchange.
CYRUS J. LAWRENCE,
JOHN R. CECIL.,
late Buller, Cecil, Rawson & Co.
WM. A. HALSTED.

### National Bank of Amer-ICA, OF JERSEY CITY,

1: EXCHANGE PLACE.
ER, Pres. G. L. HAWKINS, Cash.

C. G. WEAVER, Pres. DIRECTORS.

#### Banks and Bankers.

### Tenth National Bank,

No. 240 BROADWAY.

Designated Depository of the Government.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

D. L. ROSS, President.

## Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY.

Capital ..... \$3,000,000.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds-Collections made in all parts of the United States

HENRY A. SMYTHE, President. W. H. FOSTER, Cashier.

# JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS, No. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,

No. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, Issue Circular Letters of Cred 1 for Travelers in al 1 parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

### CULVER, PENN & Co., BANKERS, 19 & 21 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,

Receive Deposits from Banks, Bank-ers and others. Orders for the Purchase and Sale of Government Securities receive partic-ular attention. Special attention is given to the trans-action of all business connected with the Treasury Department.

A. G. GATTELL, Pres't. A. WHILLDIN, V. Pres't.

### The Corn Exchange NATIONAL BANK, PHILADELPHIA.

Attends to business of Banks & Bankers on liberal terms.

J. W. TORREY, Cashier.

### B. Hutchings Badger, BANKING & EXCHANGE OFFICE, 36 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

COLLECTIONS made on all parts of the Northwest.
Stocks, Bonds, Gold, and Government Securities
bught and sold on commission, either in New York
or Chicago, and carried on margins when desired.
New York correspondent and reference.
Messrs. L. S. LAWRENCE & CO.

# Burnett, Drake & Co., BANKERS, BOSTON. GOLD, STOCK, AND BOND BEOKERS.

Personal attention given to the purchase and sale of Stocks and Bonds at the Boston Brokers' Board,

# Dupee, Beck & Sayles,

STOCK BROKERS, No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

# First National Bank,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

(The First National Bank Organized.)

CAPITAL,

This Bank invites the accounts of Country Banks and Bankers; will allow four per cent interest on daily balances, and make collections at most favorable rates. Government Securities of all classes dealt in.

C. H. CLARK, President.

MORTON MOMICHAEL, Jr., Cashier.

GEO. PHELLER, Manager Loan Dept

# The Tradesmens

NATIONAL BANK.
201 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL.
RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

# Page, Richardson & Co,

114 STATE STREET, BOSTON, BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON

JOHN MUNROE & CO., PARIS.

COMMERCIAL CREDITS for 'the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent.

TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

#### Banks and Bankers.

# JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS, No. 88 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

No. 88 wall SIREEI, NEW JURK.

Negotiate Loans and Business Paper, make Collections, purchase and sell Government and other Securities on Commission, receive money on deposit and allow interest at the rate of four per cent per annum, on daily balances which may be drawn at any time or will issue Certificates of Deposit bearing interest payable en demand.

JOHN J. CISCO, of the U. S. Treasury in N. Y. JOHN ASHFIELD CISCO.

# L. P. MORTON & Co.,

# BANKERS, 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Are prepared to draw Sterling Bills of Exchange, at sight, or sixty days, on the

### Union Bank of London,

n sums to suit purchasers; and also to ssue Circular Letters of Credit, on this Bank, for Travellers' use.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and Bonps bought and sold on Commission.

ORDERS FOR SECURITIES EXECUTED ABROAD Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to Cheques at sight.

Prompt attention given to the Co et

### DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co., BANKERS, CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

188 UE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS

OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United
States, available in all the principal cities of the
world; isoCOMMERCIAL CREDITS.

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope,
West Indies, South America, and the United States.

Government Agency, and Designated Depository of the Un ted States. s't. John T. Hill, Cash'r. JOSEPH U. ORVIS, Pres't.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

363 BROADWAY, COR. FRANKLIN.

J. U. ORVIS, President.

J. T. HILL, Cashier.

New York. July 22 1865.

# LOCKWOOD & Co.,

BANKERS, No. 94 BROADWAY AND No. 6 WALL ST Dealers in Government and other Se-curities

Interest allowed upon deposits of gold and currency, subject to check at sight. Gold loaned to merchants and bankers upon favorable terms.

# Galwey, Kirkland & Co.,

49 EXCHANGE PLACE.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Railway Shares, Bonds, and Government Securities bought and sold. W. T. Galwey, J. L. Kirkland, W. B. Dinsmore, Jr.

### Banking and Collecting Office of J. NELSON LUCKEY, 243 BROADWAY,

Jas Broadway,
Interest allowed on call deposits at the rate o four per cent; on deposits of three months and over, five per cent; on deposits of three months and over, five per cent, and six per cent on deposits of six months and over. Any deposit may be drawn on ten days' notice, and interest allowed the same as deposits on call. Collections promptly made and returned with quick dispatch. Government and other securities bought and sold. Possessing every facility, will execute all orders and commissions at the very best marker trates. Refer by permission to S. C. Thompson, Pres. 1st Nat. Bk., N. Y., A. N. Stout, Pres. Nat. Shoe & Leath Bk., N. Y., W. H. Johnson, Pres. Han. Bk., N. Y., James Buell, Pres. Imp. & Trad. Nat. Bk., N. Y., N. L. Buxton, Irving Savings Bk., N. Y., Hon. Geo. Opdyke, Ex. Mayor, N. Y., Hon. James Harper, Ex. Mayor, N. Y., Hon. James Harper, Ex.

### Commercial Cards.

# Drake Kleinwort & Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorney, in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits u2on them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes. SIMON DE VISSER.

52 Exchange Place, New York.

W. GOODMAN, Mississippi. A. P. MERRILL, JR., New York

### Goodman & Merrill, COTTON FACTORS

General Commission Merchants,

General Commission Merchants,
Special attention given to consignments of Cotton,
Tobacco and Wool.
Agents for the purchase, sale, or lease of Southern
Lands.
Will select, examine, make contracts with and
forward emigrant laborers to Southern planters.
Will purchase and ship plantation machinery of
every description—st-am engines, saw mills, grist
mills, &c., &c., of latest style and improvement.
Also, railroad equipment and supplies purchased
and forwarded without delay.

GOODMAN & MERRILL,
38 New York City.

## Jeremiah M. Wardwell,

(of the late firm of Neilson Wardwell & Co.)

#### Importer and Dealer in Hardware. and Commission Merchant.

83 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK. All orders entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. Consignments of Cotton, Wool, Hides, &c., solicited. Best of references given if required.

SAN'L B. CALDWELL. B. C. MORRIS. JR.

# CALDWELL & MORRIS.

Successors to Brewer & Caldwell,

General Commission Merchants, 20 OLD SLIP, NEW YORK. All orders for the purchase of Goods will receive prompt attention.

# HOFFMAN & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NO. 24 WHITEHALL ST., NEW YORK.

Cash advances made on consignments of Cotton, Wool, Hides and Naval Stores, by our friends in New Orleans, Mobile and Galveston,

Mechanics' National Bank, N. Y. Messrs. Gilman, Son & Co., Bankers, N. Y. Messrs. Brown & Ives, Providence, R. I.

### Dry Goods.

# Gardner, Brewer & Co.,

62 Leonard Street, New York, and 57 Federal Street, Hoston, Agents for the Amoskesg Manufacturing Co., Hamil-ton Woolen Co., Salisbury Milli, Hookset Mills, Amoskeag Duck and Bag Mills, Langdon Manufactur ing Co., and Stark Mills,

### Goodrich & Foster, Domestic Commission Merchants, 56 AND 58 MURRAY STREET.

### E.R.Mudge,Sawyer&Co. No. 35 & 37 PARK PLACE, N. Y.,

ANA STARK PLAUE, N. 1.,
ASENTS FOR
WASHINGTON MILLS,
Chicopee Manufacturing Co.,
SARATOGA
Victory Manufacturing Co., and
BURLINGTON WOOLEN CO.

NEW SKIRT, 1866.

# W. Bradley's

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC.

Manufactured solely by WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY, 97 Chambers Street. 79 & 81 Chambers Street, N. Y.

### Fire Insurance.

## GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

NO. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL,..... \$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1866 ..... 205,989 83

TOTAL ASSETS ..... \$705,989 83

MAURICE HILGER, President.

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, Vice-Pres. JOHN E KAHL Secretary

## ÆTNA INSURANCE Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital.....\$2,250,000
THOMAS A. ALEXANDER, President.
LUCIUS J. HENDER, Secretary.
JONATHAN GOODWIN JE., Asst. Sec'y.

No. 62 Wall Street.

JAMES A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

### Hanover Fire Insurance COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

Cash capatal
Surplus

Gross Assets

Total Liabilities

DORAS L. STONE,
Prosident.

BENJ. S. WALCOTT, Secretary.

# Special Notices.

E. H. ASHCROFT, No. 82 Sudbury Street,

BOSTON.

Mauufacturer of and dealer in STEAM AND WATER GUAGES.

Gauge Cocks, Steam Whistles, Brass Globe Valves, Scotch Glass Tubes, Boiler Pumps. Stock Plates and Dies, Tapps, Ratchet Drills, Low Water Detectors

E. H. ASHCROFT, 82 Sudbury St., Boston, Mass.

### Offices To Let.

With all the modern improvements, splendid light and ventilization, suitable for Banks, Bankers, Brokers, Merchants, Lawyers, Railway, Insurance, and other companies, in Buildings Nos. 38, 89, 40, 42, 57, 64, 66, 69, 71, 78, 79, and 80 Broadway.

Nos. 5, 7, 17, 19, 34, 36, 49 and 53 New street, all near Wall street, and Nos. 55 and 57 Exchange

Apply at the Office of

EDWARD MATTHEWS, No. 19 Broad St., cor. Exchange Place.

## Francis & Loutrel,

STATIONERS AND PRINTERS, 45 MAIDEN LANE.

All kinds of Blank Books, Diaries, Paper and Sta-tionery.

## Bankers, Merchants,

And others should send by the

HARNDEN EXPRESS, 65 Broad way,
as they have unsurpassed facilities for the rapid and
safe forwarding of
GOLD SILVER, JEWELRY, & MERCHANDISE
of every description. Also for the collection of notes
drafts and bills, bills accompanying goods, etc.